Bath & North East Somerset Council

Improving People's Lives

Cabinet

Date: Thursday 10th July 2025

Time: 6.30 pm

Venue: Council Chamber - Guildhall, Bath

Agenda

To: All Members of the Cabinet

Councillor Kevin Guy (Leader of the Council, LD Group Leader, Member Advocate for Armed Forces and Veterans), Councillor Alison Born (Cabinet Member for Adult Services), Councillor Mark Elliott (Deputy Council Leader (non-statutory) and Cabinet Member for Resources), Councillor Joel Hirst (Cabinet Member for Sustainable Transport Strategy), Councillor Lucy Hodge (Cabinet Member for Sustainable Transport Delivery), Councillor Paul May (Cabinet Member for Children's Services), Councillor Matt McCabe (Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development), Councillor Manda Rigby (Cabinet Member for Communications and Community), Councillor Paul Roper (Cabinet Member for Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development) and Councillor Sarah Warren (Deputy Council Leader (statutory) and Cabinet Member for Sustainable Bath and North East Somerset)

Chief Executive and other appropriate officers Press and Public

The agenda is set out overleaf.



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NOTES:

1. **Inspection of Papers:** Papers are available for inspection as follows:

Council's website: https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ieDocHome.aspx?bcr=1

2. **Details of decisions taken at this meeting** can be found in the minutes which will be circulated with the agenda for the next meeting. In the meantime, details can be obtained by contacting as above.

3. Recording at Meetings

The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014 now allows filming and recording by anyone attending a meeting. This is not within the Council's control. Some of our meetings are webcast. At the start of the meeting, the Chair will confirm if all or part of the meeting is to be filmed. If you would prefer not to be filmed for the webcast, please make yourself known to the camera operators. We request that those filming/recording meetings avoid filming public seating areas, children, vulnerable people etc; however, the Council cannot guarantee this will happen.

The Council will broadcast the images and sounds live via the internet www.bathnes.gov.uk/webcast. The Council may also use the images/sound recordings on its social media site or share with other organisations, such as broadcasters.

4. Public Speaking at Meetings

The Council has a scheme to encourage the public to make their views known at meetings. They may make a statement relevant to what the meeting has power to do. They may also present a petition on behalf of a group.

Advance notice is required not less than two full working days before the meeting. This means that for meetings held on Thursdays notice must be received in Democratic Services by 5.00pm the previous Monday.

Further details of the scheme can be found at:

https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ecCatDisplay.aspx?sch=doc&cat=12942

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6. Supplementary information for meetings

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https://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/ecCatDisplay.aspx?sch=doc&cat=13505

Cabinet - Thursday 10th July 2025

in the Council Chamber - Guildhall, Bath

AGENDA

- WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS
- 2. EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Democratic Services Officer will read out the emergency evacuation procedure as set out in the notes.

- APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE
- DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

At this point in the meeting declarations of interest are received from Members in any of the agenda items under consideration at the meeting. Members are asked to indicate:

- (a) The agenda item number in which they have an interest to declare.
- (b) The nature of their interest.
- (c) Whether their interest is a disclosable pecuniary interest or an other interest, (as defined in Part 4.4 Appendix B of the Code of Conduct and Rules for Registration of Interests)

Any Member who needs to clarify any matters relating to the declaration of interests is recommended to seek advice from the Council's Monitoring Officer or a member of his staff before the meeting to expedite dealing with the item during the meeting.

- 5. TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR
- 6. QUESTIONS FROM PUBLIC AND COUNCILLORS

Questions submitted before the deadline will receive a reply from an appropriate Cabinet member or an undertaking to respond within 5 working days of the meeting. Councillors may ask one supplementary question for each question they submit, up to a maximum of two per Councillor.

7. STATEMENTS OR PETITIONS FROM PUBLIC OR COUNCILLORS

Councillors and members of the public may register their intention to make a statement if they notify the subject matter of their statement before the deadline. Statements are limited to 3 minutes each. The speaker may then be asked by Cabinet members to answer factual questions arising out of their statement.

8. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS CABINET MEETING - 20TH MAY 2025 (Pages 5 - 10)

To be confirmed as a correct record and signed by the Chair.

9. CONSIDERATION OF SINGLE MEMBER ITEMS REQUISITIONED TO CABINET

This is a standard agenda item, to cover any reports originally placed on the Weekly List for single Member decision making, which have subsequently been the subject of a Cabinet Member requisition to the full Cabinet, under the Council's procedural rules.

MATTERS REFERRED BY POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND SCRUTINY BODIES

This is a standing agenda item (Constitution rule 3.3.14) for matters referred by Policy Development and Scrutiny bodies. The Chair of the relevant Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel will have the right to attend and to introduce the Panel's recommendations to Cabinet.

 SINGLE MEMBER CABINET DECISIONS TAKEN SINCE PREVIOUS CABINET MEETING (Pages 11 - 14)

To note the list of Cabinet Single Member decisions taken and published since the last Cabinet meeting (no debate).

12. YOUTH JUSTICE PLAN 2024-26 - REFRESH (Pages 15 - 90)

The Local Authority has a statutory duty, in partnership with Health, Police and Probation Services, to produce a Youth Justice Plan. The Plan sets out how services will be organised and funded and what functions will be carried out to prevent youth offending and re-offending across Bath and North East Somerset. Once approved, the Plan is submitted to the national Youth Justice Board.

13. REVENUE AND CAPITAL OUTTURN REPORT 2024-25 (Pages 91 - 138)

The report provides information about the Council's financial performance against its revenue and capital budgets in 2024-25.

14. REVENUE & CAPITAL BUDGET MONITORING, CASH LIMITS AND VIREMENTS – APRIL TO JUNE 2025 (Pages 139 - 176)

The report presents an overview of services across the Authority with the highest risk of financial pressure or upside for the 2025/26 financial year, using information available up to the end of June 2025.

15. TREASURY MANAGEMENT OUTTURN REPORT 2024-25 (Pages 177 - 200)

Treasury risk management is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2021 Edition (the CIPFA Code). The report sets out details of performance against the Council's Treasury Management Strategy for 2024/25.

The Democratic Services Officer for this meeting is Marie Todd who can be contacted on 01225 394414.

Agenda Item 8

BATH AND NORTH EAST SOMERSET

CABINET

Tuesday 20th May 2025

These minutes are draft until confirmed as a correct record at the next meeting.

Present:

Councillor Kevin Guy Leader of the Council, LD Group Leader, Member

Advocate for Armed Forces and Veterans

Councillor Tim Ball Cabinet Member for Neighbourhood Services

Councillor Alison Born Cabinet Member for Adult Services
Councillor Mark Elliott Cabinet Member for Resources

Councillor Paul May Cabinet Member for Children's Services

Councillor Matt McCabe Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and

Sustainable Development

Councillor Manda Rigby Cabinet Member for Highways

Councillor Paul Roper Cabinet Member for Economic and Cultural Sustainable

Development

Councillor Sarah Warren Deputy Council Leader (statutory) and Cabinet Member

for Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel

96 WELCOME AND INTRODUCTIONS

The Chair welcomed everyone to the meeting.

97 EMERGENCY EVACUATION PROCEDURE

The Senior Democratic Services Officer read out the emergency evacuation procedure.

98 APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Cllr Dave Wood.

99 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

There were no declarations of interest.

100 TO ANNOUNCE ANY URGENT BUSINESS AGREED BY THE CHAIR

There was no urgent business.

101 QUESTIONS FROM PUBLIC AND COUNCILLORS

There were 11 questions from Councillors and 21 questions from members of the public.

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[Copies of the questions and responses, including supplementary questions and responses if any, have been placed on the Minute book as Appendix 1 and are available on the Council's website.]

102 STATEMENTS OR PETITIONS FROM PUBLIC OR COUNCILLORS

Members of the public and Councillors made statements as follows:

- David Redgewell Public Transport Network. Mr Redgewell stressed the need for a review of the bus network, with public consultation. He pointed out that there are still villages that do not have a bus service. He also highlighted problems with the cleanliness of the Bath bus station.
- Guy Simpson Road Safety Improvements Macaulay Buildings, Widcombe Hill (copy attached as an appendix to these minutes)
- Cllr Jess David Financial Pressure on Leaseholders (copy attached as an appendix to these minutes)
- Cllr Fiona Gourley Heritage Lottery Funding for the Fashion Museum (copy attached as an appendix to these minutes)

103 MINUTES OF PREVIOUS CABINET MEETING - 13TH MARCH 2025

RESOLVED that the minutes of the meeting held on Thursday 13th March 2025 be confirmed as a correct record and signed by the Chair.

104 CONSIDERATION OF SINGLE MEMBER ITEMS REQUISITIONED TO CABINET

No single member items were requisitioned to Cabinet.

105 MATTERS REFERRED BY POLICY DEVELOPMENT AND SCRUTINY BODIES

No matters were referred by Policy Development and Scrutiny Panels.

106 SINGLE MEMBER CABINET DECISIONS TAKEN SINCE PREVIOUS CABINET MEETING

The Cabinet agreed to note the report.

107 CORPORATE STRATEGY 2023-2027 - END OF YEAR REVIEW FOR 2024-2025

Cllr Mark Elliott, Cabinet Member for Resources, introduced the report, moved the officer recommendation and made the following points:

- This is the first time we have integrated the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) into the annual report.
- There is a need for regular review and refinement of the KPIs. Cllr Elliott stated that it would be important to dedicate some time to this and that he would welcome the involvement of the Corporate PDS Panel in this process.
- The report demonstrates transparency, even where indicators are negative.
- The Council is making efforts to influence outcomes through partnerships and lobbying.

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 Cllr Elliott gave the following examples of ways in which the Council is delivering for residents:

Housing:

- 712 net new homes have been completed (40% increase).
- Progress on brownfield developments such as Bath Quays North and Western Riverside.
- 18 new social-rent apartments at Argyle Works.
- 16 supported-living units at Englishcombe Lane.
- Emphasis on energy-efficient housing as a social good.

Environment & Cleanliness:

- Recycling and recovery rates are above 94%.
- £1 million has been invested in Neighbourhood Services.
- Initiatives: chewing-gum task force, red reusable recycling bags.
- Fast-response street teams funded with an extra £1/4 million.

Transport & Infrastructure:

- Park & Ride hours extended to 23:30 backed by obtaining the 2nd highest customer satisfaction among 96 local authorities.
- Over 200 transport schemes are now tracked in real time by the Transport Action Map.
- Roadworks: 103,000 m² of carriageway has been resurfaced, and 5,000+ potholes have been repaired.
- Serious injury collisions have decreased.

Children & Young People:

- The Early Years attainment gap has reduced from 39% to 32%.
- There has been an 80% increase in stepped-down child protection plans.
- Ofsted and HM Inspectorate of Probation have praised Children's Services and the Youth Justice Service.

Public Health:

• The Community Wellbeing Hub unites 37 partners and has supported 15,000 residents.

Climate & Nature:

- £1.5 million Climate Action Fund grant has been secured.
- There has been a 50% increase in renewable energy capacity.
- An 80-MW renewable energy pipeline is coming.
- 23 ha of grassland has been restored through tree and meadow projects.
- Initiatives: heat-pump installations, estate decarbonisation, electric fleet roadmap.

Jobs & Skills:

- The median wage rose by 4% to £40,218 (above national/regional averages).
- 115 residents moved into work via the Employment & Skills Pod with 77 residents now earning a Real Living Wage.
- 70 staff were upskilled, and 14 unemployed learners are now in fulltime jobs.
- The Council has promoted the Good Employment Charter.

Culture & Tourism:

- The Roman Baths have received over 1 million visitors and returned a record surplus to the Council.
- Six heritage sites won regional awards.

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 Bath Christmas Market generated a £41.5 million turnover and supported over 500 jobs.

Listening to Residents

- 30 public meetings/events have been held.
- 10,600 responses have been received across 30 online consultations.
- £1/4 million has been invested in a new customer contact system.
- Although the resident engagement indicator has dropped from 20% to 11% there are plans to trial new communication and engagement methods.
- It is acknowledged that there will be disagreements, but the administration remains committed to participation.

Overall, the report sets out the progress the council is making against the corporate strategy and its core aim of improving people's lives.

Cllr Alison Born seconded the motion and noted that the report is about clarity, transparency and accountability. She stated that it is helpful to reflect on achievements but also to identify the areas where more work is needed. The report gives an open account of where we are and what we do, ensuring accountability to residents.

Cllr Sarah Warren welcomed the new style end of year review report. She noted that emissions of both carbon dioxide and nitrogen dioxide are heading downwards, and that B&NES is recognised as a leading council in this field. In 2019 a very challenging target relating to net zero was set but more support is needed from national government to come close to achieving this. Cllr Warren pointed out that we were part of the Western Forest consortium who bid successfully to become the government's first new national forest. This project aims to create 2500 hectares of new woodlands and other habitats across Bath and North East Somerset over the next five years.

RESOLVED (unanimously):

- (1) To note the progress in delivering the Corporate Strategy during 2024-25 as set out in Appendix 1 of the report.
- (2) To approve the indicator set commentary on performance.

108 RULE 3.5.15 - COMBINED CITY OF BATH AND GREAT SPA TOWNS OF EUROPE WORLD HERITAGE SITES MANAGEMENT PLAN (2024-2030)

Cllr Matt McCabe introduced the report, moved the officer recommendation and made the following points:

- The document has been prepared by the World Heritage Site (WHS) Advisory Board, supported by the Council and Cabinet, following a public consultation process.
- Cllr McCabe praised the expertise of the Advisory Board, chaired by Professor Marion Harney and supported by WHS Manager Adrian Neilson.
- Bath is of outstanding value as a UNESCO World Heritage Site with global significance.
- This is the first combined management plan and covers both the City of Bath and the Great Spa Towns of Europe inscriptions.

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- Climate change is now a headline priority along with Development Management, Public Realm, Traffic, Transport and Mobility, Promotion, Interpretation, Inclusion and Presentation, Natural Setting and Nature Recovery.
- This is the first time that UNESCO/ICOMOS were consulted as key stakeholders which represents a closer working relationship.
- This is the most participative review to date, involving the Advisory Board and Management Plan Steering Group over one and a half years.
- This is the first Bath WHS plan to be fully online, allowing for real-time updates and adaptability.
- The document is written in plain English to be more inclusive and uses local photography rather than stock images.
- The document sets out a clear, collaborative vision for Bath's future.

Cllr Paul Roper seconded the motion, thanked those people who have been involved in producing the document and noted that there had been nearly 400 responses to the consultation. He acknowledged those people who, in the past, had recognised the value of Bath's architecture and had worked hard to protect it. The double inscription held by Bath is one of only 22 in the world.

RESOLVED (unanimously)

To endorse the Combined City of Bath and Great Spa Towns of Europe World Heritage Sites Management Plan (2024-2030) following Cabinet endorsement on 14 November 2024 for an 8-week public engagement/consultation between December 2024 and January 2025.

109 HIGHWAYS SERVICE OVERVIEW (PRESENTATION)

Cllr Manda Rigby, Cabinet Member for Highways, introduced Chris Major, Director of Place Management. He then gave a presentation regarding the work of the Highways, Traffic and Passenger Transport Service.

The presentation covered the following issues:

- The different services provided Highways Maintenance and Drainage, Design and Projects, Traffic Management and Network, Parking Services and Passenger Transport.
- Links to the Corporate Plan and Council Vision.
- · Working with Councillors to deliver priorities.
- How the Service listens to residents, including the National Highways and Transport Satisfaction Survey.
- Increasing investment in Highways, Transport, Planning and Economic Development.
- Delivery of major projects such as the Cleveland Bridge repairs and monitoring.
- Improving Road Safety.
- The award-winning contract Clutton Depot Redevelopment.
- Ongoing challenges, including the declining condition of national roads and harsh weather events.
- The effects of climate change.

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• Looking ahead to future priorities including increasing investment in highway and footway maintenance.

A copy of the presentation slides is attached as an appendix to these minutes.

Cllr Manda Rigby thanked Chris Major and his team for their hard work in providing this excellent service.

110 CLLR TIM BALL

The Chair informed members that this would be Cllr Tim Ball's last Cabinet meeting as he is stepping down from his current role. He thanked Cllr Ball for the valuable work he has undertaken as a Cabinet Member over several years.

| The meeting ended at 7.45 pm |
|---------------------------------|
| Chair |
| Date Confirmed and Signed |
| Prenared by Democratic Services |

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Bath & North East Somerset Council

Cabinet Single-Member Decisions and Responses to Recommendations from PDS Panels

published from 13th May until 1st July 2025

Further details of each decision can be seen on the Council's Single-member Decision Register at http://democracy.bathnes.gov.uk/mgDelegatedDecisions.aspx?&dm=3

High Littleton and Hallatrow Neighbourhood Development Plan

Following the successful examination and passing the community referendum, this decision was to make and bring into force the High Littleton and Hallatrow Neighbourhood Development Plan, so that it will be used by the Local Planning Authority to help determine planning applications within the Neighbourhood Area.

Decision Maker: Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable

Development

Decision published: 16/06/2025 **Effective from:** 24/06/2025

Decision:

The Cabinet Member agrees to make and bring into force the High Littletonand HallatrowNeighbourhood DevelopmentPlan, aspart of the Development Plan for the High Littleton and Hallatrow Neighbourhood Area.

Wards affected: High Littleton Lead officer: Richard Daone

Co-Living Position Statement

Co-living is a relatively new model of housing with no standard definition in national policy. It is acknowledged that there is currently the potential for an inconsistent approach to Co-Living planning applications without formal, visible guidance on the issue. Therefore, we have produced an interim Position Statement which will clarify the Local Plan policies the Council will consider when assessing planning applications for co-living proposals, and how they will be applied. This Single member Decision seeks approval of the Co-Living position Statement.

Decision Maker: Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable

Development

Decision published: 10/06/2025 **Effective from:** 18/06/2025

Decision:

To approve the Co-Living Position Statement.

Wards affected: All Wards Lead officer: Richard Daone

Re-provide a Recycling Centre for Bath in Locksbrook Road to enable Midland Road Recycling Centre to close and housing development to commence on the site

Planning permission has been granted for 24/03168/REG03 to construct a Recycling Centre (RC) in Locksbrook Road on the site of the Cleansing Yard and The Old Coal Yard to replace the existing site at Midland Rd which will close in 2026 for redevelopment. In order to commence construction of Bath RC, Cleansing Services will move out of this site to the Transport Depot also in Locksbrook Road. This site is currently not fit for purpose and requires remodelling and refurbishment.

Decision Maker: Cabinet Member for Neighbourhood Services

Decision published: 19/05/2025 **Effective from:** 28/05/2025

Decision:

- 1. To approve a capital budget allocation of £4.554m for construction of a new Recycling Centre in Locksbrook Road on the site of the existing Cleansing Yard and the adjacent 'Old Coal Yard' site.
- 2. To approve a capital budget allocation of £5.543m to refurbish the Locksbrook Road Transport Depot units 1 and 2 to provide fit for purpose facilities for SENDPT Service who remain on this leased site in unit 2 and Cleansing Services who will relocate to unit 1 on this site; and this includes a virement from the Pixash Site Redevelopment budget, of £1.4m. In addition, the abortive cost of £58k from alternative site proposals to revert to revenue.
- 3. To delegate power to officers to appoint contractors and all other matters relating to project delivery and implementation of decisions 1 and 2 above.

Wards affected: Newbridge Lead officer: Simon Porter

Somer Valley Enterprise Zone (SVEZ) Additional Investment Fund Funding

To accept £9.3m of WECA Investment Fund grant into the SVEZ capital programme.

Decision Maker: Cabinet Member for Economic and Cultural Sustainable

Development

Decision published: 07/05/2025

Effective from: 15/05/2025

Decision:

- (1) To increase the provisional capital programme item for the Somer Valley Enterprise Zone from £2.6m to £11.9m to incorporate the additional £9.3m external funding from WECA.
- (2) To delegate authority to the Director of Capital and Housing Delivery in consultation with the S151 Officer to:
- (i) Make variations to funding agreements via the Change Request procedure.
- (ii) Move provisional capital approval to full approval upon entry to funding agreements and commitment to proceed on expenditure.

Wards affected: Paulton Lead officer: Ellie Wintrup

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| Bath & North East Somerset Council | | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| MEETING/ DECISION MAKER: | Cabinet | | | | |
| MEETING/ | | EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE: | | | |
| DECISION DATE: | 10 th July 2025 | E 3612 | | | |
| TITLE: | Youth Justice Plan 2024 to 2026 – Refresh for 2025 to 2026 | | | | |
| WARD: | All | | | | |
| AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM | | | | | |
| List of attachments to this report: | | | | | |
| Appendix 1 - Youth Justice Plan 2024 to 2026 – Refresh for 2025 to 2026 | | | | | |
| Appendix 2 – Equality Impact Assessment | | | | | |

1 THE ISSUE

1.1 The Local Authority has a statutory duty, in partnership with Health, Police and Probation, to produce a Youth Justice Plan. The Plan sets out how services are to be organised and funded and what functions will be carried out to prevent youth offending and re-offending across Bath and North East Somerset. The Plan is presented to the Children, Adults, Health and Wellbeing Policy, Development and Scrutiny Panel and to Cabinet and Council for approval. A final version is then submitted to the national Youth Justice Board (YJB).

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet is asked to:

2.1 Recommend approval of the Youth Justice Plan to full Council.

3 THE REPORT

- 3.1 The principal, statutory aim of the youth justice system is to prevent youth offending by 10–17 year olds. The Youth Justice Plan includes the latest performance indicators for work with children at risk of offending and reoffending and sets out how services will be resourced and delivered in 2024 to 2026.
- 3.2 Actions in the work plan will help to make Bath and North East Somerset a safer place and support children to lead crime-free lives with better prospects for their futures. This includes working with the Violence Reduction Partnership to address knife crime and other serious violence.

Printed on recycled paper Page 15

3.3 The Youth Justice Plan 2024 to 2026 – Refreshed for 2025 to 2026 is attached as an appendix to this report. The report reviews progress over the last year and sets out strategic priorities for the coming year.

4 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

- 4.1 Preparation of a Youth Justice Plan is required under S.40 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998. The national Youth Justice Board for England and Wales has published guidelines for its completion and submission.
- 4.2 The Council is the lead partner in meeting the statutory requirement under S.39 of the same legislation, to establish a multi-agency team made up of members from Police, Children's Social Care, Education, Probation and Health, to prevent youth offending. Work with children at risk of offending or re-offending takes full account of their status as children and prioritises safeguarding them within their local communities as well as in their family settings.
- 4.3 By virtue of the Local Authorities (functions and responsibilities) (England) regulations 2000 (as amended) certain plans and strategies, which together make up the Council's budgetary and policy framework, must be approved by full Council, as reflected in the Council's constitution. These include the Youth Justice Plan.
- 4.4 The constitution requires that the Executive's proposals in relation to any such policy, plan or strategy be submitted to full Council and that, in reaching a decision, the Council may adopt the Executive's proposals, amend them, refer them back to the Executive for consideration or, in principle, submit its own proposals in their place.

5 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

- 5.1 The above statutory partners share responsibility for resourcing the Youth Justice Service with staff and financial contributions. The Council continues to make the greatest contribution, together with significant in-kind support including access to buildings and finance, IT and human resources support. The refreshed Youth Justice Plan outlines the contribution from all partners.
- 5.2 Submission of a Youth Justice Plan and quarterly data returns are conditions for receipt of the Youth Justice Board grant. This includes reporting on ten new key performance indicators and the introduction of a new oversight framework.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 6.1 A risk assessment related to the issue and recommendations has been undertaken, in compliance with the Council's decision making risk management guidance.
- 6.2 A summary of challenges and risks is contained within the Youth Justice Plan.

7 EQUALITIES

7.1 An Equalities Impact Assessment has been undertaken and has confirmed workstreams already identified within the Youth Justice Plan including addressing disproportionality amongst children from minority ethnic backgrounds and children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities.

8 CLIMATE CHANGE

8.1 To improve climate change, the service minimises travel where possible, sometime using online meetings with colleagues where appropriate. Staff also have use of the pool cars when completing longer journeys and use public transport where possible.

9 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

9.1 None

10 CONSULTATION

- 10.1 This report has been shared with the Section 151 Officer and approved by the Monitoring Officer.
- 10.2 The Youth Justice Plan draws on feedback from children, parents and carers who worked with the Youth Justice Service during 2025/25.
- 10.3 The Plan has been approved by the Youth Justice Partnership Board and members of the Youth Justice Service itself.

| Contact person | Carla Cooper, Interim Head of Young People's Prevention Service | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Carla_cooper@bathnes.gov.uk | | | |
| | Mobile: 07980 998895 | | | |
| Background papers | None | | | |
| Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an | | | | |

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format

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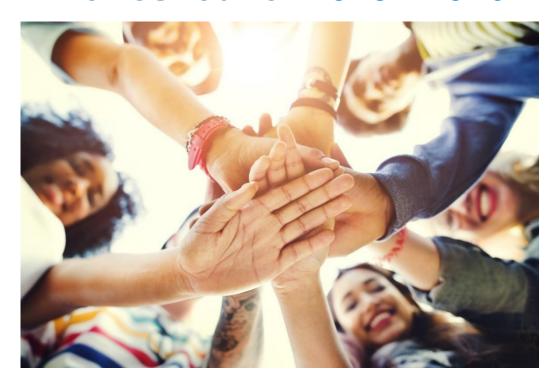




Bath and North East Somerset

YOUTH JUSTICE PLAN 2024 – 2026

Refreshed for 2025 - 2026



Working in Partnership to achieve Child First Justice

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1. Introduction, Vision, Strategy and Local Context

Introduction

Welcome to the Youth Justice Strategic Plan for Bath and North East Somerset Youth Justice Service for 2024 - 2026. The plan was initially written in April 2024 as a two-year plan. To meet the Youth Justice Board requirements regarding Youth Justice Plans, it has been updated and refreshed for 2025 – 2026.

The plan sets out the direction of travel and key priorities for the service and partnership for 2024 to 2026, as required by the Crime & Disorder Act 1998.

This Plan adheres to the Youth Justice Board's 'document 'Youth Justice Plans: Guidance for Youth Justice Services'.

The Plan has been developed under the guidance of the Bath and North East Somerset (B&NES) Youth Justice Service (YJS) Partnership Board, in consultation with YJS Team Members, and considering feedback from B&NES YJS service users. The progress of the plan will be monitored by the YJS Partnership Board throughout the year ahead.

The Youth Justice Plan:

- summarises the YJS structure, governance, and partnership arrangements.
- outlines the resources available to the YJS.
- reviews achievements and developments during 2024 2025.
- identifies emerging issues and describes the partnership's priorities.
- sets out our priorities and actions for improving youth justice outcomes in the next two years.

Vision and Strategy

The Vision and Commitment for B&NES Youth Justice Partnership is:

"Working in Partnership to achieve Child First Justice"

This means that:

- We work together to create a youth justice system that sees children as children.
- We prioritise the best interests and well-being of children and victims of crime.
- We aim to understand the individual needs, vulnerabilities, abilities, rights, and potential of children and victims.
- We work together to build on children's individual strengths and capabilities to help them achieve their full potential.
- We support children to develop an identity away from offending, leading to safer communities with fewer victims.
- We collaborate with children and their parents/carers to hear and learn from their views.
- We recognise that some children are over-represented in the justice system, especially children from minority ethnic backgrounds and children with special educational needs. We work in partnership to reduce this disproportionality.
- We work to prevent children from entering the formal justice system.

B&NES YJS vision also includes a commitment to being an anti-racist service. The vision is:

B&NES Youth Justice Service Anti-Racism Vision

- > To commit to being an anti-racist service.
- To uphold social justice and challenge inequality and racism in the actions of individuals, in services and in society.
- To value and celebrate diversity and promote equality of opportunity.

B&NES Council is the lead partner in the multi-agency response to children at risk of offending. Its Corporate Strategy¹ sets out an overarching purpose to 'IMPROVE PEOPLE'S LIVES.' The joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy for BANES² has a vision for 2030 which sets out four priorities to help people have the best start in life, live well in caring, compassionate communities, and make it easier for people to live physically and emotionally healthy lives.

The four priorities are to ensure that children and young people are healthy and ready for learning and education; to improve skills, good work and employment; to strengthen compassionate and healthy communities and to create health promoting places.

The Youth Justice Board's key objectives are in line with local ambitions, and they are to:

- Reduce the number of children in the youth justice system.
- Reduce re-offending by children in the youth justice system.
- Improve the safety and wellbeing of children in the youth justice system.
- Improve outcomes for children in the youth justice system.

Local Context

B&NES YJS is a statutory partnership between B&NES Council, Avon and Somerset Police, the Probation Service and NHS Bath, Swindon, and Wiltshire (BSW) Integrated Care Board (ICB).

The YJS works in partnership to prevent children entering the youth justice system, through the Compass Service. The YJS also works with children who have come to the attention of the police and are being dealt with for offending behaviour. We work with children and their parents and carers, to understand their needs and risks, and to help them make positive changes in their lives.

We contact all victims of crimes committed by the children we work with to offer them the chance to take part in restorative justice, so we can help repair the harm they have experienced.

B&NES local authority covers the City of Bath and the more rural communities in North East Somerset, including Radstock, Midsomer Norton, Chew Valley and Keynsham.

In mid-2023, the population of B&NES is estimated at **199,818**. The 10-17-year-old resident population estimate for mid-2023 is **17,578** (8.8% of the total population). ³

The following information provides demographic information about children aged 10 - 17 years living in B&NES:

¹ https://beta.bathnes.gov.uk/document-and-policy-library/corporate-strategy-2023-2027

² https://beta.bathnes.gov.uk/document-and-policy-library/joint-health-and-wellbeing-strategy

³ Population estimates for England and Wales Mid-2023

https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/populationandmigration/populationestimates/bulletins/populationestimates/orenglandandwales/mid2023

Gender

Males – 8,964 (51%)
Females – 8,614 (49%)

Ethnicity

White population is c.14,960 for the 10-17 age group as at the time of the 2021 Census (March 2021). This represents 90.7% of the entire 10–17-year-old population (c.16,495). Therefore, the **non-White population percentage is 9.3%**. This includes:

Asian - c.465, Black - c.90, Mixed - c.920, Other - ** 4

Poverty

After Housing Costs, relative poverty for B&NES is 19.3% 2022/23. In England it is 30.0%.5

Free School Meals

The number of pupils eligible for Free School Meals (FSM) has increased in B&NES and nationally. In all state funded schools in B&NES, the number of pupils eligible for FSMs has more than doubled from 2,199 (8%) in 2015/16 to 4,737 (17%) in 2023/24. Nationally the percentage was 14% in 2015/16 and 25% in 2023/24.

The FSM attainment gap is higher in B&NES compared to national at all stages of education and has been for a number of years.⁶

Special Educational Needs (SEN)

Since the SEND reforms started to be implemented in 2014/15, there has been a year-onyear increase in the number of children and young people with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP).

The annual growth rate is higher in B&NES than regionally and nationally at (12%) between 2014 and 2024 compared to 9% and 10% respectively.

In January 2024, there were 2,230 children and young people with an EHCP maintained by B&NES Council. This is over three times (3.1) the number of Statements in 2014 (718).⁷

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⁴ 2021 Census (ONS)

⁵ Local Child Poverty statistics 2024

https://endchildpoverty.org.uk/child-poverty-2024/

⁶ Strategic Evidence base, Educational attainment

https://www.bathnes.gov.uk/strategic-evidence/document-library/educational-attainment

⁷ Education, health and care plans

School Exclusions and Persistent Absence

Suspensions have continued to increase locally and nationally with the rate in B&NES being similar to that in England in 2022 - 2023 (9.3%).

Suspensions in the FSM eligible cohort and the SEN with EHCP cohort continue to be higher than national in B&NES (FSM B&NES 28%, FSM England 22%; SEN with EHCP B&NES 36%, SEN with EHCP England 22%). In 2022 - 2023, the highest suspension rates were seen in Mixed and White classified pupils in both B&NES and England.

Permanent exclusions increased notably in B&NES in 2022 - 2023 and are higher than the national rate. The number of permanent exclusions in 2021 - 2022 was 13 and increased to 39 in 2022 - 2023. Thirty-six of the 39 permanent exclusions were in secondary schools. Permanent exclusions also increased in the FSM eligible cohort and SEN Support cohort in B&NES as well as England.⁸

Persistent absence is notably higher since the Covid pandemic in both B&NES and England. However, the rate in B&NES (23.4%) continues to be below national levels, England (26.5%) in secondary schools in 2022 - 2023).9

Participation & Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET)

The participation rate in April 2025 in B&NES for 16–17-year-olds is 94.4%, higher than the national rate (91.8%) and the South West (90.4%).

The NEET rate at the end of 2023 for 16–17-year-olds known to be 'Not in Education, Employment or Training' in B&NES is 2.7% and is lower than the national rate (3.7%) and the South West (3.9%).

The rate of 16–17-year-olds whose activity is not known in B&NES is 0.9% which is lower than the national rate (1.7%) and the South West (2.2%).

Social Care

There were 218 Children Looked After by B&NES Local Authority as at the 31st March 2024. This is a rate of 59.8 per 10,000 children aged under 18 years. There were 705 Open Child in Need plans. ¹⁰

There were 141 Children on a Child protection plan as at 31st March 2024.11

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⁸ Permanent exclusions and suspensions in England

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/suspensions-and-permanent-exclusions-in-england-2022-to-2023

⁹ Pupil absence in England

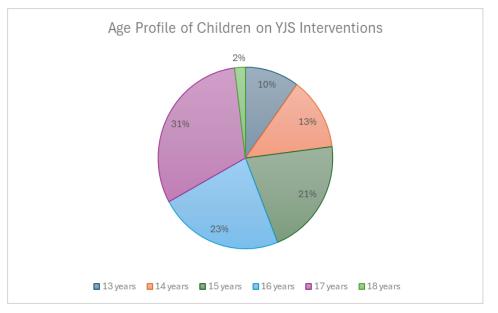
https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/find-statistics/pupil-absence-in-schools-in-england/2022-23

¹⁰ Internal - CYP Directorate Dashboard 31st March 2024

¹¹ Children in need statistics 2024

https://explore-education-statistics.service.gov.uk/find-statistics/children-in-need/2024

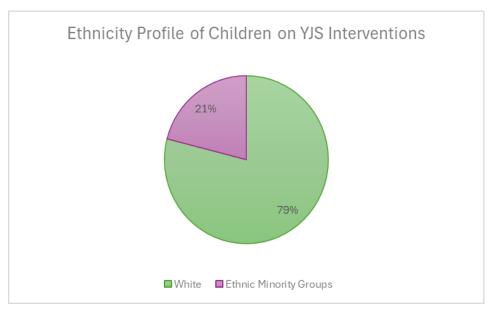
The profile of children working with the Youth Justice Service in 2024 - 2025 is as follows:



38% had Substance Misuse Needs of either Tier 2 or Tier 3

52% had Emotional and Mental Health needs - all non acute

56% had a disability such as ADHD and Autism

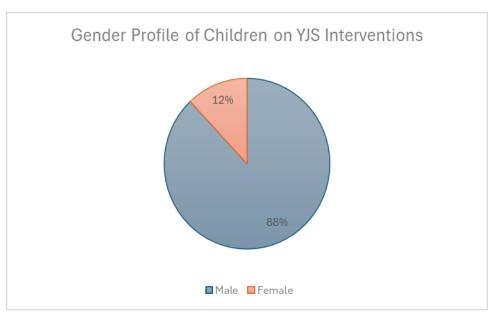


79% had Learning Needs -EHCP, SEND or Individual Development Plan

15% were Children Looked After

25% were Children in Need

6% were on Child Protection Plans



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2. Governance, Leadership and Partnership Arrangements

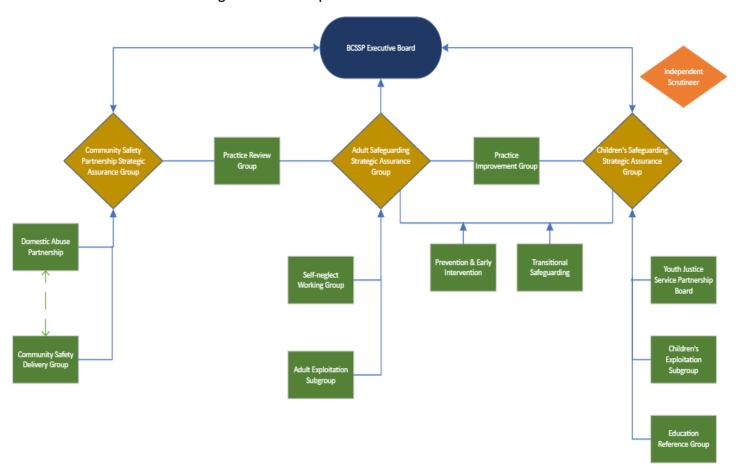
Governance

The Youth Justice Service is based within the Local Authority, with the Chief Executive holding lead responsibility and management resting within Children's Services as part of the wider Operations Directorate.

The Head of Service reports to the Director of Children and Education and is a member of the Children and Young People's Service Management Group. The Head of Service also holds responsibility for the Violence Reduction Partnership and for some aspects of the Local Authority's early help agenda and delivery, including use of Early Help Assessments.

The Cabinet Member for Children's Services presents the Plan to the Cabinet and Full Council for their authorisation. The Plan is also presented to the Children, Adults, Health and Wellbeing Policy Development and Scrutiny Panel. The Youth Justice Partnership Board also reports annually to the Health and Wellbeing Board, contributing to the outcome 'children and young people are safe from crime.'

Multi-agency strategic oversight of Youth Justice Services is provided at a number of levels. Its dedicated Partnership Board operates as a sub-group of the B&NES Community Safety and Safeguarding Partnership (BCSSP)¹². This partnership embraces the functions of the previous Local Children's Safeguarding Board, Adult Safeguarding Board and Community Safety Partnership, recognising their shared responsibilities and interfaces. It operates across all ages, being well placed to address the challenges of transition, and encourages a focus on families and communities. The diagram below represents the BCSSP structure:

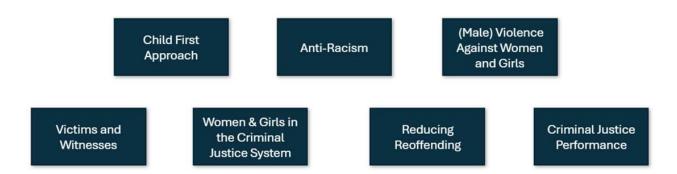


¹² B&NES Community Safety and Safeguarding Partnership https://bcssp.bathnes.gov.uk/

The Youth Justice Service is represented at the Local Criminal Justice Board and Reducing Re-offending Board and the priorities of these partnerships cross reference and overlap with local plans.

The proposed priorities for the Local Criminal Justice Board in 2025 – 2027 are:

Proposed Priorities:



The priority for children on the Reducing Re-offending Board is:

To maximise alternative sentencing and use of restorative opportunities to build confidence in and educate sentencers to make a meaningful impact on behaviours to reduce reoffending. Recognising the value of Out of Court Resolutions to prevent entering the CJS in the first place, to intervene as required and offer diversions which will protect communities and enhance cohesion.

Leadership

The work of the B&NES YJS is managed strategically by a Partnership Board.

The YJS Partnership Board consists of senior representatives of the Statutory partner organisations, together with other relevant local partners.

Membership:

- » Chair: Director of Children' Services and Education, B&NES Council
- » Deputy Chair: Director of Education and Safeguarding, B&NES Council
- » Health: Director, Learning Disabilities, Autism and Neurodivergence, Children and Young People and Combined Place Team, BSW ICB, B&NES, Swindon and Wiltshire ICB
- » Health: Regional Director, HCRG Care Group
- » Police: Chief Inspector, Avon and Somerset Police
- » Probation: Head of Bath and North Somerset PDU
- » Council: Lead Member for Children and Young People
- » Youth Bench: Chair of Avon and Somerset Youth Panel
- » College: Principal and CEO of Bath College
- » Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service: Service Manager
- » Youth Justice Board for England and Wales: South West Oversight Manager

- » Finance; Group Accountant
- » YJS: Operational Manager and Business and Performance Manager
- » Police: Force Tactical Lead for Out of Court Resolutions
- » Housing: Director of Tenancy Management and Compliance

All new members of the Board attend an induction session to introduce them into the work of the Youth Justice Service and their responsibilities as members of the Board.

The YJS Partnership Board receives regular activity and performance reports on key areas of service delivery including Ethnic Disproportionality, Victims, Out of Court Resolutions, Policing, Speech and Language Therapy, Nursing, Education, the Compass prevention service, Harmful Sexual Behaviour and the Enhanced Case Management initiative. The YJS Partnership Board maintains and reviews Challenge and Risk Registers.

The YJS Partnership Board has four Board Meetings per year and an annual development day. The development day is designed to assess the work of the Board, review progress and impact and set priorities for the year ahead.

There is one multi-agency subgroup to the Youth Justice Partnership Board, which is the Custody Review Panel. This panel is chaired by the Head of Service and reviews children held overnight in Police custody, those sentenced or remanded to custody and children at risk of being sentenced to custody.

All Partnership Board meetings begin with a practitioner's case study, illustrating an aspect of work undertaken, or from time to time, through a practitioner supporting a child working with the Service to attend and tell their story or present an issue. These presentations highlight challenges in the work undertaken and sometimes seek support in raising issues at a strategic level. As a Board, we are keen to hear more of the voice of children, parents / carers and victims and will aim to include this in the coming year. Practitioners also compile and present reports about aspects of the work they are involved in. This gives opportunity to raise awareness and allows for some scrutiny of work undertaken. In turn, Board Members are encouraged to participate in case audits and to meet with individual practitioners to observe or discuss their work, to deepen their understanding.

Partnership Arrangements

In accordance with the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, we are a multi-disciplinary team which includes Social Workers, a Probation Officer, an Education Worker, a Police Officer, a Nurse, a Speech and Language Therapist, a Reparation and Participation Worker, Prevention Key Workers, Assessment and Information Officers, Administrators, and Managers. We also have a team of Volunteer Panel Members. In 2024, we recruited and trained four new Volunteer Panel Members and Mentors. There is a staffing structure located at **Appendix 2** of this document.

Case Manager staff including qualified Probation Officers and Registered Social Workers have key statutory functions, including the assessment and supervision of children aged 10-17 who are subject to voluntary and conditional Out-of-Court Resolutions and community and custodial Court Orders, and supporting parents/carers to strengthen their parenting skills. The Police Constable undertakes a range of tasks including facilitating information sharing but also giving those harmed a voice and an opportunity to become involved in restorative work with children if they wish to do so. This work is supplemented locally by a prevention service, Compass, which

works with children aged 8-17 years who are assessed as being at risk of offending, and with their families. The Turnaround initiative for children on the cusp of the youth justice system, has been rolled out alongside Compass, to work with them to prevent them entering the formal justice system and addressing their needs as soon as possible.

The Youth Justice Service has close working relationships with a range of partners in the voluntary and community sector.

- Project 28, which receives a small annual grant from the Police and Crime Commissioner as part of their core Council commission. With this, they provide substance misuse services for children subject to Youth Alcohol and Drugs Diversion (Outcome 22) interventions and programmes for those subject to voluntary and statutory supervision.
- The Violence Reduction Partnership, managed by the same Head of Service as the Youth Justice Service, including a Co-ordinator and Development Officer for the Council. The Violence Reduction Partnership (VRP) hosts a multi-agency information sharing meeting the Partnership for Preventing Exploitation and Serious Violence (PREV). Individuals at risk of serious violence, networks and places of concern are all identified, the nature and level of risk is discussed, and actions are agreed to strengthen risk management and the offer of preventative support. The Youth Justice Service plays an active role in this. The VRP commissions lived experience mentoring, detached youth work, and Alternative Routes workshops in schools. The VRP also runs frequent knife awareness events for parents and carers.
- Youth Connect South West, provides targeted support and access to universal youth services, together with programmes to support access to education, training and employment (ETE) opportunities.
- Social Care's Adolescent and Child Exploitation Team works with children who have been exploited, some of whom are also known to the Youth Justice Service. Managers in the two services endeavour to co-ordinate their work in the best interests of the children concerned and usually identify a 'lead' worker with whom the child engages best.
- The **Early Intervention Team**, part of the Police contribution to the Violence Reduction Partnership, including an Inspector, a Sergeant, and two Police Constables, undertake early intervention work with children on the fringes of involvement in serious violence.
- **Southside**, a community-led project for supporting those affected by domestic abuse and also commissioned by the Violence Reduction Partnership to offer lived-experience mentoring to those at risk of being involved in serious violence.

3. Update on the Previous Year

3.1 Progress on Priorities in previous Plan

The priorities agreed for 2024 - 2026 are to reduce disproportionality, strengthen participation, embed child first principles, and reduce serious violence.

In 2024 - 2025, progress has been made in the following areas:

Reduce Disproportionality:

Special Educational Needs (SEN)

- The approach has been to ensure that children in the justice system with unidentified needs are recognised; that children with SEN identified are appropriately supported and that staff feel well equipped to support children with additional needs.
- An Enhanced Offer was agreed for children in the youth justice system in relation to education and SEN. This includes children involved with the YJS being given a high priority at Placement Panels along with other children in priority groups such as children who are in the care of the local authority and children on Child Protection Plans.
- Building stronger links between the YJS, the Virtual School and SEND Team, including reciprocal training.
- YJS staff received training on neurodiversity from HCRG, and the Speech and Language Therapist offers training to all new staff as part of their induction.

Children from Minority Ethnic Backgrounds

- The approach is to understand and quantify the disproportionality; to analyse instances of disproportionality within the system and apply learning; and to ensure the YJS workforce is well equipped to respond to the diverse needs of children from minority ethnic backgrounds, including understanding and responding to their experiences of racism and discrimination.
- A good practice guide has been completed by staff, in consultation with children and young people who attend the Black Families Education Supplementary School which sets out clear expectations of staff to work with children effectively.
- YJS staff have attended two workshops this year, delivered by SARI, focusing on increasing the confidence of staff to have conversations with children about their identity and about supporting staff to have constructive conversations with children who show discriminatory views.
- Audits have been undertaken to ensure that our work with children is appropriately focussed on ethnicity and diversity. The HMIP inspection report (published February 2025) comments that staff "utilised the 'social GRACES' model well to get a strong grasp of the child's equity, inclusion and diversity needs, and we saw evidence that factors such as race and neurodiversity were well considered and analysed."

The Business and Performance Manager has produced a local Ethnic Disproportionality Report using 18+1 ethnic categories to analyse offences and outcomes by ethnic groups. This is scrutinised by the Partnership Board twice yearly to monitor levels of disproportionality and to address any specific concerns.

Strengthen Participation:

- The approach has been to build on existing participation arrangements and strengthen our approaches in hearing the voice of the child and parent / carer in our service development and to build community links by recruiting a new group of volunteers.
- The Service is regularly hearing the views of children and parents and carers via the QR code feedback process. Some of the feedback received can be read later in this plan. The feedback is offering assurances that being involved with the YJS is a positive experience for children and parents and carers and that the support they receive is effective in improving their lives. The HMIP Inspection Report (published February 2025) comments that "Children and parents spoke positively about the work of the YJS, noting that staff often went above and beyond what was required."
- We have successfully recruited and trained a small group of volunteer Panel Members and Mentors in 2024 -2025. They are now in the process of shadowing panels to gain more experience before leading panels themselves.

Embed Child First Principles:

- ➤ The YJS has made excellent progress over the past 5 years at becoming an organisation that has adopted the Child First principles. This work has continued in 2024 -2025.
- Progress has been made by training staff and rolling out the YJS Prevention and Diversion Assessment tool to be used in Out of Court Resolutions. This new tool is written from a child first approach and prioritises the voice of the child and the cocreation of their support plans.
- The YJS Partnership Board and Custody Review Panel have undertaken work to review times when children have been held in police custody to ensure these are justified and only happen when there are no other alternatives and is absolutely necessary.
- The YJS Partnership Board and the Youth Justice Board have advocated within the wider criminal justice system to improve the timeliness of investigations and disposals for children. The Local Criminal Justice Board has agreed that Child First will be a key priority for them in their three year plan.

Reduce Serious Violence:

Work has continued to support children at risk of serious violence and intervene around issues of knife crime; using the Street Doctors resources where appropriate.

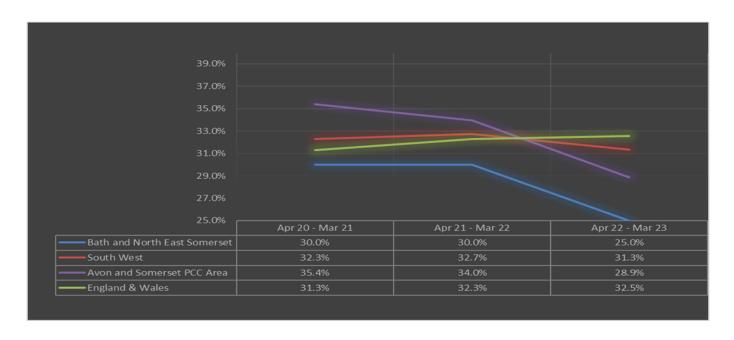
- Evidence suggests that the most effective way of working with children at risk of serious violence is to be child first, future focused and strengths based, and this is the focus of our interventions.
- To support co-ordinated management of children at the highest risk, the YJS and Children's Social Care have agreed to joint procedures when working with the same children, including a structure for risk management meetings.

3.2 Performance over the previous year

Re-Offending

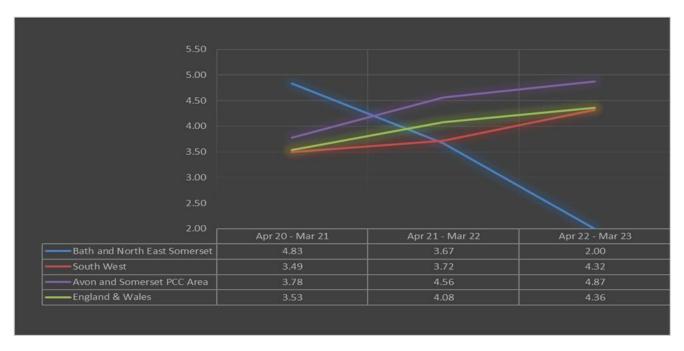
One of the YJB's key measures of effectiveness of the youth justice system is re-offending. The indicator is the rate of re-offending after 12 months by a cohort of children who received substantive outcomes (Cautions, Conditional Cautions or Convictions). It is shown as a binary rate (the overall percentage of children who re-offended) and as the average rate of new offences committed by each child who re-offended. Local cohorts include very low numbers of children. There continues to be a discrepancy between local YJS and the YJB Data due to a number of nationally recognised issues. The data below for B&NES is local data. The data for the South West, Avon and Somerset and England and Wales is YJB data.

The B&NES binary percentage of re-offending has reduced by 5% for the period April 2022 to March 2023. There were 20 children in the previous cohort, 6 re-offended, compared with 20 in the current cohort of which 5 have re-offended. The binary percentage of re-offending is showing as 25%, which is lower than all of our Comparators. The percentages for our Comparators are: South West Region (31.3%), PCC Area (28.9%) and England and Wales (32.5%).



Frequency of Reoffending

The rate of re-offending for the period April 2022 to March 2023 is 2.00. This is a reduction from 3.67 (-45.5%). This is due to there being fewer children in the cohort and fewer children re-offending. There were 6 re-offenders in the previous reporting period committing 22 further offences and 5 re-offenders in the current period committing 10 further offences. The rate is considerably lower than all of our Comparators. The rates for our Comparators are: South West Region (4.32), PCC Area (4.87) and England and Wales (4.36).



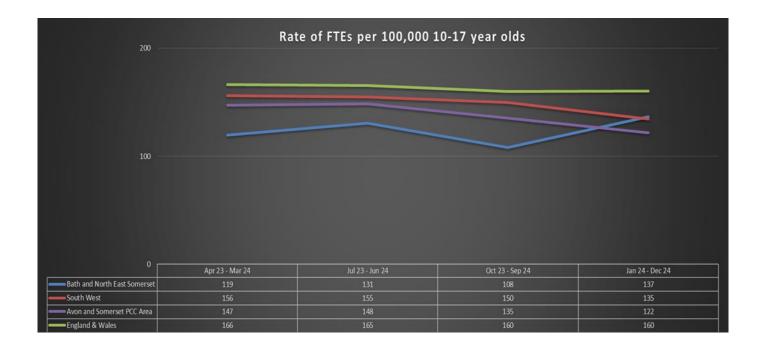
First Time Entrants

First Time Entrants are those children who receive a substantive outcome for the first time. The rate has increased in January 2024 to December 2024 from 108 to 137(46.6%) per 100,000 in the population. This equates to 24 individual children compared with 16 in the previous reporting period (January to December 2023). The data below is local data and as previously stated the YJB Published data does not match local data due to a number of nationally recognised issues. The rates for our comparators are: South West (135), PCC Area, (122) and England and Wales (161).

Scrutiny and a deep dive audit has taken place at the Youth Justice Partnership Board regarding the children who are first time entrants, to understand the increase in FTE's and see if any lessons, can be learned and if all diversion opportunities were maximised.

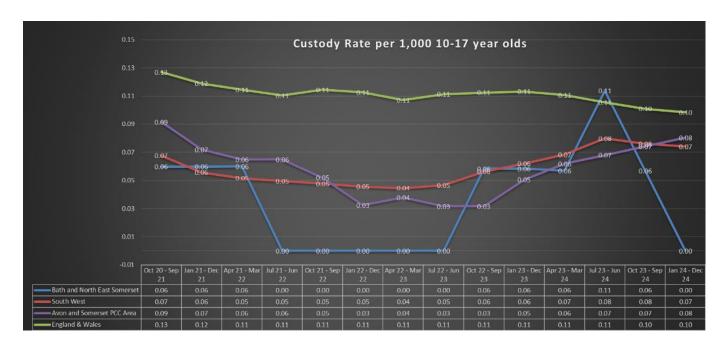
In this cohort, there was a larger than expected number of children who had committed more serious offences as their first offence, thus meaning they were not eligible for diversion.

A number of the children who are FTE's were in the cohort for driving offences. It had been usual practice for these children to be charged to court. There is a change being introduced in the policing and CPS approach to driving offences by children which will mean, looking forward, we can expect to see more of these children diverted from the formal justice system. Other changes in CPS practices when children are charged to court and opportunities for diverting children to the Out of Court Resolution Panel are being widened, so it is hoped that this will be seen in data sets going forward.



Custody

There was one custodial sentence in this reporting period of January 2024 to December 2024, and our rate has reduced to 0.00 per 1,000 in the population. The YJB published data does not match our local data due to a court recording error. The B&NES custodial rate is better than all Comparators. The rates for Comparators are: South West Region (0.07), PCC Area (0.08) and England and Wales (0.10).



Key Performance Indicators

The Ministry of Justice introduced ten additional Key Performance Indicators from April 2023. This data was first reported to the Youth Justice Board in the autumn of 2023. Since then, there have been multiple issues with the production of this data including technical issues at a national level. There has been a huge contribution from the YJS staff to ensure these new data fields are input onto the case management system. Much development is still needed here, and we look forward to the problems with the national data being resolved and us being able to report fully on the KPI's.

The data below for KPI's 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 is based on children where their interventions closed in a period. It is important to be aware that the actual number of individuals fluctuate from each quarter and can represent very small numbers. Therefore, changes in percentage rates can sometimes equate to individual children.

We are in a position to report the following information:

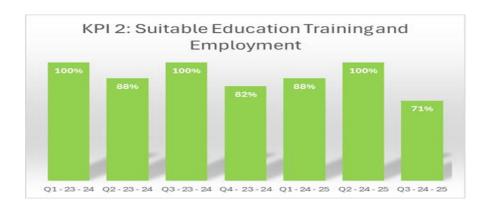
1. Suitable Accommodation

This key performance indicator is the proportion of children in the community and released from custody who have suitable accommodation arrangements at the end of their intervention. In all quarters except one, 100% of the children with relevant interventions closing were assessed as being in suitable accommodation at the end of their intervention.



2. Education, Training and Employment

This key performance indicator is the proportion of children in the community and being released from custody in a suitable Education, Training and Employment arrangement at the end of their intervention. In the most recent quarter, 71% of children with relevant interventions closing were in suitable Education, Training and Employment at the end of their intervention. The reasons for the reduction are Unemployment due to ill Health/Disability and the provision allocated is not suitable.



3. Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) and Alternative Learning Provision (ALN)

This key performance indicator is the number of children with SEND and ALN with a formal plan in place as a proportion of children with identified SEND/ALN. 100% of children with relevant interventions closing who had an identified SEND/ALN need, had a Formal Plan in place.



4. Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing

This key performance indicator is the number of children who have been screened for a mental health or emotional wellbeing need at the end of their intervention as a proportion of the number of children with interventions closing in the period. There is consistently good performance here, with 6 out of the 7 quarters seeing 100% of children with relevant interventions ending in the period were screened for Mental Health and Emotional Wellbeing. In the most recent quarter, 29% of these children were assessed as having non-acute mental health needs and were getting advice from the YJS Nurse. 71% of these children had no identified mental health needs.

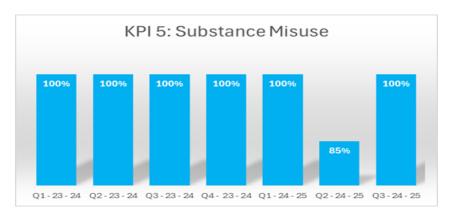


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The Specialist Community Public Health Nurse offers a holistic health screening to all children who come into the service in order to identify any mental health or emotional well-being needs and provide direct support or refer to specialist services including CAMHS. For children who decline the health assessment from the Nurse, their emotional and mental health needs are screened using the relevant assessment tool, either Asset Plus or Prevention and Diversion by their Case Manager. The last annual health report to the Partnership Board identified emotional health as the second most prevalent need (with physical health needs being most prevalent). Support provided includes direct intervention using Brief Solution Focused approaches and supporting practitioners and the wider team around the child.

5. Substance Misuse

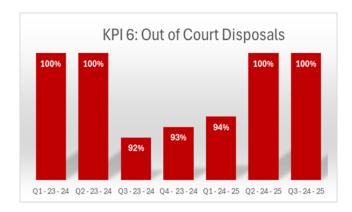
This key performance indicator is the number of children who have been screened for a need for specialist intervention or treatment to address substance misuse at the end of their intervention as a proportion of the number of children with an intervention closing in the period. 100% of the children with relevant interventions ending in 6 of the 7 quarters below were screened for Substance Misuse needs. In the most recent quarter, 29% were referred to and engaging with the Substance Misuse Service (Project 28) on a Tier 3 Intervention. 57% had no substance misuse needs identified and 14% had an identified need but no intervention was required.



The Youth Justice Officer provides a holistic health screen for all children who come into the service and seek to identify any substance misuse needs. In addition to this, the allocated case manager will also screen for any substance misuse needs as part of their assessment. The local substance misuse partner, Project 28, provides specialist intervention for children in the area. In preparation for the introduction of the new measure, the Youth Justice Service has been working with Project 28 to record the data of those who have been accessing support prior to their involvement and those that were screened and offered support via referral to them, including commencement of intervention.

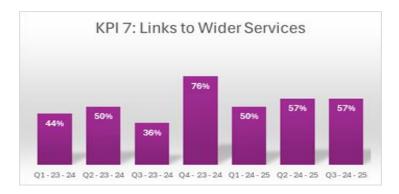
6. Out-of-Court Disposals

This key performance indicator is the number of children who completed an Out of Court Disposal programme as a proportion of the number of children with an Out of Court Disposal intervention ending in the period. 100% of children who had a relevant intervention close in the most recent two quarters, successfully completed their programme. Our completion rates continue to be very high. The reasons for children not completing their programmes in the previous quarters were that the programmes were partially completed, but the children either re-offended or they missed some sessions.



7. Wider Services

This key performance indicator is the proportion of children connected to or supported by wider services at the end of their intervention with the Youth Justice Service. Wider Services are either an Early Help Plan, Child Protection Plan, are classified as a Child in Need or a Child Looked After.



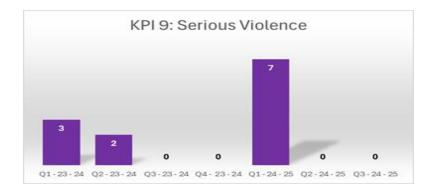
8. Management (Partnership) Board Attendance

This key performance indicator monitors senior (statutory) partner attendance at Partnership Board meetings and whether they contribute data from their individual services that identify areas of racial and ethnic disproportionality. Attendance has been monitored for many years as part of local assurance reporting. There has been a reduction in the last three quarters of attendance at the Partnership Board meetings by our senior Statutory Partners. In some cases, but not all, a representative was sent to the meeting on their behalf.



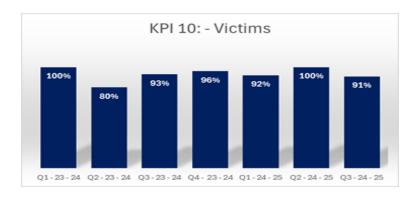
9. Serious Violence

This key performance indicator is the number of proven serious violence offences as a rate per 100,000 of the 10-17 population. The YJB definition for serious violence offences are Robbery offences, Drug offences and Violent offences with a gravity score of 5 or more. Although we had previously seen a spike in children who had been convicted of a serious violence offence in quarter 1 of 2024 - 2025, there have been no children convicted of a serious offence in the last two quarters.



10. Victims

This key performance indicator is the number of victims who engaged in restorative justice opportunities as a proportion of the total number of victims who consent to be contacted by the Youth Justice Service. Victims are asked for their views prior to Out of Court Resolution decision-making and planning for statutory Court Orders, provided with information about the progress of a child's case (when requested) and provided with information on appropriate services that support victims (when requested). 100% of the victims were consulted, asked for their views prior to OOCD Panel or Court Hearing and were offered Indirect or Direct Reparation. 54% did not want to participate; for 10% of victims, there was no response and 36% accepted either Indirect or Direct Reparation.



3.3. Risks and Issues

A risk in this context is defined as a potential or emerging factor which may impede the delivery of positive outcomes for children in B&NES. An issue is something that has already occurred or is currently happening which is affecting outcomes. B&NES YJS has a full Risk Register that is reviewed quarterly with the Partnership Board.

| Risk | Potential Impact | Actions and Proposed Actions |
|--|--|--|
| Funding and Resources Turnaround Funding has been reduced for 2025/26 and may cease in March 2026. | Reduction in the number of children the service can offer prevention and diversion services to. | Contribute to evaluation of Turnaround to evidence effectiveness. Consider alternative funding streams and how cases are allocated to Compass Service. |
| Funding and Resources Funding for Enhanced Case Management project is ending in October 2025. | Reduction in the support provided to practitioners delivering trauma informed work. Children with the most complex needs not being effectively supported within the multi-agency team. Skill base of trauma informed practice reducing over time within service. | Consider alternative funding streams and models of deliver of Trauma informed support to the service. |
| Funding and Resources Partner contributions to pooled budget not being increased in line with inflation in the coming year. | The pooled budget will become overspent in future years if contributions are not increased. | Present the risks to the Partnership Board and request for a raise in pooled budget contribution. Plan with the finance team how to mitigate for this risk, in consideration of other YJS budgets. |
| Funding and Resources A child or multiple children being remanded to custody when B&NES has not received a grant for remand costs in recent years. | Children's Services will be required to absorb a high, unexpected cost. | Ensure this issue is reflected on the Corporate Risk Register. Ensure all efforts are made to reduce the risk of a child being remanded to custody and offer comprehensive bail options to the court when required. |

| | | T |
|--|--|---|
| Issue / Challenge | Potential Impact | Actions and Proposed Actions |
| Timeliness of offences being dealt with by Police and CPS Delays continue to exist in investigations, in particular more complex investigations and through the Police / CPS interface. | Impact on mental health and wellbeing of children and victims. Children sometimes being sentenced when they are adults for offences they committed as children. Risks issues not being adequately addressed in the time between offence and charge. Reduction in effectiveness of delayed interventions. | YJS Partnership Board to ensure the 'Child First' sub group of the Local Criminal Justice Board focuses on this issue and tackles the systemic reasons behind the delays. |
| Meeting children's complex needs, including children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Many children in the YJS have SEND and meeting their complex needs is a challenge when availability of suitable provision is limited. | Children in the YJS with SEND may not achieve their full potential and be offered appropriate opportunities to meet their needs. Children in the YJS with SEND remain vulnerable to exploitation and further offending. | B&NES has a strategy in place to increase SEND provision in the coming year, including a new special school in the area. Work with the Education Psychology team to improve identification of need with children working with the YJS. |
| Disproportionality in particular children with SEND and children from minority ethnic groups The children in the formal youth justice system continue to be over-represented by children from the most vulnerable groups. | Children from these vulnerable groups are at risk of receiving the worst outcomes in terms of education engagement, and achievement. Children from these groups may receive the most significant criminal justice outcomes which means they may spend period of time in custody which will have adverse impact on their short and longer term future. | YJS to work with A&S colleagues in Youth Justice, Police and Education to continue to implement the recommendations in the Tackling Disproportionality Report. |

4. Plan for the Forthcoming Year

4.1 Child First

The guiding principle for the youth justice system, including the B&NES Youth Justice Service and its Partnership Board, is 'Child First.' This approach has been promoted by the national Youth Justice Board and means keeping children at the heart of all work undertaken and privileging their needs according to their age and particular circumstances.

There is evidence that a Child First approach is effective in addressing the offending behaviour of the small number of children within the youth justice system today, and in preventing offending by those children who are more likely to enter the system. However, the Youth Justice Service is aware that some of those worked with wish to be regarded individually as young people or young adults rather than as children.

The Youth Justice Board's Child First principles have been adopted in B&NES and some examples are given below:

1. Seeing children as children

Principle

Prioritise the best interests of children and recognise their particular needs, capacities, rights and potential. All work is child-focused, developmentally informed, acknowledges structural barriers and meets responsibilities towards children.

Examples

All children working with B&NES YJS participate in an individually tailored assessment, plan and intervention in their work with us. B&NES YJS has prioritised trauma informed training for practitioners to ensure that our work is developmentally informed and based on building positive, attuned relationships with children. Monthly health clinics, led by the Speech and Language Therapist and School Nurse, ensure that children's health needs are recognised and responded to, and any unmet communication or educational needs are identified. These clinics are being developed in 2025 to also include an Educational Psychologist twice a term.

2. Helping children build a pro-social identity

Principle

Promoting children's individual strengths and capacities to develop their pro-social identity for sustainable desistance, leading to safer communities and fewer victims. All work is constructive and future-focused, built on supportive relationships that empower children to fulfil their potential and make positive contributions to society.

Examples

We achieve this by ensuring that our plans and interventions focus on building strengths and a pro-social identity. We offer support to children to take part in positive activities and use participation work in reparation to utilise their skills and build confidence. Our education and training offer is designed to ensure we raise aspirations for children and have an individually tailored Education Training and Employment (ETE) goal for every child we work with.

3. Collaborating with children

Principle

Encourage children's active participation, engagement and wider social inclusion. All work is a meaningful collaboration with children and their carers.

Examples

Children's involvement in innovative reparation projects enables them to contribute to the wider community. Children take part in the recruitment process for all practitioners – setting questions; being part of the interview panel; and taking part in small group exercises to help select candidates. Children have also helped us to make our office environment a young person friendly space, and their suggestions have been taken on board with art work, getting bean bags and a table football for the space where we have their appointments. We gain feedback from children and their parents / carers to ensure their views on our service delivery are heard and responded to. One of the ways we have responded to this is to vary the offer of reparation placements available.

4. Diverting children from the justice system

Principle

Promote a childhood outside the justice system, using preemptive prevention, diversion and minimal intervention. All work minimises criminogenic stigma from contact with the system.

Examples

The Compass service supports children who are at risk of offending with the aim of preventing them entering the justice system in the future. The Turnaround Service supports children on the cusp of the youth justice system. 'Outcome 22 / Deferred Caution' is being readily used in our Out of Court Resolution Panel for children who have committed low level offences. This offers them the opportunity of diversion from a formal outcome, while still offering the appropriate support to meet their needs.

Our child first approach is evidenced by the voices of children and their parents and carers. Here is a small selection from the feedback gathered in the last year:

Voices of Children My worker embraces everything about me and made me feel comfortable They helped me whilst talking to him about figure out my things I had never spoken problems with to anyone about before myself and solutions to them, they were really fun and cool to talk to and seeing them My worker has been made my day very helpful, and I My worker was better. appreciate the amazing, super opportunities she accepting and helps find for me really nice and such as career opportunities and to just made me improve my selffeel really good development about who I am

As a Service, we have sought to develop the priorities and actions in our plan through hearing the voices of children we work with. We have asked children we work with the following questions:

- As a young person, what are you most concerned about?
- What do you think should be done about it by police / council / schools e.t.c.?

The themes of what children were concerned about included:

- Concerns about the cost of living and being able to afford to rent somewhere to live – both for their family and when they are older and living independently.
- ➤ The impact of violence in their lives a concern about knife crime and experience of being a victim of violence.
- If they are a victim of crime, will something be done about it and will they be supported.
- ➤ The relationships that the Police have with young people feelings of mistrust that the children felt can go both ways.

What children wanted to be done about their concerns:

- For Police to have good training to communicate with young people and to get to know them better
- For there to be more Police on the streets and in areas where they feel less safe this was a common theme.
- Lessons about knife crime in schools

Voices of Parents / Carers

my son is now more aware of feelings, actions, emotions and about doing what's right and also seeking help if needed. The worker's communication, their general manner but also their ability to empathise with my personal situation without being patronising has been greatly appreciated.

The worker helped my son in communicating or expressing himself better and allowing us (his parents) to be more involved with his social life, knowing where he is and with who. Which has helped in our general relationship with him.

I don't want her to ever leave our lives. Our worker has been super supportive towards me and my son and nothing is too much trouble.

4.2 Resources and Services

All statutory partners contribute staffing resources and a financial contribution.

The Youth Justice core grant is used entirely to support the work of the Youth Justice Service. Expenditure is agreed annually, monitored at monthly finance meetings and overseen quarterly by the Partnership Board. It is used in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of Grant, specifically, towards the costs of employing two Administrative Officers, a Deputy Team Manager, a qualified Youth Justice Officer, a Reparation Worker and a contribution to the salary of the Senior Practitioner. The Grant also covers professional subscriptions, travel costs, room hire, equipment and other running costs.

The financial contributions from partners go into the pooled budget to meet the costs of employing the Business and Performance Manager and IT costs. Contributions have not increased for a number of years.

In terms of staffing, Avon and Somerset Police contribute one FTE Police Officer. The Probation Service contributes 0.5 FTE Probation Officer and 0.16 FTE Probation Service Officer, although this post has not been filled for over 3 years. The Health Contribution is 0.4 FTE School Nurse and 0.2 FTE Speech and Language Therapist. B&NES Local Authority is the largest contributor covering costs for the Head of Service, Operational Manager, practitioners in the statutory and prevention service and an administrator.

The full budget costs and contributions can be found at **Appendix 1**. The Staffing Structure can be found at **Appendix 2**.

4.3 Board Development

The YJS Partnership Board is continually assessing its own performance and considering ways to improve. The Board met for a development day in May 2025.

The purpose of this day was:

- To re-affirm our Vision: Working in Partnership to Achieve Child First Justice
- To agree the Youth Justice Service and Partnership Board priorities for the year ahead.
- To review our own performance and include any areas for development in the Youth Justice Plan for 2025 2026.
- To work together to meet the recommendations in the Inspection Improvement Plan.

The outcomes of the day included:

- The Vision of 'Working in Partnership to achieve Child First Justice' was re-affirmed. The detail of this was reviewed and updated and is written into the first section of this plan.
- A review was completed about what is working well on the Board and what needs to be developed.
- ➤ The strategic priorities were discussed. It was agreed that progress had been made in every area of the priorities for 2024 2025, but as these are such important areas of our work, and are broad in range, we will continue with the same priorities for 2025 2026.
- > The priorities are confirmed as:
 - Reduce Disproportionality
 - > Strengthen Participation
 - > Embed Child First Principles
 - Reduce Serious Violence
- ➤ The Risk Register was fully reviewed, in particular, ensuring that business as usual risks be captured in the Business Continuity Plan and that the items in the register are risks rather than issues. The Register will be reviewed at each Board meeting going forward.

4.4 Workforce Development

Activity to develop the workforce is essential to meeting the needs of the children, parents / carers and victims and the wider community we serve. This includes a comprehensive induction, regular supervision, informal support, annual performance development conversations and appropriate training to all staff.

The team are supported by the offer of:

Monthly reflective and case management supervision.

- Monthly group reflective practice meeting this group can focus on interventions or reflections on specific children and situations or staff wellbeing.
- Harmful Sexual Behaviour consultations from CAMHS.
- Monthly case discussions / consultations with specialist workers such as School Nurse, Speech and Language Therapist and Education Officer.
- Clinical Supervision for trauma recovery cases through the Enhanced Case Management service.

The annual Training and Development Plan for 2025 - 2026 has been created in discussion with managers and team members and taking into account what we know about the issues facing the children that we work with and any training needs being identified in Performance Development conversations.

Key training that has taken place in 2024 - 2025 has included trauma informed workshops for practitioners to ensure this approach remains embedded in our work, restorative justice facilitator training for our Deputy Team Manager to ensure we have the capability to offer this intervention, and cultural competence training to support work towards our anti-racism action plan, AIM3 assessment training and systemic practice.

The identified training and development priorities are agreed as:

- > Strengthening our approach to Performance Development Conversations, ensuring they take place in a timely way and staff understand the process.
- Ongoing training offer for staff in cultural competence and unconscious bias to support our ongoing work to reduce disproportionality.
- Increasing staff confidence in working with children with SEND and neuro-diversity.
- Ensuring new staff are offered Trauma Informed Practice Training.
- Offering training on specific areas of practice, as required, such as Restorative Justice, Harmful Sexual Behaviour and Child to Parent Violence.

4.5 Evidence-based Practice, Innovation and Evaluation

Systemic Practice Model

As part of Children's Transformation Programme, the Local Authority has adopted a systemic practice model for Children's Services. This is integrated within a trauma informed, relationship aware approach and is attachment focused.

The adoption of a systemic practice model has seen a significant proportion of the Children's Service workforce being trained by the Centre for Systemic Social Work. It is based on the view that human challenges are always embedded within the context of human relationships across family, community and wider society systems. The model provides theory, models and techniques to support practitioners in their support for families to seek a broader and deeper understanding of what could be creating challenges and ideas to change.

The Youth Justice Service has benefited from this training and as part of the wider Children's Service's Workforce will be accessing further training and development in the year to come. Changes have been made through the influence of the systemic model including acknowledgement and consideration of people's personal and social identity in assessments, planning and support plans. Systemic tools including Burnham's Social GRACES¹³, developed

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¹³ Burnham J (2012) Developments in the Social GGRRAAACCEEESSS in Krause I (ed) *Culture and Reflexivity in systemic Psychotherapy: Mutual Perspectives.* London: Karnac

to address inequality, have been used in training and Supervision to encourage reflection on individual characteristics that inform how the world is seen and experienced. The use of the Systemic model has enabled practitioners to consider wider perspectives when working with children and families and encourage others in the system to do the same.

Harmful Sexual Behaviour 'AIM3' Model

Although not many children in the local area are identified with a risk of harmful sexual behaviour, the Service has staff trained in the Assessment of Adolescents and Harmful Sexual Behaviour model developed by Marcella Leonard and Simon Hackett, otherwise known as 'AIM3.' This is a suite of evidence-based frameworks and guidance to support practitioners to assess risk and develop interventions for use with children, including how to work with their parents/carers as well. The resources are trauma-informed and holistic and are a good fit with other intervention approaches used within the Service. The tools are used alongside standard youth justice assessment tools and plans to support a focus on particular presenting needs. Assessments are generally undertaken in partnership with a Social Worker and interventions are likely to then be co-delivered. The service has two staff who work with the CAMHS Harmful Sexual Behaviour Co-ordinator to deliver awareness raising training to colleagues in preventative services and universal settings such as schools, in support of early identification.

The use of this model has enabled evidenced based assessments and interventions to be undertaken to reduce the risk of harmful sexual behaviour and contribute to better outcomes for these children.

Enhanced Case Management

The Service is delivered in partnership with three other Youth Justice Services and Forensic CAMHS to deliver trauma recovery, Psychology-led support to children in the youth justice system. The model has been developed by Johnny Matthews and Tricia Scuse, based on Maslow's hierarchy of need and a seven-stage trauma recovery model, and builds on work previously undertaken in Wales.

Evaluations have commented on how the flexibility of the Psychologists' approach has been identified as central to the success of the work. The approach is perceived to have contributed to improvements in a range of psycho-social outcomes and re-building of family relationships. There has also been an improvement in children's mental health, coping skills and understanding of the impact of their behaviour on others. Improved relationships with staff in YJS's have also been noted and overall, no negative impacts have been identified for children.

The evaluation has also noted the embedding of trauma informed practice in staff throughout the participating YJS's and beginning within some partner agencies. Staff have an improved knowledge and understanding of recognising and working with children who have experienced trauma and are developing more flexible practices which are very child-focused and individually tailored. These positive outcomes outlined in the evaluation have been seen within B&NES YJS.

4.6 Priorities for the coming year: Standards for Children in the Youth Justice Service

The latest edition of National Standards were published in 2019, entitled 'Standards for Children in Youth Justice Services' 14

The standards support our work in Out of Court Resolutions, at Court, in the Community, in secure settings and on transition and resettlement.

The most recent national standards self-assessment was completed in October 2023 and covered our work in Court. The audits were completed by Team Managers in the YJS and a Partnership Board Member.

B&NES YJS demonstrated adherence to the standards with a few areas requiring further activity in order to strengthen compliance.

Areas of strength identified were:

- Positive steps taken to promote fair treatment in court such as using communication profiles and advocating for children's needs being well evidenced.
- Reports written for court and Referral Order Panels were of a high standard, were child focussed and supported desistance.
- Reports took into account the view from victims and evidenced the impact of the offence on them.
- Good evidence of supporting children to participate effectively in court supporting children to view the court room in advance of the hearing, contacting all children and parents / carers before the day of court to help them prepare and ask any questions and explaining the outcome thoroughly to the child afterwards.

The following areas of activity were identified for further development:

To collaborate with Avon and Somerset YJS's and CPS to ensure we are all working to the same guidance for diversion.

PROGRESS MADE: The new, national Police Child Gravity Score Matrix¹⁵ has ensured greater consistency here. The A&S Out of Court Tactical group is auditing cases to check for consistency.

To ensure greater consistency in diversion outcome in relation to driving matter.

PROGRESS MADE: Again, the Police Child Gravity Matrix has assisted with this and this is being used and referenced in Out of Court Decision Making.

To consider ways to engage with fathers more effectively in the assessment writing process.

PROGRESS MADE: The issue has been discussed in reflective practice meetings and a renewed focus on ensuring both parents are involved if possible and appropriate.

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¹⁴

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/6363d2328fa8f50570e54222/Standards_for_children_in_youth_i_ustice_services_2019.doc.pdf

¹⁵ https://www.npcc.police.uk/SysSiteAssets/media/downloads/publications/publications-log/criminal-justice/2023/child-gravity-matrix-v2.2---september-2023.pdf

Inspection Improvement Plan

The Youth Justice Service and Partnership underwent an HMIP Inspection in October 2024. The inspection process lasted 5 weeks, with the first 4 weeks involving preparation and submission of evidence in advance, including data sets, reports and a presentation. There was one week of field work that included 13 case file audits, interviews with children and parents and carers, 10 focus groups with partner agencies, staff and 13 individual interviews with practitioners.

The report was published on 4th February 2025. The service achieved an overall 'Good' rating. The detailed inspection report gave an 'Outstanding' rating in three areas which were for Staff; Implementation and Delivery of Court Disposals; and Planning for Out of Court Disposals. Nine other areas were rated as 'Good' including Partnerships; Assessment and Reviewing of Court Disposals; and Resettlement. One area was rated as 'Requires Improvement' which was for Assessments for Out of Court Disposals.

Inspectors said children open to the Youth Justice Service can expect to receive a strong offer of support. The service is led effectively by a knowledgeable and meticulous management team and there are appropriate resources in place.

They said staff are skilled and deliver evidence-based interventions. These arrangements are supported by a well-functioning and curious management board and an integrated partnership. Consequently, outcomes for children are positive.

The link to the report is here:

https://www.justiceinspectorates.gov.uk/hmiprobation/inspections/bnesyjs2025/

The following recommendations have been made:

The Bath and North East Somerset Youth Justice Service should:

ensure all children given an Out-of-Court Disposal receive high-quality assessment activity that considers all risk factors that impact on the safety of both the child and the community.

The Youth Justice Management Board should:

- develop its understanding of quality victim work practice and implement effective local performance indicators.
- facilitate attendance by all key professionals at the joint decision-making panel in line with the Youth Justice Board's national guidance.
- review the use and application of the formal risk register to ensure it is effective in identifying, prioritising, managing and mitigating risks to the YJS.

An Improvement Plan has been developed and agreed at the Youth Justice Partnership Board and with HMIP and can be seen at **Appendix 3**.

4.7 Priorities for the coming year: Service Development

A detailed Service Development Action Plan for 2024 - 2026 has been written and is being monitored through the Youth Justice Service Partnership Board. The Partnership Board will also oversee the Inspection Improvement Plan, which will form a significant part of developmental work with the team and Board this year. The below information is a summary of our actions and objectives that are in addition to the inspection improvement plan seen at Appendix 3.

Reduce Disproportionality

This service development priority recognises the issue of over-represented groups in B&NES who are in the Youth Justice System. These groups are children with Special Educational Needs (SEN) and children from minority ethnic backgrounds. The data evidencing these areas of over-representation can be found in section 5.1 of this Plan.

Ethnicity

The key objective of the plan is to reduce this disproportionality and make progress towards aligning with local demographic and population rates. The plan sets out partnership work with colleagues in education to scrutinise school suspensions and exclusions and proactively offer early help services to children who are represented in this group.

The plan outlines work with the Police to scrutinise out of court data to ensure there is no disproportionality in the offer of diversionary activity for children from minority ethnic groups.

Operational actions include a focus on ethnicity in audits and ensuring that all policies pay sufficient attention to ethnicity, equity, inclusion, and diversity issues.

SEN

The objective of this aspect of the plan is to ensure this most vulnerable group of children are offered sufficient support to access high quality education and training to meet their needs and to reduce the risks to them around exploitation and offending.

For 2025, the YJS will work with the Education Psychology Service to ensure children's needs are fully understood and responded to.

Strengthen Participation

This service development area recognises the importance of participation in the work completed by the Youth Justice Service. Some developments have already been achieved in previous years, but this priority acknowledges there is more that can be done.

Over the coming year, work will focus on:

- Creating a Participation Strategy to draw together work being completed and identify any gaps
- Setting up drop-in support group for parents.
- Improving the information about the YJS on our website.

Embed Child First Principles

B&NES YJS continues to prioritise embedding Child First Principles in our work. This principle is the corner stone of our approach moving forward, so appropriately it remains as a strategic priority for the plan for 2024 - 2026.

The actions for this period aim to ensure that every area of the YJS work is child focussed.

One of the key areas to be targeted this year continues to be working with the Police and CPS at a strategic level to reduce the timeliness of investigations so that criminal justice outcomes that children receive can be more meaningful and responsive to their needs at the time the issues have arisen.

Given the voices of children, referred to in section 4.1, it is essential for the YJS to work with police around developing their child first approach and trauma informed policing. This work will be undertaken through the Criminal Justice Board and the Tackling Disproportionality group across Avon and Somerset.

The YJS will also work with partners in Children's Social Care to ensure our services are aligned with the Concordat for Youth Remands, referred to in section 5.10 of this plan. The purpose of this is to ensure that children are only remanded when absolutely necessary and when this does happen, that the services recognise them as children looked after and prioritise their needs accordingly.

This area of the plan will also ensure that there are stronger links created between the YJS and the Anti-Social Behaviour team in the police so that children who are showing signs of being on the periphery of offending or anti-social behaviour will be offered prevention support as appropriate.

At an Operational level, the YJS will create an up-to-date Service wide Practice Guide that ensures child first practice is at the heart of everything we do.

Reduce Serious Violence

From our participation work and all communication with children, parents and carers throughout the course of the year, it is clear that this is a key issue for them and so it remains a strategic priority for B&NES YJS into 2024 - 2026. Children have shared with their YJS workers that knife crime and the threat of serious violence are utmost in their minds.

The Violence Reduction Partnership (VRP) is leading on this area of work across B&NES and the YJS is involved in this work at every level from operational to strategic.

In terms of specific YJS activity, we will continue to build on the progress we made last year in terms of delivering high quality, strengths based, future focussed interventions with children in our service, while also offering some specific interventions around weapons awareness work and the Street Doctors sessions to support them with first aid and safety.

As a partnership, with the VRP, we will work to understand and implement the new national guidance around Young Futures Prevention Partnerships and review the wider offer in B&NES for children and young people at risk of serious violence.

5. National Priority Areas

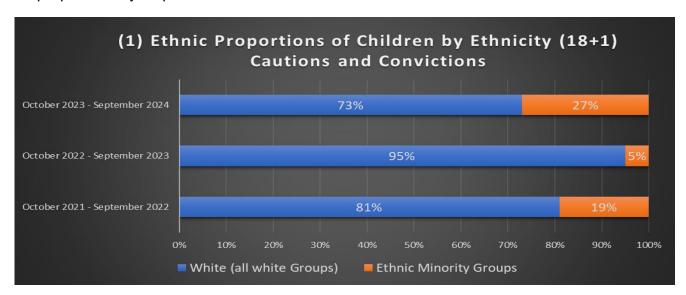
5.1 Children from groups which are over-represented

Children from a range of backgrounds are over-represented in the youth justice system. In B&NES, the most over-represented groups are children with Special Educational Needs and children from certain ethnicities, particularly those with a mixed heritage.

As stated above, reducing this disproportionality is a strategic priority for the service and there are actions in our annual development plan and anti-racism action plan to work towards this aim.

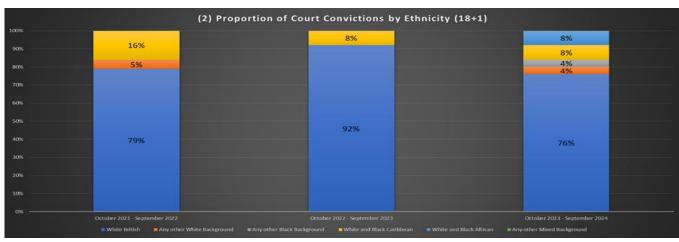
Ethnicity

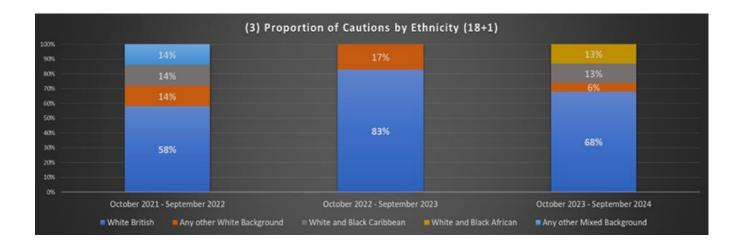
The following charts are taken directly from the latest Youth Justice Service Annual Rolling Ethnic Disproportionality Report and is the latest data available.



For the Period October 2023 – September 2024, of all the children Cautioned or Sentenced, White children accounted for 73% of these children and 27% were from minority ethnic backgrounds. In B&NES YJS White children are under-represented and children from minority ethnic groups are over-represented when comparing the offending population with the 10-17 population. The minority ethnic population in B&NES is 9.3%. See page 5 for more information.

The most over-represented groups are children of White and Black Caribbean or White and Black African origin.





The above two charts show the proportion of children who received a court conviction by ethnicity and the proportion of children who received a caution by ethnicity.

Over-representation of children from minority ethnic backgrounds in both the Court and Out of Court arena can be seen.

Special Educational Needs

- Of all children working with the YJS from April 2024 to March 2025, 79% had Learning Needs - EHCP, SEND or Individual Development Plan.
- These figures are very similar to those reported for the previous year.

Gender

Of the children working with YJS in 2024 - 2025, 12% were girls. This figure does not indicate an over-representation of girls in the YJS in B&NES at this time and is inline with the national average.

5.2 Policing

The Partnership between the YJS and Avon and Somerset (A&S) Constabulary is strong.

The Police Partnership Board member provides quarterly data for the Board to scrutinise a number of areas such as stop and search, strip search, time between arrest and disposal and overnight detention.

The YJS and Police work together to improve outcomes for children in various ways, including:

➤ Monthly A&S Tactical Out of Court Resolution Group and Panels

- This Tactical group has worked to increase consistency in approach throughout A&S, including creating guidance documents and auditing work to ensure compliance with national and local guidance.
- The Out of Court Resolution Panels are jointly chaired by a Sergeant from the Police Early Intervention Team (EIT) and a Manager from YJS. We have worked together closely to complete a Practice Guide for staff regarding out of court work. A development in 2025 – 2026 will be members of Children's Social Care and Education joining this panel.

Avon and Somerset Police and Youth Justice Collaborative Meeting

 The Youth Justice Board have supported the development of a 6 weekly collaborative meeting with Avon and Somerset Police, Crown Prosecution Service and Heads of Service of Youth Justice. The purpose of the meeting is to improve outcomes for children in the force area and to work collaboratively to strengthen systems and share good practice in relation to child first approaches.

Quarterly Custody Review Panel

 Children's Services, Police, the Emergency Duty Team, the Liaison and Diversion Service and YJS review cases where children have been held overnight in police detention, sentenced or remanded to custody. The purpose is to ensure ongoing compliance with the Concordat on Children in Custody ¹⁶ and to scrutinise occasions when this has not happened and identify learning opportunities for the partnership.

Out of Court Disposal Scrutiny Panel

 The YJS participates in the PCC led quarterly Scrutiny Panel for Out of Court Disposals to ensure youth matters are a key focus and that decision making is examined and any lessons learned.

Violence Reduction Partnership

- The Police EIT and YJS are key members of the Violence Reduction Partnership and work together at a strategic and operational level to reduce violence. This includes delivering Parental Knife Crime Awareness sessions, training and an annual conference for staff, and Street Doctors sessions with children.
- All key partners, including Police and YJS, attend a monthly operational meeting 'Partnership to Reduce Exploitation and Violence' (PREV) where children who are at risk are discussed, information shared and assurances sought about the multi-agency approach to addressing these issues.
- The Police EIT provide line management to the YJS Police Officer and this helps with information sharing, co-ordination of services and risk management.

5.3 Prevention

The rate of children entering the justice system is influenced by the effectiveness of local prevention and diversion activities. 'Prevention' work involves supporting children to address unmet needs, safeguard, promote positive outcomes and stop children entering the formal youth justice system.

B&NES YJS delivers two targeted prevention services:

Compass

Compass works with 8 to 17 year-olds who are assessed as being at risk of offending. The model includes using a Key Worker model, an Early Help Assessment to identify need, co-creation of a plan with the child and family, and the use of Team Around the Family or Child Meetings to review plans. The Service monitors individual improvement in the areas of social well-being, emotional well-being, engagement in education, training and employment and child-parent relationships.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/5a82211140f0b6230269afee/Concordat_on_Children_in_Custody ISBN Accessible.pdf

- Compass supports parents and carers in areas such as mediation, parenting skills, managing conflict and support in navigating any challenges within education.
- From 2025 2026, Compass is solely funded by the Local Authority, having previously been part funded through the Police and Crime Grant from the OPCC.

Turnaround

- Turnaround works with children aged 10 to 17 years who are on the cusp of the youth justice system. To be eligible for Turnaround a child would need to have received a level 3 Anti-Social Behaviour warning, No Further Action, a Police Facilitated Community Resolution, a first time Youth Caution, Interviewed under Caution or been Released Under Investigation or Pre-Charge Bail for an offence.
- Turnaround uses the Youth Justice Board Prevention and Diversion Assessment Tool to assess need and develop a support plan. Like the Compass Service, it operates using a Key Worker model and uses Team Around the Child or Family Meetings to review progress.

Case Example

The case example is a 14 year-old girl who was supported by the Compass Service.

| Identified Needs | Work Completed | Outcomes |
|---|---|---|
| A breakdown in family relationships Involvement in assaults with female peers Involvement in some thefts The child's needs were not fully understood Vulnerable to exploitation and episodes of going missing Not attending education | Parenting support Involvement in a family group conference Emotional regulation and healthy relationship sessions Education around exploitation Support and advice given for Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP) Support with starting new school – providing some transport. | Child received a diagnosis of Autism and an EHCP and was placed in a school that could meet her needs. Since starting at a new school that has been able to meet her needs, she is thriving there. Family are now spending quality time with together. Child has not been in trouble with the Police or been involved with disputes with her peers. Child has not been missing. |

Feedback

Parent reported that she was appreciative of the support from Compass and how much better things have got for them. The feedback from a direct observation was that the Compass Keyworker was welcoming and flexible.

The Compass Keyworker "has built a relationship of trust, care and support with my child. She has had many professionals in her life and none of them have reached out to her like the Compass Keyworker. My child is sometimes more open with her than she is with me and you can see she is relaxed in her company. She listens with compassion and empathy and gives fantastic advice that she takes on board. The Compass Keyworker always comes with tools and resources to support my child if she is fidgety and she always follows up concerns and comes back to me if I need her to. She gives me valuable advice and guidance. If she doesn't know or thinks another agency may have the answers, then she finds this out"

Data

Compass - Between April 2024 and March 2025, 29 children were supported by Compass (26 male, 3 female with an average age range of 9-17 years; 93% were White children. It is recognised that in order to address over-representation in the youth justice system, more children with Black, Asian and minority ethnic heritages need to be offered support through Compass and other preventative services.

The Compass Service works in partnership with the Willow Project as part of their virtual team. Willow is a preventative service to support children at risk of exploitation and is part of the Adolescent and Child Exploitation Team. At any one time, the Compass service is supporting 2 children as part of the Willow service offer.

Turnaround - Between April 2024 and March 2025, 19 children started and were supported with an intervention on the Turnaround programme. 17 (89%) of these children were male, 12 (63%) were White and 7 (37%) were from Minority Ethnic backgrounds. All were aged between 12 and 17 years of age.

5.4 Diversion

Diversion is where children with a linked offence receive an alternative outcome that does not result in a criminal record, avoids escalation into the formal youth justice system and associated stigmatisation.

The types of diversion that are on offer in B&NES follow national guidance and includes:

- Community Resolution (CR): This is used when children have accepted responsibility for an offence. It is an outcome commonly delivered through, but not limited to, restorative approaches. The programme of support attached to a CR is voluntary.
- No Further Action: Used when Police decide not to pursue an offence because there is not enough evidence, or it is not in the public interest. Voluntary support can be offered to children to address identified needs.
- Outcome 22 Deferred Caution: Used when diversionary, educational or intervention activity has taken place or been offered, and it is not in the public interest to take any further action. An admission of guilt or acceptance of responsibility is not required for this outcome to be used.
- ➤ Youth Alcohol and Drug Diversion (YADD): This is also an Outcome 22, which can be issued specifically for offences of possession of a small quantity of drugs or drunk and disorderly. The diversion offered is a short assessment and tailored workshop intervention that focusses on drug and alcohol education and exploitation where appropriate. The Diversionary activity is delivered in partnership with DHI Project 28, and children accessing this service can be offered ongoing intervention and support after their initial session.

Children are identified for diversion when they have accepted an offence. The Police can make a single agency decision to issue a CR to children who have not had any previous outcomes.

For all other children, the Police refer children to the joint YJS and Police Out of Court Resolution Decision Making Panel. When a child is referred to this panel, they are allocated to a Youth Justice Officer and a Prevention and Diversion Assessment will be completed to inform the decision. The decision will make reference to the Child Gravity Matrix referenced above.

At the YJS, we see the importance of diverting children from the formal justice system where possible. This work has been prioritised in previous years, and continues to be so, and this is evident through the YJS caseloads being predominately made up of Out of Court work.

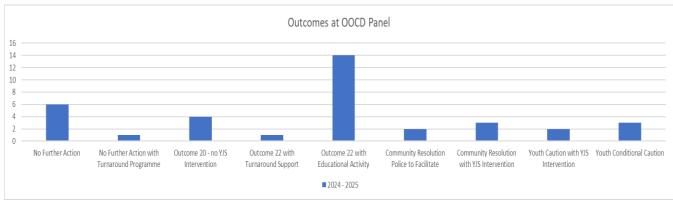
The Out of Court work is scrutinised by the YJS Partnership Board through an annual report. This report looks at a range of data including number and type of diversion, successful completions, gender and ethnicity and re-offending rates. OOCR work is also scrutinised through the Police and Crime Commissioner's OOCR Scrutiny Panel and through the A&S Tactical OOCR group, mentioned above.

It was highlighted in the HMIP Inspection Report that there are good arrangements in place with the Court and children are referred for consideration of an OOCR whenever appropriate. Once referred, the partnership takes a flexible approach to decision-making, demonstrating very strong practice through appropriate use of diversionary outcomes. This prevents children referred back from Court becoming first-time entrants.

Data

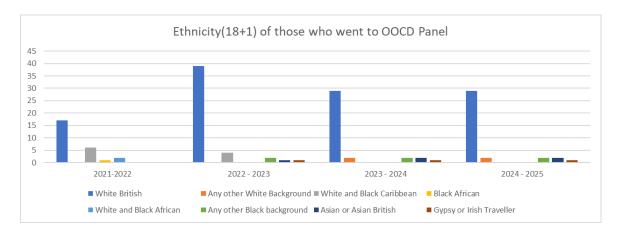
Between April 2024 and March 2025, 38 children received diversionary activity directly from the Police. For this reporting period, there has been a decrease in the number of children diverted to the Out of Court Resolution Panel. There were 36 outcomes from Panel in this reporting period, and a total of 33 individual children. In the previous reporting year, there were 61 outcomes. This can be explained by more children being referred to court in this period.

The most common outcome in 2024 to 2025 was for an Outcome 22 - Deferred Caution with YJS Intervention, 14 in total (39% of the outcomes). In the previous year, the most common outcome was a Community Resolution. In 2024 to 2025, 8% of children received a Youth Conditional Caution (YCC). This is a significant reduction from the previous year where 20% of the children received a YCC.



Of the 33 individual children, 83% were White British and 17% were from Black and Minority Ethnic backgrounds. The overall number of children referred to Out of Court Resolution Panel has decreased, compared to the previous year. There has been a decrease of from 25% to 17% of children from Black and Minority Ethnic backgrounds referred to Out of Court Resolution Panel.

For the majority of these cases, children from Minority Ethnic backgrounds received the same outcome as children who are White where they had committed similar offences. Where this was not their first outcome at panel, they have received a Caution. Most received non-substantive outcomes and some had no programmes offered.



5.5 Education

Attendance and engagement with education, training and employment (ETE) is one of the most significant protective factors for all children in supporting them to live positive lives. B&NES YJS prioritises work with children to support them into suitable ETE. Many of the children that we work with have difficulties with education that include Special Education Needs, lack of suitable provision to meet these needs, and suspension and exclusion from school.

The YJS employs an Education Officer who works closely with colleagues in the Education Inclusion Service, SEND team, Schools, Colleges, the Virtual School and the YJS. The Education Officer works directly with children and parents / carers to help them to consider their career goals, to navigate the complex world of education and advocate on their behalf in a range of forums. Each child who works with the YJS has a monthly ETE review with the Education Officer and their Case Manager to set, record and review related goals.

The Director for Education in B&NES sits on the YJS Partnership Board, and this year has presented reports to the Board on the work taking place to increase SEND provision in B&NES and the School's Race Equality Charter work. Both pieces of work link closely with the issues identified with this plan and are examples of activity to reduce disproportionality in B&NES.

The Education Officer prepares an annual report to the YJS Partnership Board to ensure that Board members are aware of the issues relating to education inclusion for the children in the YJS. Last year, the report was also being presented to the Schools Standards Board to ensure they are well-informed of the poor outcomes for some children in the YJS who experience school exclusion and late identification of SEN.

School Age Children - information from 2023 - 2024 academic year

Continued trend of higher number of school age children in YJS cohort.

The YJS has worked with 38 school age children on a Youth Justice Service (YJS) programme in the 2023 - 2024 academic year. As in the previous academic year this is two thirds of our total numbers. There is a continued trend of younger children (under 13 years of age) coming on to a YJS programme.

Majority of children have SEND.

- Like last year, the majority of children worked with in the YJS have Special Educational Needs with 55% having an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP) and 24% having an SEN Support Plan so 79% in total. This overall percentage is the same as last academic year but the numbers with an EHCP are higher and those with an SEN Support Plan are lower.
- The most common special needs for our children are ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder), ASD (Autistic Spectrum Disorder) and SEMH (Social Emotional and Mental Health issues). These presenting needs are nearly always an underlying factor in offending behaviour as well as in children struggling to engage with education.

High numbers who have had a previous Permanent Exclusion, although a reduction in numbers Permanently Excluded in this academic year.

- In the 2023-24 academic year **15** of the children supported by the YJS had had a Permanent Exclusion, compared to **12** in 2022 2023, nearly all of them within the previous 2 years.
- ➤ However, only 2 children were Permanently Excluded in the 2023 2024 academic year, compared to 9 children in 2022 2023 academic year.
- Many other children who were worked with were at high risk of an Exclusion and have had their education disrupted due to 'directions off site' to other schools and moves into Alternative Provision to avoid Permanent Exclusion.

High numbers in Alternative Learning Provision/Special schools.

- Again, high numbers of students working with the YJS have attended special schools (16%) or been educated in an Alternative Learning Provision (ALP) setting (64%). This is a total of 80% of the school aged children we have supported. The quality and outcomes from ALP placements can vary and some children still spend too long in ALP.
- Just 16% of the children on YJS programmes were learning in a mainstream school setting.

Education Provision reported as Unsuitable

The YJS is required to report to the Youth Justice Board on children in the Youth Justice system who were in unsuitable education (according to Youth Justice Board criteria). In 2023 - 2024 academic year, B&NES YJS reported 8 children who had a period of unsuitable education. In most cases these children had very few hours education provision for example a child on roll at a Special School receiving 11 hours Alternative Provision a week (including travel time).

Post 16 children (16 - 18 year-olds) – information from 2023 - 2024 academic year

The YJS has worked with 20 post 16 children this academic year compared to 22 in the 2022 - 2023 academic year.

Fewer children with an EHCP.

➤ In contrast to the school age cohort fewer post 16 children supported by YJS had an EHCP – 50% had an EHC Plan (or a ceased EHC Plan) compared to 59% last academic year.

More children sustaining a Further Education course.

▶ 13 of our Post 16 children had started a further education programme in September 2023 and 12 were still on their course by the end of their YJS programme or end of their course (the other young person moved into a job). A high number of the children in Further Education were on the Learning4Work (L4W) programme provided by Bath College in partnership with Youth Connect South West, which is a bespoke programme for learners with an EHCP who are not ready for a mainstream college course.

Work, Training and other ETE.

A small number of children had some kind of work during the academic year but had not been able to sustain this.

Fewer children NEET.

This academic year, just 25% of our post 16 children have had a period of being Not in Education, Employment or Training (NEET) during their YJS programme. In all these cases living arrangements have been a barrier to them finding or staying in employment. Only 2 children were NEET for the whole duration of their YJS programme.

Examples of work in the YJS to improve ETE outcomes:

- Working in partnership with education providers and other support agencies to improve engagement and attendance – either via CIN or CORE groups or by convening a TAC group where no other multi-agency group is in place.
- Contributing to EHCP processes supporting parents apply for a needs assessment, providing needs assessment reports, regular liaison and follow ups with SEND colleagues.
- > Supporting children to understand their strengths and interests and make plans for the future.

- Supporting Year 11 students in making Post 16 choices and supporting them in making applications and plans for the future and providing transition support over the summer.
- ➤ High levels of face-to-face and practical support, for example, taking children to their provision, visiting new provision, supporting children apply for and enrol for post 16 courses.
- Supporting children in compiling CVs and applying for apprenticeships/jobs.
- > Transitions support for young people changing schools or starting Post 16 programmes.
- Advocacy and support for children and parents in behaviour and re-integration meetings in schools.
- Improving education and training provision for young people through support and joint working with schools and SEND Team.
- Contributing to the development and extension of ALP programmes, ensuring the child and parents voice is heard.
- Supporting children and parent with understanding and navigating EHCP processes

5.6 Restorative Approaches and Victims

As part of the statutory duty to comply with the Code of Practice for Victims ¹⁷, the Youth Justice Service has a dedicated Victim Worker (Police Officer) who is responsible for contacting victims of crime at both Out of Court Resolution stage and through the Court process. Victims are offered the opportunity to take part in a restorative justice process, either directly (face-to-face meetings) or indirectly (through 'shuttle mediation' where the Youth Justice Service acts as a gobetween). In addition, they are consulted on their views of reparation for the harm caused and this may include community reparation or a letter of explanation or responsibility to the person harmed.

Indirect reparation, where children are able to give something back to the community, participate in development of services or design ways of sharing information with others, continues to be a strength in the Service. Children are not always clear what is being asked of them and a significant part of the work involves building confidence. One child helped develop a leaflet explaining reparation to others and this is now used in introductory work, and another developed a leaflet to help explain the Referral Order process. Children can build on strengths and develop new skills through undertaking reparation and that they are often proud of and affirmed by their work.

Below are some case examples of work completed in the past year for restorative approaches and reparation. All names have been altered for confidentiality.

¹⁷ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/the-code-of-practice-for-victims-of-crime/code-of-practice-for-victims-of-crime-in-england-and-wales-victims-code

Case Example from Restorative Justice Work

- D was on a Referral Order for an Assault GBH against a victim. Whilst in company with his peers, D was photographed by a security guard when he entered some premises as a trespasser. D then punched the security guard several times in the face and ran off. This caused a fractured cheek bone that required emergency surgery and a metal plate to be fitted.
- D wanted to apologise, and said he was sorry for the harm he had caused. The YJS worker and the YJS Police Officer met with both the child and the victim to consider restorative justice. Initially the victim was reluctant to consider RJ but after understanding that the child was regretful about what happened, they agreed to meet. Individual meetings and shuttle mediation were carried out with both parties to prepare for them to meet. D was shocked to learn the extent of the injury to the victim and he became more determined in apologising.
- The face-to-face meeting went well and was an emotional experience for all involved. The ice was broken initially with conversation and both the child and the victim shared things with each other about their lives. They talked about what happened on the day of the offence and they were able to understand each other's perspective better.
- Feedback from the victim has been that this meeting helped them to gain closure on what happened. The child has shared that he also felt a big weight had been lifted from his shoulders and was glad he had the opportunity to apologise in person.

Case Example from Reparation Work

- I have been working with B for 5 months now. We initially met with his case worker to discuss reparation. We discussed possible activities and listened to B's interests and ideas around what he would like to do for reparation. It was clear that he would like to be outdoors in nature as he felt this was 'good for his mental health'. We decided on reparation at a farm, which is a part of the Avon Wildlife Trust, where we would support the maintenance of their allotment which is used in the catering side of the farm.
- From the very first session, B has been enthusiastic about being outside in such a peaceful setting. B has shown maturity in engaging with staff at the farm and is always polite, respectful and keen to complete the tasks given. It has been a positive experience for B to be able to see the progress of the allotment over the time we have worked there. The staff are always on hand to talk to B about the work he is doing and how much it benefits them at the farm, and the clients they serve. B has thanked the staff for letting him work there and giving him a chance, he reflected that he has enjoyed seeing that he is making a difference and helping others.
- We have worked throughout the seasons and B has never complained about the cold, frost, rain and even snow. Now the weather is more settled, we are making the sessions longer and B is keen to carry on working as long as we can to make sure he gets the task done.
- Working together at the farm, we have built a positive relationship, and this has enabled B to open up about his family life and the difficulties he has faced. He reflects on his past and is keen to make positive changes in his life in order to 'stay on the right path' and 'have a good future'
- B has given positive feedback about his reparation experience stating:

- 'Being here is so peaceful, it really helps my mental health being outside in the peace and quiet'
- 'I could see myself doing a job like this in the future, I really enjoy working outside and seeing all the food grow'
- 'This has helped my mental health so much and it's good knowing I am helping others; I actually look forward to coming'

5.7 Serious Violence, Exploitation and Contextual Safeguarding

Tackling child exploitation and reducing serious violence are priorities for strategic partnerships in B&NES.

Most of the violent offences committed by children do not reach the 'serious violence' threshold. However, there were three fatal stabbings of teenagers in 2022 and 2023 and the community have a heightened awareness of the dangers of carrying knives.

Since late 2019, B&NES has participated in the Avon and Somerset 'hub and spoke' Violence Reduction Partnership, utilising Home Office funding to undertake strategic needs assessments and agree partnership plans for addressing the issues identified and procuring some direct services.

From 31 January 2023, under the Police, Crime, Sentencing and Courts Act 2022, specified authorities including Youth Justice Services, have been required to work together to prevent and reduce serious violence. The duties include fully engaging with the relevant local partnership, sharing data, supporting the publication of a strategic needs assessment, advising in appropriate responses and assisting in the delivery of prevention and early intervention initiatives.

Locally, there is a Children's Exploitation Subgroup which reports into the Children's Safeguarding Strategic Assurance Group. There is also a Serious Violence Steering Group, chaired by the YJS Head of Service, which reports into the wider Avon and Somerset Violence Reduction Partnership and the Community Safety Delivery Group. The work adopts a public health approach to addressing serious violence, prioritising under-25s involved in public space violence with a particular focus on sharing information at a multi-agency level about individuals, networks and places of concern in order that issues can be addressed collaboratively. The Youth Justice Service has been closely involved in this work from the outset as both areas of work are led locally by the same Head of Service.

The B&NES Partnership have completed a strategic needs assessment. The activity to reduce serious violence that the partnership has commissioned and co-ordinated has included detached youth work, lived experience mentors, Street Doctors Training, Alternative Routes Workshops and Belonging Workshops in Schools, Night Time Economy Joint Briefings, Surrender Bins, Bleed Control Kits, Parent Kinfe Crime Awareness Sessions and staff training.

5.8 Detention in Police Custody

The Youth Justice Partnership works to prevent children from being remanded or sentenced to custody or held overnight in Police custody wherever possible, and to challenge, understand, address and/or learn from the instances when children are detained.

The long established, multi-agency Custody Review Panel meets quarterly and reviews instances of B&NES children being detained. It undertakes multi-agency self-audits against national and local standards and guidance to ensure that legal and other agreed processes have been followed and that no opportunities to influence a different outcome have been missed. The Panel also promotes excellent standards of information sharing, assessment and planning by the Youth Justice Service and Children's Social Care so that Courts receive high quality information on which to base their remand and sentencing decisions.

Membership is drawn from:

- Youth Justice Service
- Police
- Children's Social Care
- Strategy and Commissioning
- Head of Children's Quality Assurance
- Emergency Duty Team
- Liaison and Diversion Service

The Custody Review Panel reviews all episodes where a B&NES child was held overnight in Police custody in Avon and Somerset, whether charged or not. Police review their Custody Records to ensure that local guidance was followed and where a child was charged, they review practice against the national Concordat. The Emergency Duty Team audit against their own guidance to ensure they were proactive in seeking placements where asked and Children's Social Care audit to ensure a detained child received a welfare visit. Identified learning is recorded and actions agreed, often including sharing the learning with colleagues to influence future practice.

5.9 Remands

The Custody Review Panel reviews secure remands to ensure opportunities to influence a community remand were not missed and to understand whether there are grounds for supporting a Bail application. One child was subject to a secure remand in the area during 2023 - 2024 and none during 2024 - 2025. In the remand episode in 2023, the Custody Review Panel agreed that all other options for bail had been considered and extensively used prior to the Court using the Secure Remand option.

In 2024, it was agreed that in cases of any future remands to custody for children, there would be a multi-agency learning review conducted and led by the BCSSP.

In the coming year, the YJS Partnership and Custody Review Panel will review the new Concordat on Youth Remands ¹⁹ to ensure our local practices are meeting the requirements.

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https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/5a82211140f0b6230269afee/Concordat on Children in Custod y ISBN Accessible.pdf

¹⁹ https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/67c05398750837d7604dbc44/youth-remand-concordat.pdf

5.10 Use of Custody and Constructive Resettlement

Historically, and recently, B&NES has had a very small number of children who are sentenced to custody. It is positive that the custody rate is low, however, those children who are sentenced are among the most vulnerable in society and B&NES YJS and strategic partners work to avoid this as an outcome where possible.

As stated above, in 2024, it was agreed that the BCSSP would lead a multi-agency learning review for any children sentenced to custody. This involves taking a look back at the child's journey through services such as health, education, social care and the youth justice service to identify if any opportunities were missed and learning could be applied to future work.

The Custody Review Panel also reviews instances of any children who are at risk of custody. Pro-active cross-agency identification of children considered to be at risk of custody in the foreseeable future leads to seeking assurance that they have a positive relationship with a professional who is supporting them:

- to keep them safe, and particularly to screen them to understand and help address any exploitation.
- to address their likelihood of offending and manage any risk they present to others.
- to retain or access suitable accommodation.
- to retain or access education, employment or training.
- where relevant, to support compliance with Court expectations.

One child received a Detention and Training Order in 2024 - 2025. A multi-agency learning review, led by the BCSSP, was undertaken highlighting the importance good information sharing when a child moves to a different local authority, ensuring that risks inside and outside the home are fully considered for older children, and how adultification can impact professionals' view of a child's resilience. Good practice was identified in relation to support provided to the child while they were in custody, the use of the social graces tool and to support the child to develop their sense of identity.

The service approach to resettlement is adapted to each child's unique situation, led by the allocated YJS Case Manager and Social Worker who prioritises maintaining positive relationships with the child in custody. Planning for resettlement starts at the very beginning of the sentence to ensure that any children leaving custody have access to suitable accommodation and ETE options.

B&NES YJS has an up-to-date Resettlement Policy which references YJB Case Management Guidance ²⁰ and the YJB document 'How to Make Resettlement Constructive'²¹. It is essential that resettlement is planned at the outset of the sentence and adheres to the child first principles.

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²⁰ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/custody-and-resettlement/custody-and-resettlement-section-7-case-management-guidance

²¹ https://yjresourcehub.uk/custody-and-resettlement/item/610-how-to-make-resettlement-constructive-yjb-document.html

5.11 Working with Families

Youth Justice Service practitioners are experienced and practiced in working with the parents, carers and families of children open to the service and will provide levels of support and communication with care givers so that the child has the most chance of successfully completing their order or programme.

Support is offered through both individual work directly with parents and carers in their homes and through group work parenting programmes that are delivered by the Connecting Families team in the Local Authority. In 2025, a practice guide has been completed, which has included contributions from parents and carers we have worked with in the service, to guide practitioners in their work with families.

There are 5 practitioners in Compass and the statutory YJS who are trained to deliver the accredited Family Links Parenting Programme, and this knowledge is incorporated into the support we provide, as a service, to parents and carers. YJS support to parents can include mediation work, work to strengthen the relationship between care giver and child and education to parents and carers about exploitation and knife crime.

All aspects of the YJS have close links with Early Help as well as services for children open on Child in Need or Child Protection Plans and children who are Looked After. Practitioners work to ensure plans and interventions are coordinated to avoid duplication as well as not overwhelming parents and children with multiple professionals entering their lives at stressful and difficult times.

The YJS also provides a wealth of support to parents and carers in relation to education, including advocating to providers to identify and assess for educational needs, and supporting them to navigate the often-complex world of education.

6. Sign off Submission and Approval

This Youth Justice Plan has been shared with the Youth Justice Partnership Board for review and endorsement. The Plan has been signed by the YJS Partnership Board Chair on their behalf and confirms that it covers all sections required by the Youth Justice Board.

In accordance with 'Regulation 4 of the Local Authorities (Functions and responsibilities) England Regulations 2000', Youth Justice Plans must be approved by the full council of the local authority. This Youth Justice Plan is subject to the scrutiny and approval processes of B&NES local authority.

It will be considered for approval by the Council's Cabinet on 10th July 2025 and full Council on 17th July 2025.

| Chair of Board | Christopher Wilford, Interim Director of Children and Education Service |
|----------------|---|
| Signature | GORI |
| Date | 9 th June 2025 |

Appendix 1: Budget Costs and Contributions for 2025 - 2026

| Agency | Staffing costs | Payments in kind | Pooled budget | Total |
|---|----------------|---|---------------|----------|
| Police | 71,740 | 1 FTE Police Constable. Access to Police National Computer and Niche | 5,000 | 76,740 |
| Probation | 24,090 | 0.5 FTE Probation Officer and 0.16 FTE Probation Service Officer | 5,000 | 29,090 |
| B&NES ICB (Health) | 45,164 | 0.4 FTE Nurse and 0.2 FTE Speech and Language Therapist | 14,885 | 60,049 |
| B&NES Council (Education and Social Care) | 489,896 | Keynsham office, HR and finance support (£8906 from EAC05/£9779 from KEA01) | 18,685 | 508,581 |
| Youth Justice Board | £237,728 | | N/A | £237,728 |
| Ministry of Justice (Turnaround) | 37,586 | | N/A | 37,586 |
| Total | | | | 949,774 |

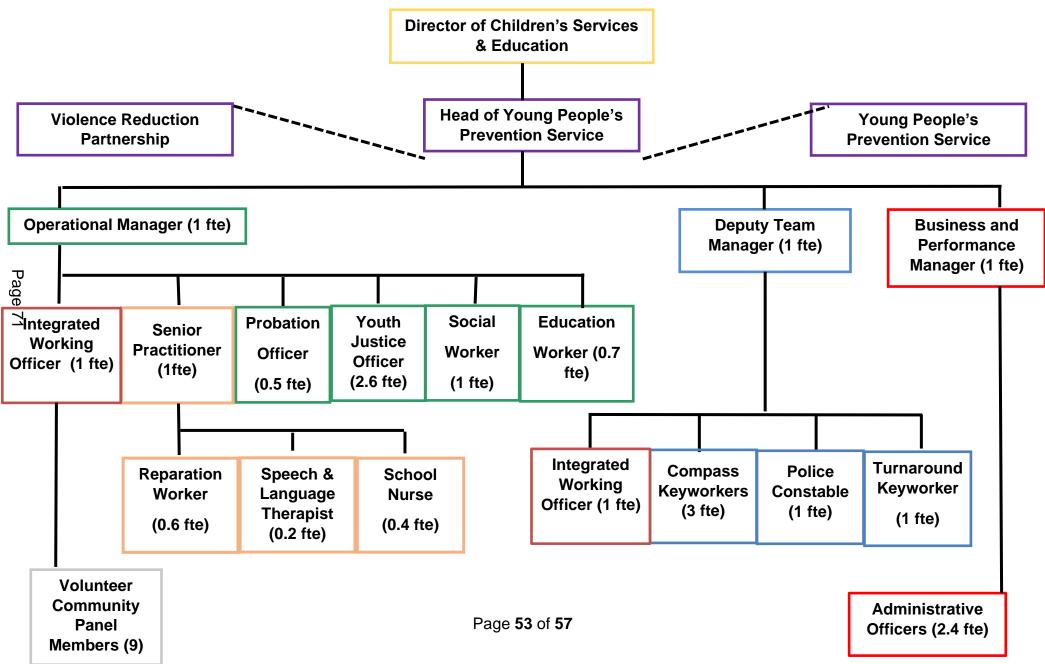
Appendix 2: Staffing Structure

| | | | | | Team Manager | | | Practitioner | | | Administrator | | | Sessional | | | 5 | Stud | ent | Vo | ers | Total | | | |
|---|------|---|---|-------|-----------------|---|-------|--------------|---|-------|---------------|---|-------|-----------|---|-------|---|------|-------|----|-----|-------|---|---|-------|
| | | М | F | Other | М | F | Other | М | F | Other | M | F | Other | М | F | Other | М | F | Other | М | F | Other | М | F | Other |
| Asian or Asian British - Bangladeshi | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asian or Asian British - India | n | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | |
| Asian or Asian British - Other Asian | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asian or Asian British - Pakis | tani | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Black or Black British - Africa | an | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | |
| ၂Black or Black British – Caribbean | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| Black or Black British - Other Black | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chinese | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed - Other Mixed | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed - White and Asian | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed - White and Black Afric | an | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mixed - White and Black Caribbean | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Not stated | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Ethnic Group - Any Oth | ier | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Other Ethnic Group - Arab | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|----|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|----|---|
| White - British | 1 | | 2 | | 14 | 1 | 3 | | | 1 | 1 | 5 | | 24 | 1 |
| White - Gypsy or Irish Traveller | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White - Irish | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White - Other White | | | | | 2 | | | | | | | | | 2 | |
| Total | 1 | | 2 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 3 | | | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 27 | 1 |



Youth Justice Service Organisational Chart



Appendix 3 Inspection Improvement Plan

| Recommendation | Actions | Date to be Achieved | Who |
|--|--|---------------------|------------------------|
| The YJS should ensure all children given an Out-of-Court Resolution receive high-quality | Deliver a day's training to all practitioners on the Prevention and Diversion Assessment Tool. | November 2024 | OM and SP |
| assessment activity that considers all risk factors that impact on the safety of both the child and the community. | Provide specific guidance to Case Managers around the structure for completion of the sections of the tool around: safety for others and safety and wellbeing for the child. | April 2025 | ОМ |
| T | Deliver a day's refresh training to Case Managers about assessments to keep the child safe and to keep others safe. | June 2025 | OM and DTM |
| Page 72 | For Managers who quality assure Out of Court assessments to undertake a joint quality assurance exercise to ensure consistency and reflection. | June 2025 | OM, DTM and SP |
| | For YJS Managers to jointly Audit 4 Out of Court Resolutions to ensure consistency and reflection. | April 2025 | HoS, OM, DTM and SP |
| | In Supervision, to ensure that any new behaviours or offences are considered in light of changing assessment of risk of harm or safety and wellbeing. | On going | HoS, OM, DTM and SP |

| Recommendation | Actions | Date to be Achieved | Who |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| The Youth Justice Management Board should develop its understanding of quality victim work practice and implement effective local performance indicators. | Review the new HMIP Guidance and YJB Guidance regarding Victim work. | March 2025 | HoS, BPM, and DTM |
| | Agree with the YJS Partnership Bboard what our performance measures will be and frequency of reporting. | March 2025 | HoS and the Board |
| Pa | Ensure the YJS Victim Worker understands the reporting requirements. | April 2025 | DTM and BPM |
| Page 73 | Create a Victim Reporting spreadsheet | April 2025 | ВРМ |
| | Ensure all participants in restorative justice have an opportunity to provide feedback on the service. | May 2025 | DTM |
| | Submit an annual report to the Board for oversight of victim work. | April 2026 | DTM and BPM |

| Recommendation | Actions | Date to be Achieved | Who |
|---|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| The Youth Justice Management Board should facilitate attendance by all key professionals at the joint decision-making panel in line with the Youth Justice Board's national guidance. | Partnership Board Members for CSC and Education to nominate an Education and Children's Social Care professional to join the Out of Court Resolution Panel. | April 2025 | HoS and the Board |
| | YJS to provide training and input about OOCR's and their role to the new Panel Members. | June 2025 | HoS and OM |
| Page | YJS to review OOCR practice guidance in light of panel changes | July 2025 | HoS and OM |
| 74 | | | |

| Recommendation | Actions | Date to be Achieved | Who |
|--|--|---------------------|----------------------|
| The Youth Justice Management Board should review the use and application of the formal risk register to ensure it is effective in identifying, prioritising, managing and mitigating risks to the YJS. | Review the current Risk Register with the B&NES council department for a suggested re-structure. | April 2025 | HoS and the Board |
| | Request two Board Members to contribute to the Review of the Risk Register. | June 2025 | HoS and the Board |

| Table the revised Risk Register to the YJS Partnership Board in July. | July 2025 | HoS |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Review the new risk register on a bi-annual basis | January and July 2026 | HoS and the Board |

Roles:

HoS = Head of Service

OM = Operational Manager
TM = Deputy Team Manager

95P = Senior Practitioner

BPM = Business and Performance Manager

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Equality Impact Assessment / Equality Analysis

(Updated December 2022)

| Item name | Details |
|--|--|
| Title of service or policy | Youth Justice Service |
| Name of directorate and service | Children's Services and Education, Youth Justice Service |
| Name and role of officers completing the EIA | Carla Cooper, Interim Head of Service Young People's Prevention |
| Date of assessment | 14 th June 2024 – refreshed on 1 st May 2025 |

Equality Impact Assessment (or 'Equality Analysis') is a process of systematically analysing a new or existing policy or service to identify what impact or likely impact it will have on different groups within the community. The main aim is to identify any discriminatory or negative consequences for a particular group or sector of the community, and also to identify areas where equality can be better promoted. Equality impact Assessments (EIAs) can be carried out in relation to services provided to customers and residents as well as employment policies/strategies that relate to staffing matters.

This toolkit has been developed to use as a framework when carrying out an Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) or Equality Analysis. **Not all sections will be relevant – so leave blank any that are not applicable**. It is intended that this is used as a working document throughout the process, and a final version will be published on the Council's website.

1.1 Identify the aims of the policy or service and how it is implemented

| Key questions | Answers / notes |
|---|--|
| 1.1 Briefly describe purpose of the service/policy e.g. How the service/policy is delivered and by whom If responsibility for its implementation is shared with other departments or organisations Intended outcomes | The Youth Justice Service (YJS) works with children aged 10-17 who have come to attention of the Police due to their behaviour or who are assessed as being at risk of offending. Services are delivered by a multiagency team including Police, Probation, Health, Social Care and Education staff. These and other agencies work together to address the needs of children in the youth justice system, many of whom have had difficult childhood experiences within or beyond their homes and some of whom have been traumatised by these experiences. The YJS has a statutory duty to prevent youth offending by 10-17 year olds, measured by reducing first time entrants, reduced re-offending and reduced use of custodial sentences. The YJS actively works to support children to engage in education, training and employment, as this is a positive protective factor against offending. It also works for other positive outcomes. The YJS also works with parents/carers and offers restorative services to those harmed by children's offending. |
| 1.2 Provide brief details of the scope of the policy or service being reviewed, for example: | The YJS was established in 2000, under the Crime and Disorder Act 1998. The same legislation introduced a requirement to produce an |

| Is it a new service/policy or review of an existing one? Is it a national requirement?). How much room for review is there? | annual Youth Justice Plan. The YJB publishes annual guidance for the Plan. |
|---|--|
| 1.3 Do the aims of this policy link to or conflict with any other policies of the Council? | The aim to prevent offending links well with the Children and Young People's Plan ambitions for children to be safe, be healthy, have fair life chances and become engaged citizens in their community. The YJS wants to see children thrive and works to support a wide range of positive outcomes. |

2. Consideration of available data, research and information

| Key questions | Data, research and information that you can refer to |
|---|--|
| 2.1 What equalities training have staff received to enable them to understand the needs of our | In 2023, we held an all staff 2-day training on Diversity, Cultural Competence and Unconscious Bias. This training was delivered by Stand Against Racism and Inequality (SARI) |
| diverse community? | In 2024, Practitioners attended 2 half day workshops with SARI. One about having conversation with children about identity and the other about how to respond to a child who is showing discriminatory views. The second workshop was delivered in response to the racist violence seen in the summer of 2024. |
| | All staff are required to complete the B&NES Equalities training as part of their induction. |
| | Staff can also access the monthly reflective practice sessions delivered by SARI. |
| 2.2 What is the equalities profile of service users? | Service users are predominantly male (approx. 80% to 85%). There is disproportionality and over representation of children from minority ethnic backgrounds and children with special |

| | education needs and disabilities (SEND). This percentages fluctuate due to small numbers but consistently over the years, this over-representation can be clearly seen. |
|---|---|
| 2.3 Are there any recent customer satisfaction surveys to refer to? What were the results? Are there any gaps? Or differences in experience/outcomes? | There is an annual report presented to the Partnership Board which gathers feedback from services – both parents / carers and children. In the year 2024, we have reviewed how we collect feedback and have just started using a QR code. We have also included a new question about diversity and identity asking service users if they felt their individual needs has been recognised and responded to. The satisfaction levels are generally excellent. There have not been any particular themes from service users about areas for improvement and most service users report feeling listened to, respected and that the service has been helpful. |
| 2.4 What engagement or consultation has been undertaken as part of this EIA and with whom? What were the results? | We have created a good practice guide for staff, to be used in induction, to ensure there are clear expectations when working with children from minority ethnic groups, so that we tackle disproportionality where we can. This practice guide was developed in consultation with children and young people who attend the supplementary school with Black Families Education Support Group. The consultation saw advice to staff about how to communicate with children about their identity and recognising the discrimination they have likely experienced. |
| 2.5 If you are planning to undertake any consultation in the future regarding this service or policy, how will you include equalities considerations within this? | The Youth Justice Plan includes an action to refresh participation practice. We are in the process of setting up a focus group with parents / carers. |

3. Assessment of impact: 'Equality analysis'

Based upon any data you have considered, or the results of consultation or research, use the spaces below to demonstrate you have analysed how the service or policy:

- Meets any particular needs of equalities groups or could help promote equality in some way.
- Could have a negative or adverse impact for any of the equalities groups

| Key questions | Examples of what the service has done to promote equality | Examples of actual or potential negative or adverse impact and what steps have been or could be taken to address this |
|---|--|---|
| 3.1 Issues relating to all groups and protected characteristics | The YJS holds regular reflective practice meetings. As it moves towards becoming a more systemic service, it is using Burnham's 'social graces' to remind staff to consider the individual and equalities characteristics of those worked with. Equalities is a standing item on all team meetings' agendas and in most individual staff Supervision. One of the YJS key priorities is 'Embedding Child First Principles'. This is to ensure children are seen as children and not through the label as being 'offenders'. | Children known to the YJS are potentially stigmatised as young offenders although they are regarded as children first by our service. The YJS promotes this perspective amongst other criminal justice partners. |
| 3.2 Sex – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on women and men. | There is a smaller proportion of girls in the youth justice system than the general population and we are curious about why this is, although it is a national picture. | The children's workforce has expressed concern about girls and offending based on what they are seeing and what children and others tell them. |

| | Due to small numbers, we need to ensure the service meets the needs of girls. We do this by ensuring all our interventions are individually tailored rather than 'off the peg programmes' that are used for everyone. | There have been examples where girls have been arrested for offences that are clearly linked to mental health needs and self-harming. The Out of Court Resolution Panel has sought to divert them from the formal justice system where possible. |
|---|--|--|
| 3.3 Pregnancy and maternity | No data is reported to show the proportion of pregnant children known to the YJS although anecdotally, the number would be very low. Work with pregnant girls would be based on their full assessment, and the service would be delivered in a very bespoke way and kept under careful review as the pregnancy progresses. | |
| | There is a school nurse in the YJS, so we would ensure strong links with her to offer the most appropriate service to any children who are pregnant while working with the YJS. | |
| 3.4 Gender reassignment – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on transgender people | All children working with the YJS are asked to self-identify their gender. Any children who are questioning their gender or considering a transition can be referred to partner agencies such as Off the Record. | The YJS does not have a depth of experience working with transgender children, so we are aware that there could be a lack of knowledge, bias and struggle to keep up to date. Staff can access consultation from CAMHS and SARI about the issue as required. |

3.5 Disability – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on disabled people (ensure consideration both physical, sensory and mental impairments and mental health)

The greatest disproportionality in the YJS is children with Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) and with Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCP's) and there are a number of concerns about these, including practice and participation in annual reviews.

The service is promoting equality in this area by working with our Speech and Language Therapist to create communication profiles for children in court (and sometimes also used in schools) so that the professionals around them do not misinterpret their behaviour and they know the best way to communicate with them so they understand and can engage with the process. Children are asked questions about their sensory and emotional health needs and plans are devised on an individual basis to remove any barriers to engagement.

The service undertakes regular training and consultation with CAMHS and Speech and Language Therapy to ensure we are working in the best way with children with neuro-diversity and additional needs to ensure we remove any barriers to engagement and completion of their programmes with YJS.

One of the issues for children with SEND in the justice system is ensuring they understand what is happening and the courts and police are informed on how to best communicate with them to ensure best outcomes.

The delays in EHCP's being issued and waiting lists for diagnoses can exacerbate the problem faced by these children. YJS advocates on behalf of children and families in these situations.

| | The YJS has worked together with Inclusion and SEN teams to create an enhanced offer, similar to that offered to children on CP Plans, for children in the YJS with SEN. Children have been profoundly impacted during the pandemic and the YJS approaches its work with an understanding that emotional and mental health issues will be present for all the children it works with to some extent. If children working with the YJS have sight or hearing issues, we would contact the relevant teams through the School Nurse or the Disabled Children's Team for advice and the most appropriate support for these children and to ensure they can fully access our service. | |
|--|--|--|
| 3.6 Age – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on different age groups | The whole Plan is written about the YJS's work with children aged 8-17 in the preventative Compass service and aged 10-17 in the statutory part of the service. We are aware of the importance of good transitions to adult services and hold regular transitions meeting with our Probation colleagues, so that any children who are approaching adulthood | B&NES has identified that the strategy for transitioning young people from children to adult services is a priority action. We are planning Adultification training for staff in 2025/26 as part of our strategic priority to be child first in our approach. B&NES council has passed a motion for Care experienced to be a protected characteristic. |

| | and who may be transferred are prepared in the best way possible. | |
|---|--|---|
| 3.7 Race – identify the impact/potential impact on across different ethnic groups | Nationally and locally, children from minority ethnic groups are over-represented in the justice system. This is particularly seen in the levels of custody rates for black and mixed heritage boys. The YJS is participating in work at an Avon and Somerset level Tackling Disproportionality. We have an Anti-Racism action plan which is reviewed and updated on an annual basis. The work in this plan is strategic and at an operational level. The work includes collaborating with education colleagues to address inequalities in exclusion and suspensions, with police to ensure diversions from the formal justice system are offered fairly across all ethnicities and at a team level regarding monitoring good practice, training and participation work with children. YJS uses translation and interpretation services for any children or parents and carers where English is not their first language. | The adverse impacts here are that the vulnerabilities of minority ethnic children are missed, they are not offered preventative services and can be suspended and excluded from school at higher rates than their white counterparts, leaving them vulnerable to exploitation and offending. B&NES has a Race Equality Task Force, which is promoting the Race Equality Charter Mark for schools to tackle this issue. The Virtual school is also leading on a strategic group looking at issues such as school exclusions and suspensions and aiming to reduce disproportionality. |

| 3.8 Sexual orientation – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on lesbian, gay, bisexual, heterosexual people | The service is aware of issues of discrimination faced by children who identify as LGBTQ+. All children are asked about their identity, and we aim to ensure that at every point of the service we offer, we take the child's individual and diverse needs into account. YJS can refer children to Off the Record for support around sexual orientation. | |
|---|---|--|
| 3.9 Marriage and civil partnership – does the policy/strategy treat married and civil partnered people equally? | No data is reported and numbers would be very low in this service for children. | We do not anticipate there would be any adverse impact due to marriage or civil partnership. |
| 3.10 Religion/belief – identify the impact/potential impact of the policy on people of different religious/faith groups and also upon those with no religion. | All children and their parents / carers are asked about their religion and beliefs to ensure that the service we offer takes any particular requirements into account. | YJS staff are trained in and aware of any issues relating to radicalisation and the Prevent agenda. |
| 3.11 Socio-economically disadvantaged* – identify the impact on people who are disadvantaged due to factors like family background, educational attainment, neighbourhood, employment status can influence life chances (this is not a legal requirement, but is a local priority). | There is not data on this issue, but the YJS routinely works with children from disadvantaged backgrounds. | These disadvantages can make children more vulnerable to exploitation and offending and to poor outcomes in education and future employment opportunities. |
| 3.12 Rural communities* identify the impact / potential impact on people living in rural communities | Many of the children the YJS works with live in rural communities. | |

| | We need to ensure they are supported to access services and that they can access our service without any disadvantage. One example of this is to ensure that Referral Order Panel Meetings are held in children's local communities or if that is not possible, the YJS will provide suitable transport for them to attend. | |
|--|--|--|
| 3.13 Armed Forces Community ** serving members; reservists; veterans and their families, including the bereaved. Public services are required by law to pay due regard to the Armed Forces Community when developing policy, procedures and making decisions, particularly in the areas of public housing, education and healthcare (to remove disadvantage and consider special provision). | No data is reported to show the proportion of Armed Forces children known to the YJS although anecdotally, the number would be very low. | |

^{*}There is no requirement within the public sector duty of the Equality Act to consider groups who may be disadvantaged due to socio economic status, or because of living in a rural area. However, these are significant issues within B&NES and have therefore been included here.

^{**} The Equality Act does not cover armed forces community. However, the Armed Forces Bill (which came in on 22 Nov 2022) introduces a requirement to pay 'due regard' to make sure the Armed Forces Community are not disadvantaged when accessing public services.

4. Bath and North East Somerset Council & NHS B&NES Equality Impact Assessment Improvement Plan

Please list actions that you plan to take as a result of this assessment/analysis. These actions should be based upon the analysis of data and engagement, any gaps in the data you have identified, and any steps you will be taking to address any negative impacts or remove barriers. The actions need to be built into your service planning framework. Actions/targets should be measurable, achievable, realistic and time framed.

| Issues identified | Actions required | Progress milestones | Officer responsible | By when |
|--|---|---|---------------------|---------|
| Over-representation of children from minority ethnic groups – in particular those from a mixed heritage. | Implementation of recommendations in the Tackling Disproportionality report. Undertake Adultification training Ensure all policies refer to equity, inclusion and diversity. See Anti-Racism Action Plan | Seeing fewer children from minority ethnic backgrounds in the youth justice system | Head of Service | |
| Over-representation of children with EHCPs and wider SEND needs in the youth justice system | Speech and language therapy and SEND processes training to be delivered to all staff as part of the induction package. Education Psychology Service is offering time to YJS to offer consultation and assessments for children to ensure their needs do not go unidentified. | Seeing children with SEN in suitable education Hearing the practitioners feel more confident in meeting the needs of children with neuro-diversity | Head of Service | |

5. Sign off and publishing

Once you have completed this form, it needs to be 'approved' by your Divisional Director or their nominated officer. Following this sign off, send a copy to the Equalities Team (equality@bathnes.gov.uk), who will publish it on the Council's and/or NHS B&NES' website. Keep a copy for your own records.

Signed off by: Christopher Wilford, Interim Director Children's Services.

Date: 1st May 2025

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| Bath & North East Somerset Council | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|------|--|
| MEETING: | Cabinet | | | |
| MEETING | EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE: | | | |
| DATE: | 10 July 2025 | | 3579 | |
| TITLE: Revenue & Capital Outturn 2024/25 | | | | |
| WARD: | All | | | |
| | AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM | | | |
| List of attachments to this report: | | | | |
| Appendix 1: Detailed Revenue Budget Outturn Appendices 2(i) & 2(ii): Proposed Revenue Virements & Revised Revenue Cash Limits 2024/25 | | | | |

Limits 2024/25

Appendix 3: Detailed Capital Variance & Rephasing Requests 2024/25

Appendices 4(i) & 4(ii): Capital Virements & Capital Programme by Portfolio 2024/25

Appendix 5 – Revenue Savings Monitor

THE ISSUE

- 1.1 The report presents the revenue and capital outturn for 2024/25, highlighting a material improvement in the position at year end with a minor adverse revenue outturn position of £0.21m after allowing for agreed transfers to/from reserves and carry forwards. This is an improvement of £0.77m from the reported position in the Quarter 3 forecast.
- 1.2 The report refers to requests to carry forward specific revenue budget items to 2025/26 and to write-off revenue over budgets where recovery in future years would have an adverse impact on continuing service delivery.
- 1.3 It is proposed that the £0.21m adverse variance is funded from the Revenue Budget Contingency earmarked reserve to give an on-budget position.
- 1.4 The report also refers to requests to re-phase specific capital budget items to 2025/26 and to remove net capital underspends.

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet is asked to:

- 2.1 Note the revenue budget outturn on budget position for 2024/25, after allowing for carry forwards and transfers to reserves.
- 2.2 Approve the revenue carry forward proposals listed in the tables in paragraph 3.6.
- 2.3 Approve that all other over budgets are written-off as an exception to the Budget Management Rules for 2024/25.
- 2.4 Approve the transfer of £0.21m from corporate earmarked reserves.
- 2.5 Note the revenue virements for 2024/25 reported for information in Appendix 2(i).
- 2.6 Note the reserve positions and the use of flexible capital receipts shown in paragraphs 3.17 to 3.19.
- 2.7 Note the outturn position of the 2024/25 capital programme in paragraph 3.33, and the funding outlined in paragraph 3.36.
- 2.8 Approve the capital rephasing and write-off of net underspends as listed in Appendix 3. This reflects the outturn spend position on projects against final budgets as detailed in Appendix 4(ii).

3 THE REPORT

3.1 This report provides information about the Council's financial performance against its revenue and capital budgets in 2024/25.

Revenue Budgets

- 3.2 The report identifies that, after allowing for carry forwards and transfers to and from reserves, the Council delivered an adverse outturn position of £0.21m in 2024/25.
- 3.3 The table below shows the overall revenue outturn position by portfolio:

| Portfolio | Revised Budget £m | Outturn £m | Variance Over / (Under) £m |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Leader of Council | (0.27) | (0.44) | (0.16) |
| Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel | 1.52 | 1.46 | (0.07) |
| Council Priorities and Delivery | 6.28 | 5.94 | (0.34) |
| Resources - Services | 6.36 | 5.72 | (0.63) |
| Resources - Corporate | 3.19 | (2.09) | (5.29) |
| Economic and Cultural Development | (5.87) | (4.47) | 1.40 |
| Adult Services | 62.88 | 62.95 | 0.07 |
| Children's Services | 46.41 | 52.59 | 6.18 |
| Highways | (0.95) | (2.20) | (1.25) |
| Neighbourhood Services | 27.09 | 28.30 | 1.21 |
| Built Environment and Sustainable Development | 2.92 | 2.79 | (0.13) |
| Portfolios Total | 149.56 | 150.55 | 0.99 |
| Partial Release of Provision | 0.00 | (0.99) | (0.99) |
| Total (before Carry Forwards) | 149.56 | 149.56 | 0.00 |
| Carry Forward Requests (underspends) | 0.00 | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| Total (including Carry Forwards) | 149.56 | 149.77 | 0.21 |

Note1: Some of the figures in this table are affected by rounding.

3.4 The main areas of over/under budget and change against the April to December (Q3) forecast financial position are as follows:

Leader of the Council (£0.16m under budget, £0.01m favourable movement)

Contract savings in Emergency Planning and a small increase in dividend payable to the shareholder (Council) from the Housing Delivery Vehicle (Aequus) made up the favourable year-end position for the portfolio.

Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel (£0.07m under budget, £0.03m favourable movement)

Costs of running an additional bus service/route were more than mitigated by staffing underspends across the portfolio.

Council Priorities and Delivery (£0.34m under budget, £0.15m favourable movement)

The primary reason for the favourable variance is due to the proposed carry forward of unspent 2024/25-2025/26 Ward Empowerment Scheme. Vacancy management across all services also contributed to the portfolio underspend.

Resources – Services (£0.63m under budget, £0.59m favourable movement)

Housing Benefit Subsidy costs benefitted from cheaper accommodation and the provision of B&NES own provision, meaning more costs could be recovered compared to previous years. Staffing underspends across IT, Legal, Procurement and Risk and Assurance services added to the favourable outturn position, partially offset by an overspend in the Commercial Estate relating to borrowing costs and legal costs.

Resources – Corporate (£5.29m under budget, £0.45m favourable movement)

Borrowing costs were £1.4m less than budgeted, primarily due to slippage in spend on the Council's capital programme. This also contributed to a lower Minimum Revenue Provision charge (the charge to revenue made in respect of paying off the principal sum of the borrowing undertaken to finance the capital programme), which was £0.81m less than budgeted. Income from the City Deal and business rates grants added a further £0.7m to the total underspend, while £2.3m corporate contingencies were released to support the Council's bottom line.

Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development (£1.40m over budget, £0.25m favourable movement)

Heritage Services' visitor numbers were lower than budgeted levels for 2024/25, delays in renting floor space at No.1 Bath Quays South, and delays implementing the corporate landlord model and rationalising the estate were the main contributors to the adverse year-end position. A one-off windfall resulting from a historic broadband provision agreement helped partially mitigate the portfolio overspend.

Adult Services (Including Leisure £0.07m over budget, £0.03m adverse movement)

The outturn position for Adult Social Care is a balanced position after a transfer from the Adult Social Care reserve of £0.4m. Increased activity has been seen in 2024/25 with demand for package placements increasing on average by 16%. The cost of care also continued to increase during the year due to the economic and market factors experienced through 2024/25 and the increasing complexity in care needs. The Market Sustainability and Improvement Fund Grant monies (MSIF £3.19m) has been fully used to support market sustainability in meeting the increasing fee rates seen. This funding continues in 2025/26 at the same level. Arrangements for hospital discharges have continued and were jointly agreed with BSW ICB, making use of the various discharge grants received across both BSW ICB and the Council in 2024/25. These arrangements are agreed to continue in 2025/26

The level of future demand is expected to cause pressure that will see more people requiring support and rising cost pressures that providers face due both to general inflation, Employers NI and sector specific cost pressures. To balance this, work will continue with providers on issues to make the market more sustainable and on the delivery of the service transformation plans to ensure services can be provided to meet and sustain this demand.

Children's Services (£6.18m over budget, £0.63m adverse movement)

The over budget position is primarily due to the continuing pressures from 2023/24 across the demand-led placement and package budgets (£2.6m continued pressure from 2023/24 into 2024/25), the additional pressures in-year from the demand-led budgets (£1.5m), continuing pressure from home to school transport (£1.4m) and staffing pressures due to agency usage (£0.4m).

Demand-led placement pressures are due to a mix of increased demand, especially around Residential, Unaccompanied Asylum Seeker Children (UASC) and increased packages of care and support costs needed, due to the increased needs our children and young people continue to present with. There are also continued increased costs because of the complex packages of care needed for those with the highest need in the Disabled Children's Team (DCT). In total these areas are £4.12m over budget.

The biggest area of demand-led pressure is Residential (£3.37m over budget), this has been driven by an increase in numbers of placements because of the need to safeguard young people suffering criminal exploitation, in addition to an increased trend of young people suffering from emotional dysregulation and mental health, in conjunction with upward cost pressures on placements from providers. The other principal areas of pressure are DCT (£1.28m over budget), UASC support (£0.37m over budget) and Parent and Baby support (£0.11m over budget). The complex needs funding stream underspend (Joint Agency Panel - JAP) offsets some of the DCT overspend, as young people who are no longer funded from JAP are funded now from DCT instead (JAP £0.72m under budget). There is also an under-budget position across In House Foster Care and Permanence allowances (£0.34m under budget). The reduction of spend on In House Foster Care is partially due to the success of some Foster Carers becoming long term carers via Special Guardianship Orders.

These pressures are net of £0.88m in-year mitigations delivered, plus the full delivery of the £1.26m budgeted savings across the Children's Portfolio.

To address the over budget position in the demand-led budget areas cost reduction strategies have been assessed and form part of a transformation program which aims to significantly reduce the cost pressures in future years.

In Education there is an over budget position of £0.53m, which is mainly because of Teachers Pension costs rising (which is an ongoing pressure from 2023/24), and staffing pressures due to the use of agency to maintain statutory service provision amid rising demand.

Home to School Transport (HTST) has a pressure of £1.40m. This is due to ongoing pressure from market forces creating cost pressures when procuring HTST, including reduced availability of drivers, cost inflation and reduced tendering activity for many routes. The end-to-end process for HTST is being reviewed to ensure the most efficient and effective delivery of our statutory responsibility in a challenging marketplace.

Highways (£1.25m under budget, £0.41m favourable movement)

Net Parking income has exceeded budget by £1m, while street-works income within the Network and Traffic Management service is also over and above budgeted levels, which combined with staffing underspends totalled a £0.20m favourable variance for the service.

The Clear Air Zone scheme sits within this portfolio and its performance to date is detailed in paragraph 3.16.

Neighbourhood Services (£1.21m over budget, £0.49m adverse movement)

Waste and Fleet Services ended the year with an adverse variance of £0.98m. Key reasons for the overspend were staffing costs to maintain service levels, retaining depots and fleet costs. Underachievement of income in the Bereavement and Public Protection services, along with a savings target shortfall in Customer Services, have also contributed to the portfolio overspend outturn position.

Built Environment and Sustainable Development (£0.13m under budget, £0.04m favourable movement)

Underachievement of income within the Building Control service was more than compensated by both strong income performance and staffing underspends in both the Development Management and Housing services.

3.5 Further detail of outturn budget variances is attached at Appendix 1.

Carry Forward Requests

3.6 The following carry forward requests have been made for approval:

| Request and Reason for Request | £ |
|---|---------|
| Corporate Strategy and Communications – Ward Empowerment Fund | 120,285 |
| The Ward Empowerment Fund is a three-year scheme for Councillors to fund improvement schemes within their wards. The carry forward is required to take the remaining funds into the third year of the scheme. | |
| Green Transformation – Sustainability Studies | 16,840 |
| To carry forward remaining 24/25 budget allocation for sustainability studies where delays have been incurred in finalising them. | |
| Children's Services | 57,066 |
| Carry forward of pooled budget balance for Youth Justice Service. | |
| Community Safety – Violence Reduction Unit (VRU) | 11,395 |
| Income held on behalf of four Unitary Authorities to fund costs associated with VRU staffing costs that fall into 2025/26. | |
| Total | 205,586 |

3.7 After allowing for the above carry forwards, it is proposed that the net over budget position of £0.21m, is funded from the Revenue Budget Contingency Reserve, which

- is used to fund unbudgeted revenue pressures which are unable to be mitigated by management and recovery actions.
- 3.8 It is recommended that all other over budgets are written off as an exception to the Budget Management Scheme Rules to retain budget stability in 2025/26.

Delivery of Savings and Income Generation Budget Proposals

3.9 The 2024/25 revenue budget approved savings and income generation proposals of £16.42m, all of which were on-going savings. Of the total savings, 77% (£12.66m) have been delivered in full, 17% (£2.78m) have been mitigated through savings, contingency or income elsewhere in the respective service, with the remaining 6% (£0.98m) delayed until 2025/26 or addressed through the budget setting proposals. Further details on the savings performance are provided in Appendix 5.

Schools

- 3.10 The overall Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) for 2024/25 was £195.260m, however of this sum £130.347m was returned to the Department For Education (DFE) to be allocated to Academies. A further £19.567m was allocated to maintained schools through funding formula. A further £18.060m was allocated directly to nurseries and early years settings under the Early Years formula with the remaining £27.285m was used by the Local Authority (LA) to support Special Educational Needs (SEND), Central Expenditure, and Early Years support services.
- 3.11 The centrally held elements of the DSG were over budget by £10.532m, due to significant increases in numbers and cost of placements for children with SEND which is funded from the High Needs Block within the DSG. This overspend will be carried forward along with the accumulated deficit on the DSG of £22.263m giving a total overspend to be carried forward of £32.795m. In line with Government guidance any overspend is carried forward for recovery against future DSG funding. Therefore, the LA cannot fund this pressure from its own General Fund revenue budget (unless permission is given by the Secretary of State to disregard the requirement to fund from the DSG). Year-end budgets have been adjusted to reflect the transfer of the £32.795m overspend into a specific unusable reserve for recovery against future DSG funding. This treatment is in line with Government guidance stating that DSG in-year and cumulative deficits should no longer be held as a negative earmarked reserve and should instead be held in an unusable reserve called the Dedicated Schools Grant Adjustment Account. This accounting treatment has the effect of separating DSG budget deficits from the LA's General Fund and covers the period to 31st March 2028, following the recently announced two-year extension.
- 3.12 In March 2023 the LA entered into a Safety Valve Agreement recovery plan to bring spending in line with budget over the next 6 years with the DFE. The Safety Valve Agreement is a process set up to support Local Authorities with DSG deficits, whereby the LA will show its ability to ensure that spending is controlled within the DSG and the DFE will look to support the accumulated overspend. The agreement signed by the LA and the DFE sets out the recovery of the cumulative overspend with the DFE providing additional funding to the LA as set out in the table below. However, as we have not achieved the targets of our plan, the DFE require us to submit a revised version, so also shown below are the payments received to date.

| Year | The DFE agrees to pay to the LA the additional £m of DSG by each year-end (Original Safety Valve Agreement) | Actual payments received to date £m |
|---------|---|-------------------------------------|
| 2022/23 | £7.68m | £7.68m |
| 2023/24 | £1.65m | £0.55m |
| 2024/25 | £1.65m | TBC |
| 2025/26 | £1.65m | TBC |
| 2026/27 | £1.65m | TBC |
| 2027/28 | £1.65m | TBC |
| 2028/29 | £3.29m | TBC |
| Total | £19.22m | ТВС |

- 3.13 To date, the LA has received £8.23m and the DFE will reprofile the remaining payments over the length of the new arrangement once it has been agreed. The DFE are currently reviewing our latest submission, and a revised plan is anticipated to be agreed with the DFE in the next few months. Once agreed a new schedule of payments will be agreed as part of that process.
- 3.14 The seven schools maintained by the LA have balances that have increased by £0.685m to £1.877m at the year-end. This increase is partly due to some schools building up balances for capital projects in future years. These balances are closely monitored by Schools Forum which has adopted an excessive balances policy in line with continued DFE best practise guidance. All schools with balances deemed to be excessive are challenged to explain their position. Two of the seven maintained scholls have recently converted to academy. Their balances are included in the figure above as they were maintained as at the 1st April 2025.

Public Health

3.15 The Public Health budget is currently ringfenced. The year-end outturn was in line with the value of the grant funding, resulting in a balanced position against the value of this funding, including transfers from the Public Health reserve of £0.079m. The revised balance held in the reserve is £0.529m as at 31st March 2025. Budgets have been adjusted to reflect the transfer from reserves.

Clean Air Zone

3.16 The Clean Air Zone (CAZ) has generated £18.75m operational income since launch (15 March 2021 - 31 March 2025). This is comprised of £8.07m daily charges paid in time, with a further £10.68m generated by penalty charge notice (PCN) surcharges for non-payment of daily charges and through retrospective recovery as part of the PCN scheme. Grant income associated with the early years of the scheme was £3.14m. In terms of operating income associated with 2024/25, £1.31m was received in daily charges and £1.44m in PCN surcharges and retrospective recovery. 2024/25 CAZ operating costs totalled £2.25m bringing whole scheme operating costs since launch to £10.43m.

After operational costs & decommissioning provisions are met, surplus CAZ proceeds are ringfenced for transport investment or air quality related schemes as referenced within the CAZ charging order. By 31 March 2025 £4.40m has been added to smoothing and decommissioning reserves for future year costs; the CAZ revenue reinvestment reserve stand at £3.14m, having already used £4.32m for projects to date. All £3.14m of the current balance has been allocated to future projects: £2.5m (over two years) funding B&NES' contribution to City Region Sustainable Transport Settlement (CRSTS) together with £0.64m supporting transport capital spending and associated air quality projects. At this stage it is forecast that no further funding will be available for reinvestment as any future receipts will be required to fund future year operational, decommissioning and exit costs.

Reserves and Flexible Capital Receipts

3.17 The year-end position of earmarked reserves, taking into account the 2024/25 outturn, are shown in the table below.

| Council's Earmarked Reserves | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | Movement |
|---|---------|---------|----------|
| | £'m | £'m | £m |
| Corporate Earmarked Reserves | | | |
| Insurance Fund | 1.076 | 0.944 | (0.132) |
| Capital Financing Reserve | 11.663 | 13.117 | 1.454 |
| Revenue Budget Contingency | 3.348 | 2.467 | (0.881) |
| Transformation Investment Reserve | 1.400 | 0.987 | (0.413) |
| Business Rates Reserve | 10.148 | 16.256 | 6.108 |
| City Deal Smoothing Reserve | 2.993 | 2.141 | (0.852) |
| Restructuring & Severance Reserve | 4.883 | 4.835 | (0.048) |
| Financial Planning and Smoothing Reserve | 2.842 | 6.297 | 3.455 |
| Public Health Grant Reserve | 0.608 | 0.529 | (0.079) |
| Community Empowerment Fund | 0.324 | 0.324 | 0.000 |
| Revenue Grants Unapplied | 1.038 | 0.828 | (0.210) |
| Revenue Funding of Capital Reserve | 0.896 | 3.771 | 2.875 |
| Covid19 Outbreak Management Fund Grant Reserve | 0.086 | 0.000 | (0.086) |
| Covid 19 General Reserve | 1.005 | 0.000 | (1.005) |
| City Region Sustainable Transport Settlement Contribution Reserve | 3.000 | 3.000 | 0.000 |
| Energy Inflation Reserve | 0.450 | 0.450 | 0.000 |
| Other | 0.356 | 0.353 | (0.003) |
| Sub Total | 46.116 | 56.299 | 10.183 |
| Schools Balances | 1.191 | 1.876 | 0.685 |
| Service Specific Reserves | 4.436 | 4.555 | 0.119 |
| General Service Reserves | 21.909 | 16.468 | (5.441) |
| Total Earmarked Reserves | 73.652 | 79.197 | 5.545 |

Reserve balances excludes any 2025/26 transfers agreed as part of the 2025/26 Budget Report and the transfers proposed in paragraph 3.7.

Note: Some of the figures in this table are affected by rounding.

3.18 The year-end position of uncommitted non-earmarked reserves was £12.6m in line with the risk assessed requirements of a range of £12.3m to £13.6m agreed in the 2024/25 Budget Report.

Flexible Use of Capital Receipts

3.19 Council approved a revised Efficiency Strategy in February 2024 as part of the 2024/25 budget. This enables the authority to utilise capital receipts for one-off spend such as severance costs that result in the delivery of ongoing savings. Flexible capital receipts of £1.383m were utilised in 2024/25 taking the total used to £11.115m and it is estimated that this spend will contribute to the release of ongoing revenue savings of £17.355m by the end of 2025/26. Further details of spend and savings are shown in the following tables.

| | Spend | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Category | 2017/18 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | Total |
| Category | 2022/23 | 2020/24 | 2024/20 | Total |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Restructuring & Severance Costs | 7.537 | 1.481 | 1.383 | 10.401 |
| Procurement, Commissioning and other service redesign | 0.714 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.714 |
| Total | 8.251 | 1.481 | 1.383 | 11.115 |

| | Cumulative Savings | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|--|
| Category | 2017/18 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | |
| | 2022/23 | | | | |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | |
| Restructuring & Severance Costs | 6.387 | 6.525 | 7.065 | 11.065 | |
| Procurement, Commissioning and other service redesign | 6.29 | 6.29 | 6.29 | 6.29 | |
| Total | 12.677 | 12.815 | 13.355 | 17.355 | |

Council Tax

- 3.20 The 2024/25 tax base allowed for the same number of Local Council Tax Support Scheme (LCTSS) recipients as at the end of November 2023 to continue into 2024/25 and incorporated the scheme changes to the rules of entitlement for households who receive Universal Credit as agreed at the November 2023 Council meeting. The budget estimate of costs of LCTSS were set at £10.86m. The cost at the end of March was £10.48m, £0.38m under budget. The number of working age claimants ended the year at 6,432 and the number of Pensioner claimants was 3,329.
- 3.21 The non LCTS elements of the Collection Fund ended the year in an adverse position, with a deficit of £0.44m mainly due to an increase in exemptions and a higher than forecast increase in the bad debt provision.
- 3.22 Taking all these factors into account, the final in-year deficit on the Collection Fund in respect of Council Tax is £0.06m, of which the Council's share is £0.05m. This represents an adverse variance of 0.04% against the 2024/25 forecast council tax income.
- 3.23 The Council's share of the final position on the Collection Fund, including the net surplus carried forward from 2023/24 of £0.37m, is a surplus of £0.32m. This represents a reduction of £0.34m from the estimated surplus provision of £0.66m made in the 2025/26 Budget Report.

Business Rates

3.24 The outturn position for the Business Rate element of the collection fund is a surplus of £5.47m. The table below shows the Council's share of the surplus is £5.15m, which represents a reduction over the Quarter 3 forecast position of £1.12m.

| | Outtur | n Position | Qtr3 Forecast | | Qtr3 Forecast | | Change |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--------|
| Business Rates Collection Fund | Total (£m) | B&NES Share (£m) | Total (£m) | B&NES Share (£m) | B&NES Share (£m) | | |
| In Year (Surplus) / Deficit | 0.21 | 0.20 | (0.98) | (0.92) | 1.12 | | |
| 2023/24 Surplus carried Forward | (5.69) | (5.34) | (5.69) | (5.34) | 0.00 | | |
| Total (Surplus) / Deficit | (5.47) | (5.15) | (6.66) | (6.26) | 1.12 | | |

- 3.25 The main reason for the adverse change against the Quarter 3 forecast is due to an increase in retail relief of £0.7m, an increase in empty property relief of £0.5m, partly offset by a lower than forecast bad debt provision. This resulted in a final in year deficit on the Collection Fund of £0.2m which represents an adverse variance of 0.3% against the 2024/25 budgeted income.
- 3.26 Section 31 grant income from Business Rate compensation grants and receipts from the City Deal Business Rate Pool ended the year £0.95m above budget after allowing for the £0.43m increase in income factored into the 2024/25 revenue overspend Page 101

- mitigation actions. This balance has been transferred to the Business Rate Reserve in line with the approach for managing surpluses and deficits on business rate income as set out in the Budget Report.
- 3.27 There is a favourable variance on the City Deal Pool payment of £1m due to lower than budgeted income in year. The benefit of this will be reversed in 2025/26 under statutory accounting rules and this is smoothed through the Business Rate Reserve.
- 3.28 As reported in the Quarter 2 monitoring report, £3.45m of backdated income was received in 2024/25 following an agreement made by the Business Rate Pooling Board to adjust income splits on the Pool funds, with the agreement to backdate these to the Pool inception in 2014. This income has been transferred to the Business Rate Reserve.
- 3.29 Taking account of the above transfers, the balance on the Business Rate Reserve as at the 31st March 2025 is £16.3m. This balance is forecast to reduce to £14.2m after allowing for the statutory accounting adjustment of £1m and funding the adverse movement on the Business Rate Collection Fund of £1.1m. The £14.2m represents c17% of the annual gross business rate income (excluding the tariff payment to government).
- 3.30 The balance on the Business Rate Reserve will be reviewed as part of the 2026/27 Budget Process.

Overall Collection Fund

3.31 The following table shows the overall estimated position, for which provision was made in the 2025/26 Budget Report, and the actual outturn position for the Council share of the Collection Fund for 2024/25. These figures exclude preceptor shares:-

| | Estimated (Surplus)/ Deficit £'m | Actual (Surplus)/ Deficit £'m | Difference £'m | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Council Tax | (0.664) | (0.320) | 0.344 | | |
| Business Rates | (6.261) | (5.145) | 1.116 | | |
| Total | (6.925) | (5.465) | 1.460 | | |

3.32 At an overall level, the outturn surplus position on the Collection Fund reduced by £1.460m from the estimated position. The overall difference will be taken into consideration when estimating the closing 2025/26 Collection Fund position as part of the 2026/27 Budget process.

Capital Programme

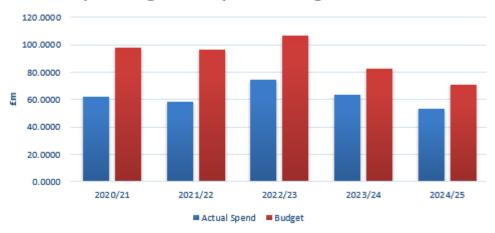
3.33 The capital spend in 2024/25 was £53.041 (75%) against a budget of £70.534m giving a variance of £17.493m, the variance mostly reflects the delivery of projects moving into future financial periods.

| | 2024/2025 Outturn Position | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Portfolio Summary | Capital Budget £'m | Outturn £'m | Variance £'m | Rephasing to 2025/26 Requested £'m | | | | | | |
| Leader | 0.224 | 0.170 | (0.054) | 0.054 | | | | | | |
| Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | 3.926 | 3.079 | (0.847) | 0.847 | | | | | | |
| Resources | 11.178 | 6.762 | (4.416) | 4.416 | | | | | | |
| Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | 14.388 | 10.896 | (3.492) | 2.388 | | | | | | |
| Children's Services | 9.276 | 5.558 | (3.718) | 3.582 | | | | | | |
| Adult Services | 2.389 | 2.349 | (0.040) | 0.039 | | | | | | |
| Highways | 17.541 | 15.312 | (2.228) | 2.221 | | | | | | |
| Neighbourhood Services | 5.318 | 4.021 | (1.297) | 1.293 | | | | | | |
| Built Environment & Sustainable Development | 6.294 | 4.894 | (1.400) | 1.400 | | | | | | |
| Total | 70.534 | 53.041 | (17.493) | 16.241 | | | | | | |

Note: Some of the figures in this table are affected by rounding.

- 3.34 Of this variance, £16.241m is requested for carry forward to 2025/26 to cover rephased costs of capital projects. The detailed outturn position and re-phasing of each individual project is attached at Appendix 3. The balance of £1.252m represents net underspends that are removed from the programme. These include an underspend of £1.1m on the Bath Western Riverside project reflecting project savings after receipt of Homes England Grant and underspends of £0.005m on Alice Park Skate Park, £0.007m Parking Video Enforcement Cameras and £0.004m Bath Quay Infrastructure. A sum of £0.135m represents unused 2024/25 budget from the Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Residential Provision project at Bath College, where its Board has indicated the College will no longer be proceeding with the project, requiring the further £3.890m future years budget provision to also be removed.
- 3.35 The delivery of the capital spend compared to budget over the last five years is shown in the following graph:





3.36 The funding of the capital programme for 2024/25 is as follows:-

| | £'m |
|--|--------|
| Total Capital Spending: | 53.041 |
| Funded by: | |
| Capital Receipts | 2.436 |
| Capital Grants | 27.417 |
| 3 rd Party Receipts (inc. S106 & CIL) | 3.696 |
| Revenue | 1.389 |
| Prudential Borrowing (Implied Need) | 18.103 |
| Total | 53.041 |

3.37 The Council's Loans Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) as at 31st March 2025 is £373.0 million. This represents the Council's requirement to borrow to finance capital expenditure and demonstrates that total borrowing of £275.7 million remains well below this requirement as at 31st March 2025. This illustrates the extent to which the Council is currently cash-flowing capital projects in line with the Treasury Management Strategy to minimise borrowing costs.

4 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 The annual Medium-Term Financial Strategy and planning process allocates resources across services with alignment of these resources towards the Council's corporate priorities. This report monitors how the Council has performed against the budget and Capital Programme set in February 2024.

5 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

5.1 These are contained throughout the report and appendices.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT

6.1 The substance of this report is part of the Council's risk management process. The key risks in the Council's budget were assessed by each Director, with these risks reassessed regularly as part of the budget monitoring process.

7 CLIMATE CHANGE

7.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy and budget process aligns resources towards the corporate priorities and objectives set out in the Corporate Strategy, which includes tackling the climates emergency. This report monitors the Council's financial performance against those budgets.

8 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

8.1 The option to carry forward over budgeted spend could be considered which would mean that services would have to make up any deficits in 2025/26 with a considerable impact on service delivery especially in light of the challenging economic environment in 2025/26 and possibly beyond.

9 CONSULTATION

- 9.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Cabinet Member for Resources, Directors, Section 151 Finance Officer, Chief Executive and Monitoring Officer.
- 9.2 The provisional outturn position has been discussed at Executive Leadership Team and Corporate Management Team in May/June.

| Contact person | Gary Adams – Head of Financial Management Gary Adams@bathnes.gov.uk Paul Webb – Senior Finance Manager Paul Webb@bathnes.gov.uk Jeff Wring - Director of Financial Services, Assurance & Pensions (S151 Officer) Jeff Wring@bathnes.gov.uk | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Background papers | 2024/25 Budget Monitoring reports to the Cabinet; Revenue and Capital Budget Setting reports; Budget Management Scheme | | | | |
| Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an | | | | | |

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format

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| | tfolio Number and scription | C | Cashlimit Number and Description | Current Budget £000 | Outturn £000 | Change from previous Quarter Forecast Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Analysis |
|--|---|----------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Detailed Analysis of Budgets for Leader of Council | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Housing Delivery Vehicle | (1.000) | (1.090) | (10) | (90) | An increase in the dividend payable to the shareholder (Council) has materialised this year. |
| | Leader of Council | 1119 | Emergency Planning | 725 | 653 | (3) | | An underspend on contract expenditure due to slippage on the new CCTV maintenance contract. |
| | Leader of Council | 1136 | External Affairs & Partnerships | 0 | 0 | 0 | | No variance reported |
| P04 | Leader of Council | | | (275) | (437) | (14) | (163) | |
| | • | | | | | | | |
| Det | ailed Analysis of Budgets fo | r Clima | | able Travel | | | | |
| P27 | Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel | 1127 | Environmental Monitoring (Air Pollution) | 208 | 114 | (10) | (95) | An underspend on staffing due to vacancies and recovery of staff time charged to projects |
| | Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel | 1135 | Transport Planning, Policy and Sustainable Transport | 488 | 580 | (8) | 92 | Income to fund the cost of the 94 bus service has not materialised, which is partly mitigated via other sources. |
| | Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel | 1137 | Green Transformation | 828 | 763 | (15) | | Staffing vacancies across the service have led to the favourable variance |
| P27 | Climate Emergency and Su | ıstaina | ble Travel Total | 1,524 | 1,457 | (34) | (68) | |
| Det | ailed Analysis of Budgets fo | - Caus | ail Driarities and Delivery | | | | | |
| Det | 1 | r Coun | Human Resources & | | | 1 | | |
| P32 | Council Priorities and | 1047 | Organisational Development | 3,128 | 3,010 | 6 | (118) | Staff underspends across the service. |
| P32 | Opincil Priorities and Delivery | 1132 | Business Change | 913 | 926 | 41 | 13 | No material variance reported |
| P32 | Council Priorities and Delivery | 1143 | Corporate Office | 2,243 | 2,007 | (201) | (236) | Staff recharges to Capital Projects and Ward Councillors Empowerment fund underspend alongside in-year savings from staffing vacancies |
| P32 | Council Priorities and Deliv | very To | otal | 6,283 | 5,943 | (154) | (340) | |
| Б. | elle I Amelio le commune de la commune de | | | | | | | |
| | ailed Analysis of Budgets fo | r Reso 1032 | | 7.968 | 7.851 | (117) | (4.4.7) | Cotton Control of the |
| | Resources Resources | 1032 | Information Technology Finance | 7,968 | 7,851 3,459 | (117) | | Software licence and staffing underspends contributed to the favourable outturn position. No material variance reported |
| _ | Resources | 1040 | Revenues & Benefits | 2.244 | 2.207 | (43) | | Additional income generated from Council Tax and Non-Domestic Rates debt recovery |
| | | | Risk & Assurance | , | , - | ` ' | | |
| P19 | Resources | 1042 | Services | 1,523 | 1,441 | (82) | (82) | Staffing underspends through the service, alongside additional external income generated |
| P19 | Resources | 1053 | Council Solicitor & Democratic Services | 3,069 | 2,971 | (57) | (98) | Staffing underspend and reduced election canvassing costs contributed to a favourable variance. |
| P19 | Resources | 1054 | Hsg / Council Tax Benefits Subsidy | 405 | 77 | (328) | (328) | Housing Benefit Subsidy is a demand led area and as such is difficult to predict with certainty. A reduction in temporary accommodation costs due to cheaper accommodation being sourced and using our own provision has resulted in this favourable position. |
| P19 | Resources | 1081 | Commercial Estate | (12,646) | (12,441) | 128 | 205 | The adverse position at year end is due to unbudgeted pressures from legal and service supported borrowing costs |
| | Resources | 1118 | Procurement & Commissioning | 338 | 159 | (68) | (179) | Staffing vacancies along with contract management rebates generated a favourable outturn position. |
| P19 | P19 Resources - Services Total | | 6,356 | 5,724 | (586) | (633) | | |

| | Portfolio Number and Description | | Cashlimit Number and Description | Current Budget £000 | Outturn £000 | Change from previous Quarter Forecast Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Analysis |
|-----|--|--------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Det | Detailed Analysis of Budgets for Resources - Corporate | | | | | | | |
| P19 | Resources | 1055 | Capital Financing / Interest | 3,826 | 2,755 | (21) | (1,071) | There was an underspend of £805k against the budget for MRP (Minimum Revenue Provision), following the final calculation of the 2024/25 charge. In addition, income from investment interest was £473k greater than budgeted levels, offsetting borrowing costs of £200k higher than budgeted. This |
| | | | 37 | , | , | , | () -) | is a result the Bank of England continuing to maintain the higher Base Rate for longer than was anticipated at the time the budget was set, resulting in both the achievement of higher rates of return on investments but also higher rates for borrowing. |
| P19 | Resources | 1056 | Unfunded Pensions | 1,388 | 1,451 | 33 | 63 | Small overspend due to backdated claims of pension inflation. |
| P19 | Resources | 1057 | Corporate Budgets including Capital, Audit and Bank Charges | (8,039) | (12,308) | (453) | (4,269) | There were unused amounts totalling £2.3m remaining in corporately held risk & contingency budget allocations, including the Revenue Contingency & Inflationary Risk budgets. Corporately Supported Borrowing costs associated with provisional capital schemes that were not progressed to fully approved in year, along with Capital Programme slippage, resulted in a £1.4m under budget position. |
| 240 | | 1050 | - | | | (0) | (0) | Unbudgeted income of £295k relating to business rates grants, along with £430k from the City Deal, was also received in-year. |
| | Resources | 1058 | Magistrates | 12 | | (6) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | No material variance reported |
| | Resources Resources | 1059 1060 | Coroners Environment Agency | 550 262 | 547 262 | (3) | | No material variance reported No variance reported |
| | Resources | 1061 | West of England Combined Authority Levy | 5,194 | 5,194 | 0 | | No variance reported |
| | Sources - Corporate Tot | al | Combined / Idanomy 2019 | 3,193 | (2,093) | (449) | (5,285) | |
| | (D | | | | | | | |
| Det | ailed Analysis of Budgets fo | r Econ | omic And Cultural Sustaina | ble Developme | nt | 1 | | |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1018 | Heritage Services | (12,227) | (11,648) | 404 | 579 | There is a reduced income forecast, reflecting the lower level of visitors. This has been offset by some key income mitigations and reductions in pay spend (as a result of vacancies) and non-pay spend through some reduction in planned activity and some significant energy savings |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1037 | Property Services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | No variance reported |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1038 | Corporate Estate Including R&M | 5,824 | 6,340 | (59) | 516 | Savings around the Corporate Landlord Model / rationalisation of estate have not materialised yet but, have been partially offset by staff savings and improved cost recharge to projects. |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1039 | Traded Services | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | No variance reported |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1052 | Regeneration | (500) | 556 | 111 | 1,056 | The adverse position primarily relates to the variance between the original forecast income position and where the occupational market terms and enquiries are at No.1 Bath Quays (now 75% let). |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1109 | World Heritage | 123 | 127 | 8 | 4 | No material variance reported |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1121 | Events and Active Lifestyles | 437 | 470 | (57) | 33 | Pressures on income largely due to schedule changes for a couple of large scale events earlier in the financial year, which has improved slightly in Q4. In addition there is a small pressure due to the delayed delivery of savings, this has been offset by the recovery of staff time charged to projects. |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1126 | Visit Bath | 76 | 0 | 0 | (76) | Destination Management contract is now funded by WECA, resulting in B&NES contribution is no longer required. |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1128 | Business & Skills | 400 | (303) | (653) | (703) | The favourable position is primarily due to a one off unanticipated income of £653k being received late in the year. This related to an investment fund share agreement from a historic programme of works relating to broadband provision titled 'Connecting Devon and Somerset'. |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1145 | Capital Programme and Project Delivery | 0 | (9) | (9) | | No material variance reported |
| P33 | Economic And Cultural Su | stainab | ole Development Total | (5,867) | (4,466) | (254) | 1,401 | |

Appendix 1 - Revenue Monitoring Commentary

| - | folio Number and ription | C | cashlimit Number and Description | Current Budget £000 | Outturn £000 | Change from previous Quarter Forecast Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Analysis |
|-----|-----------------------------|---------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | iled Analysis of Budgets fo | r Adult | Services | | | | | |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1019 | Leisure | 283 | 352 | 31 | 69 | Slippage in timetable on introduction of new contracts with Excel Tennis (RVP site) and GLL (Leisure centres) has reduced income for the year. |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1036 | Adults Substance Misuse (DAT) | 54 | 54 | 0 | 0 | No variance reported |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1073 | Adults & Older People- Mental Health Commissioning | 8,469 | 8,144 | 84 | (325) | The favourable variance reflects reduced activity in Nursing and Supported Living placements. |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1086 | Adult Care Commissioning | 1,523 | 1,460 | (35) | (63) | One-off savings resulting from vacancies in the newly designed Commissioning team . |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1088 | Older People & Physically Disabled Purchasing | 12,963 | 13,958 | 0 | 995 | Demand pressures in supporting hospital discharge and independence in community. |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1091 | Learning Disabilities Commissioning | 18,488 | 19,073 | (162) | | The Pooled Budget adverse variance reflects continued pressure in Residential and Supported living services. A full review with BSW ICB has now concluded and on going work with them will continue. |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1093 | Physical Disability, Hearing & Vision | 3,678 | 3,678 | 23 | 0 | No variance reported |
| | Adult Services | 1094 | Public Health | 165 | 165 | 0 | | No variance reported |
| P20 | Adult Services | 1110 | Better Care Fund | (2,678) | (2,678) | 0 | 0 | No variance reported |
| | Adult Services | 1113 | CCG B&NES CHC and FNC Payments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | No variance reported |
| | Acult Services | 1114 | Community Equipment | 244 | 244 | (0) | 0 | No variance reported |
| P20 | At It Services | 1123 | Safeguarding Adults | (425) | (425) | (0) | | No variance reported |
| P20 | O Adualt Services | 1124 | Community Resource Centres & Extra Care Income | 8,388 | 7,299 | 13 | (1,090) | Robust management controls on backfilling vacancies and use of agency staff, along with strong fee income has resulted in a favourable budget variance. There has been a targeted recruitment campaign for permanent staff at Cleeve Court (CRC) with the aim to return safely to full bed utilisation once permanent staffing in place following a phased approach which has been monitored. A review of extra care provision is being undertaken to ensure the service is effectively meeting the changing needs of the local community that use this service. |
| | Adult Services | 1141 | Social Care | 11,731 | 11,629 | 78 | | A combination of recruitment challenges and vacancy management has resulted in staffing underspend across the service area. Key posts to deliver statutory functions have been managed through agency staff in the short-term. |
| P20 | Adult Services Total | | 62,883 | 62,952 | 31 | 69 | | |

| - | folio Number and cription | C | ashlimit Number and Description | Current Budget £000 | Outturn £000 | Change from previous Quarter Forecast Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Over / (Under) £000 | Outturn Variance Analysis |
|------|------------------------------|---------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|---|
| Deta | iled Analysis of Budgets fo | r Child | ren's Services | | | | | |
| P21 | Children's Services | 1076 | Children, Young People & Families | 19,388 | 23,645 | 109 | 4,257 | £4.1m pressure across all demand led budget areas. This pressure occurs as follows: Residential Care £3.4m, Disabled Children Care (DCC) £1.3m, spend to support those not in care £0.1m, Unaccompanied Asylum Seeker Children Care (UASC) £0.4m, Parent & Baby Care £0.1m. These overspends are offset by under budget positions from In House Foster Care and reduced spend versus our contingent budget for costs of the Joint Agency Pool (JAP) (total of both areas underspend £1.2m). It should be noted that the reduced spend in JAP has a strong correlation with increased spend in DCC, as this is where support and care for our most complex children will be funded from, if not in JAP. There is also £0.1m staffing pressures as a result of the need to cover vacancies with more expensive agency workers. These pressures are net of £0.88m in-year mitigations, and include the full delivery of £0.96m budgeted transformation savings across the demand led budget areas. £2.6m demand led budget pressures continued from 23/24, due to ongoing increased demand and complexity of supporting our children and young people. |
| P21 | Children's Services | 1077 | Inclusion & Prevention | 2,478 | 2,384 | 109 | (94) | After £0.06m carry forward adjustment for pooled budgets with partners in the Youth Justice area there is a £0.04m under budget position. This is from targeted one-off reduction in spend. This position includes full delivery of Early Help savings of £0.15m. |
| P21 | Children's Services | 1078 | Education Transformation | 4,779 | 5,313 | 340 | 534 | £0.2m pressure from Teacher Pension costs. £0.3m staffing pressures as a result of agency use across the Special Education Needs and Psychology Teams due to service demands. |
| P21 | Children's Services | 1079 | Schools Budgets | 8,301 | 8,301 | 0 | 0 | Although showing on budget, the Dedicated School Grant (DSG) has a final overspend of £10.532m in 24/25. The High Needs Block which supports pupils with SEND is the primary driver for the overspend. The council has recently resubmitted its Safety Valve plan to the Department for Education, incorporating this position as the base point of the plan. The position has improved compared to our September 24 plan which predicted a year end position of £12.28m. The improvement was mainly due to additional funding allocated to the LA in the DSG. |
| P21 | Children's Services | 1116 | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | 1,967 | 2,045 | 79 | 78 | Over budget position is as a result of spend on Children's and Young People's equipment. |
| P21 | Onlidren's Services | 1117 | Safeguarding - CYP | 91 | 91 | (0) | 0 | No variance reported. |
| | Children's Services | 1142 | Home to School Transport | 9,403 | 10,807 | (3) | | Significant cost pressures relating to both demand and market price are still creating a significant financial pressure in delivering the statutory home to school transport service. However, the increase in demand and cost for the 2024/25 school year has not been as high as expected earlier in the year. Some new routes have been delivered in-house to make cost savings, while reduced depot costs, and a small underspend on staffing have also contributed to reducing the forecast overspend. |
| P21 | Children's Services Total | | | 46,407 | 52,586 | 634 | 6,179 | |
| _ | | | | | | | | |
| Deta | iled Analysis of Budgets fo | r Highv | | | | 1 | | 1 |
| P34 | Highways | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | (8,765) | (9,774) | (333) | (1,009) | Income has continued to remain above budgeted levels during 24/25, although budgeted income for the HGV charging scheme will not materialise due to the scheme not going ahead. Savings have also been made on staffing and expenditure. |
| P34 | Highways | 1129 | Clean Air Zone | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Due to behaviour change through both increased compliance and fleet vehicle upgrades income levels continue to show anticipated downturn in line with expectations. Income continues to exceed budget levels and are monitored accordingly. In-year balances and projections always show as net zero because any surplus income generated is ring-fenced and at this stage earmarked to cover the remainder of the scheme. |
| P34 | Highways | 1133 | Network & Traffic Management | 766 | 564 | (173) | (202) | Savings from holding vacancies, increased income and increased staff time charged to projects, has led to the favourable variance |
| | Highways | 1134 | Highway Maintenance | 6,911 | 6,872 | 95 | (39) | Operational pressures due to increased service supported borrowing charges, and increased winter maintenance costs. This has been more than offset by staff vacancy management and reduced energy costs for street lighting. |
| | Highways | 1144 | Park and Ride | 135 | 135 | 0 | | No material variance reported |
| P34 | Highways Total | | (954) | (2,203) | (411) | (1,249) | | |

Appendix 1 - Revenue Monitoring Commentary

| Portfolio Number and Description | C | Cashlimit Number and Description | Current Budget £000 | udget Outturn Over / (Under) (Under) | | Variance Over / (Under) | Outturn Variance Analysis |
|--|---------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| Detailed Analysis of Budgets for | r Neigl | nbourhood Services | | | | | |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1089 | Community Safety | 216 | 205 | (0) | (11) | Small staffing underspend within the service. |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1101 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | 20,602 | 21,578 | 697 | 976 | Pressures on staffing costs increased in the last quarter due to high levels of sickness and holiday cover. Unbudgeted pressures from retaining depots and some unforeseen fleet costs has created an adverse position. This has been partially reduced through increased recyclates and trade waste income and a reduction in some maintenance costs. |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1102 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | 2,250 | 2,397 | (47) | | Parks have a small favourable variance, whereas Bereavement Services have a pressure of £165k due to the closure of the valley chapel for remedial works in the earlier part of the year. This, combined with a slow down in the death rate in the early part of 2024 caused a further pressure on income, however income has increased during the last quarter. |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1115 | Registrars Service | (96) | (200) | (90) | (104) | Favourable income position, combined with staffing underspends |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1122 | Customer Services (Including Libraries) | 2,866 | 2,983 | (12) | 117 | A £100k savings target to reduce costs of customer services across the organisation through digitalisation only partially achieved this year. Staffing pressures make up the remainder of the overspend. |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services | 1139 | Public Protection | 1,251 | 1,336 | (58) | 85 | Pressures on licensing and pest control income have been partly reduced due to increased trading standards income and the implementation of savings across the service |
| P05 Neighbourhood Services T | otal | | 27,088 | 28,298 | 491 | 1,210 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Detailed Analysis of Budgets for | r Built | Environment and Sustainal | ole Developmen | ! | 1 | | |
| P35 Built Environment and Sustainable Development | 1029 | Housing | 1,555 | 1,305 | (4) | (250) | A favourable variance due to the delayed implementation of new structure and lower than budgeted costs for the Council Housing Delivery programme. |
| P35 Built Environment and Sustainable Development | 1106 | Development Management | 1,455 | 1,338 | (86) | (117) | Higher income generation than anticipated along with staffing underspends make up the favourable outturn position. |
| P35 Strainable Development and Systainable Development 1138 Building Control | | | (90) | 143 | 51 | 233 | The net adverse position is due to the lack of income generating opportunities as a result of difficult market conditions. |
| P35 Built Environment and Sus | stainab | le Development Total | 2,920 | 2,786 | (39) | (134) | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Council Total | | | 149,560 | 150,547 | , | 987 | |
| Partial release of dilapidation | s provi | sion | 0 | (987) | (187) | | Release of dilapidations provision held on the balance sheet based on latest available information |
| Revised Council Total | | | 149,560 | 149,560 | (972) | 0 | |

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| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|------|---------------|--|----------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|--|--|-----------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | The follo | wing virements have ei | ther been previous | sly approved, are techni | ical in nature | or are below | limits within BMS t | nat require approval, a | nd therefore | are reported for | or information only. | |
| | INFO 24#45 | Soulbury Pay Award | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 17,807 | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 17,807 | Allocation from corporately held pay inflation budget to fund national pay award for Soulbury officers within Children's Services. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| | INFO 24#46 | Pixash Site Landscape - Bio-Diversity Net Gain (BNG) | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 7,000 | Neighbourhood Services | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | | 7 000 | Allocation to parks to maintain BNG landscaping around Pixash site, in line with planning conditions. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| | | Revenue Contingency | | | | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Events & Active Lifestyles | | 44,613 | | |
| Page | | | | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & | | | Council Priorities & Delivery | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | 2,034,458 | | |
| 113 | INFO | | Resources | | | | Children's Services | Children, Young People & Families | | | 00 Allocation of individual Revenue Contingency earmarking from | Budget Virement is or |
| | 24#47 | Budget Distribution | | Bank Charges | | | Highways | Network & Traffic Management | | | corporately held budget to match spend. | off. |
| | | | | | | | Neighbourgood Services | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | | 148,048 | | |
| | | | | | | | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | Development Management | | 51,942 | | |
| | INFO 24#48 | Severance Reserve Drawdown | Resources | Balances (Severance Reserve) | | 47,695 | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 47,695 | Drawdown of funding from Severance Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |

| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | <u>CABINET</u> PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM | Income | Expenditure | <u>CABINET</u> MEMBER | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|--------|---------------|--|-----------------------------|---|--------------|---|--|--|--------------|--------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | |
| | | | | | | | | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | 79,652 | | |
| | | | | | | | = | Corporate Office | | 17,640 | | |
| | | | Resources | Balances (Financial Planning Reserve) | | 737,357 | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | Green Transformation | | 138,194 | | |
| | INFO 24#49 | Financial Planning Reserve Transfers | | | | | | Information Technology | | 71,327 | Drawdown of funding to from / transfers to Financial Planning Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | | | | | | | | Finance | | 430,544 | | |
| | | | | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | | 9,478 | | Balances (Financial Planning Reserve) | | 23,569 | | |
| Page | | | | Corporate Estate Including R&M | | 14,091 | | | | | | |
| je 114 | | | | | | | | Corporate Estate Including R&M | | 294,978 | | |
| | | | | | | | Delivery | Regeneration | | 7,940 | | |
| | | | | | | | Children's Services | Children, Young People & Families | | 162,949 | | |
| | INFO 24#50 | Revenue Budget Contingency Reserve Drawdowns | Resources | Balances (Revenue Budget Contingency Reserve) | | 750,097 | Council Priorities & Delivery | Corporate Office | | 52,747 | Drawdown of funding from Financial Planning Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | | | | | | | Development Management | | 7,575 | | | |
| | | | | | | Customer Services (including Libraries) | | 46,435 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Services | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | | 177,473 | | |

| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | | Income | Expenditure | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|--------|---------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------|-------------|--|--|--------------|--------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | (£'s) | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | |
| | | | | | | | Carra di Brianitia a R | Business Change | | 124,075 | | |
| | | | | | | | Council Priorities & Delivery | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | 15,992 | | |
| | INFO | Transformation Investment Reserve | Resources | Balances (Transformation | | 412,950 | | Finance | | 121,278 | Drawdowns from Transformation | Budget Virement is one- |
| | 24#51 | Drawdowns | | Investment Reserve) | | , | Resources | Information Technology | | 18,050 | Investment Reserve. | off. |
| | | | | | | | | Revenues & Benefits | | 80,514 | | |
| | | | | | | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Corporate Estate Including R&M | | 53,041 | 041 | |
| Page 1 | | | | | | | Council Priorities & Delivery | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | 17,917 | | |
| 115 | INFO 24#52 | Adult Social Care Reserve Drawdowns | Resources | Balances (Adult Social Care Reserve) | | 1,588,113 | Resources | Finance | | 114,730 | Drawdown of funding from Adult Social Care Reserve. | Budget Virement is one- off. |
| | | | | | | | Adult Services | Adult Services | | 1,455,466 | | |
| | INFO 24#53 | Homes for Ukraine Grant | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 286,460 | Council Priorities & Delivery | Corporate Office | | 286,460 | Drawdown of funding from Homes for Ukraine Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#54 | SVPR (Syrian Vulnerable Persons Resettlement) Grant | Council Priorities & Delivery | Corporate Office | | 239,876 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 239,876 | Transfer to Syrian Vulnerable Persons Resettlement Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#55 | VAT Reserve | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 68,990 | Resources | Finance | | 68,990 | Drawdown of funding from VAT Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |

| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM | Income | Expenditure | <u>Cabinet</u> Member | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|------|---------------|------------------------------------|---|--|--------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------|--------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | <u>CASHLIM</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | <u>CASHLIM</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | |
| | | | | | | | | Finance | | 67,837 | | |
| | INFO | COVID-19 Reserve | Resources | Balances (Un- ringfenced COVID-19 | | 335,262 | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 60,000 | Drawdown of funding from Un- | Budget virement is one- |
| | 24#56 | Transfers | Resources | Reserve) | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 120,000 | ringfenced COVID-19 Reserve. | off. |
| | | | | | | | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | Housing | | 87,425 | | |
| | INFO 24#57 | Housing Major Repairs | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | Housing | | 80,780 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 80,780 | Transfer to Housing Major Repairs Smoothing Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| Page | INFO 24#58 | Apprenticeship Training Reserve | Delivery | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | 10,284 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 10,284 | Transfer to Apprenticeship Training Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| 116 | INFO 24#59 | Unified Communications | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 219,317 | Resources | Information Technology | | 219,317 | Drawdown of funding from Information Technology Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#60 | Speed Choice | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 3,822 | Highways | Network & Traffic Management | | 3,822 | Drawdown of funding from Speed Choice Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#61 | Park & Ride Income Smoothing | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 607,361 | Highways | Park & Ride | | 607,361 | Drawdown of funding from Park & Ride Smoothing Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#62 | Public Health Reserve | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 79,081 | Adult Services | Public Health | | 79,081 | Drawdown of funding from Public Health Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#63 | One West Income | Resources | Risk & Assurance Services | | 82,331 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 82,331 | Transfer to Audit Partnership Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |

| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM | Income | Expenditure | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|-------|---------------|---|---------------------------|---|--------------|--------------|----------------------|---|--------------|--------------|--|---------------------------------|
| | | | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | Climate Emergency | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | |
| | INFO 24#64 | Public Transport | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 21,681 | & Sustainable Travel | Transport Strategy | | 21,681 | Drawdown of funding from Public Transport Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#65 | COVID-19 Contain Outbreak Management Fund | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 85,977 | Adult Services | Public Health | | 85,977 | Drawdown of funding from Contain Outbreak Management (COMF) Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#66 | Drug Action Team Reserve Transfer | Adult Services | Adult Substance Misuse (Drug Action Team) | | 19,829 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 19,829 | Transfer to Drug Action Team Reserve | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#67 | Community Contribution Fund | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 2,767 | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 2,767 | Drawdown from Community Contribution Fund Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| Page | INFO 24#68 | Capital Financing | Resources | Capital Financing / Interest | | 1,006,049 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 1,006,049 | Transfer to Capital Financing Reserve | Budget virement is one- off. |
| o 117 | INFO 24#69 | Capital Financing (EDF) | Resources | Capital Financing / Interest | | 73,781 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 73,781 | Transfer to Capital Financing Reserve | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#70 | Tennis Court Lifecycle Maintenance | Adult Services | Leisure | | 10,560 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 10,560 | Transfer to Tennis Court Maintenance Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#71 | Combe Down Stone Mine 100 Year Grant Reserve Drawdown | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 26,152 | Resources | Corporate Estate Including R&M | | 26,152 | Drawdown of funding from Combe Down Stone Mine Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#72 | Licencing Income | Neighbourhood Services | Public Protection | | 12,384 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 12,384 | Transfer to Licencing Income Smoothing Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | INFO 24#73 | Waste Capital Financing | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 373,952 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 373,952 | Transfer to Capital Financing Reserve | Budget virement is one- off. |

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| | REASON / EXPLANATION | <u>CABINET</u> <u>PORTFOLIO</u> | TRANSFER FROM CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | <u>CABINET</u> <u>MEMBER</u> | TRANSFER TO CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | | Council Priorities & Delivery | Corporate Office | 16,250 | | | | | | | |
| INFO 24#74 | Revenue Grants Unapplied Reserve | Children's Services | Inclusion & Prevention | 117,658 | | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 187,545 | Transfer to Revenue Grants Unapplied Reserve. | Budget virement is one-off. |
| | | Official S del vices | Education Transformation | 53,637 | | | | | | | |
| INFO 24#75 | Schools' Reserve Transfer | Children & Young People, Communities & Culture | Schools Budgets | | 684,595 | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 684,595 | Transfer to Schools' Reserves. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| | DSG Overspend Reserve | | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 10,532,065 | Children & Young People, Communities & Culture | Schools Budgets | | | Transfer of 2024/25 gross DSG overspend to DSG Overspend Reserve. | Budget virement is one- off. |
| OVERAL | L TOTALS | | | 187,545 | 20,779,455 20,967,000 | | | 0 | 20,967,000 20,967,000 | | |

| | Lillits 2024/25 - Nevellue Budget | | | | Appendix 2 (II) |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| CABINET PORTFOLIO | Service | Feb'25 Revised Cash Limits | Technical Adjustments, below BMS limits or already agreed - shown for information | Total Virements for Approval | Jul'25 Final Cash Limits |
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Leader | Housing Delivery Vehicle | (1,000) | | | (1,000) |
| | Emergency Planning | 725 | | | 725 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (275) | | | (275) |
| Climate | Environmental Monitoring (Air Pollution) | 208 | | | 208 |
| Emergency & Sustainable Travel | Transport Strategy | 466 | 22 | | 488 |
| Sustamable Havei | Green Transformation | 690 | 138 | | 828 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 1,364 | 160 | | 1,524 |
| Council Priorities | Human Resources & Organisational Development | 990 | 2,138 | | 3,128 |
| & Delivery | Business Change | 789 | 124 | | 913 |
| | Corporate Office | 2,142 | 101 | | 2,243 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 3,921 | 2,363 | | 6,283 |
| | Council Solicitor & Democratic Services | 3,069 | | | 3,069 |
| | Finance | 2,652 | 803 | | 3,455 |
| | Revenues & Benefits | 2,163 | 81 | | 2,244 |
| | Risk & Assurance Services | 1,605 | (82) | | 1,523 |
| | Procurement & Commissioning | 338 | | | 338 |
| | Information Technology | 7,660 | 309 | | 7,968 |
| | Commercial Estate | (12,646) | | | (12,646) |
| Resources | Hsg / Council Tax Benefits Subsidy | 405 | | | 405 |
| Resources | Capital Financing / Interest | 4,906 | (1,080) | | 3,826 |
| | Unfunded Pensions | 1,388 | | | 1,388 |
| | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | (5,044) | (2,668) | | (7,712) |
| | New Homes Bonus Grant | (327) | | | (327) |
| | Magistrates | 12 | | | 12 |
| | Coroners | 550 | | | 550 |
| | Environment Agency | 262 | | | 262 |
| | West of England Combined Authority Levy | 5,194 | | | 5,194 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 12,186 | (2,637) | | 9,549 |
| | Corporate Estate Including R&M | 5,464 | 360 | | 5,824 |
| | Regeneration | (508) | 8 | | (500) |
| Economic & | Business & Skills | 400 | | | 400 |
| Cultural | Heritage Services | (12,227) | | | (12,227) |
| Sustainable Development | World Heritage | 123 | | | 123 |
| Development | Visit Bath | 76 | | | 76 |
| | Events & Active Lifestyles | 392 | 45 | | 437 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (6,280) | 413 | | (5,867) |
| | Adult Services | 60,927 | 1,455 | | 62,382 |
| | Public Health | 00,321 | 165 | | 165 |
| Adult Services | Adult Substance Misuse (Drug Action Team) | 73 | (20) | | 54 |
| | Leisure | 293 | (11) | | 283 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 61,293 | 1,590 | | 62,883 |
| | Children, Young People & Families | 19,193 | 1,590 | | 19,388 |
| | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | 1,967 | 195 | | 1,967 |
| | Safeguarding - CYP | 91 | | | 91 |
| Children's | | | (440) | | |
| Services | Inclusion & Prevention | 2,596 | (118) | | 2,478 |
| | Education Transformation | 4,647 | 132 | | 4,779 |
| | Home to School Transport | 9,403 | 0.047 | | 9,403 |
| | Schools' Budget | (1,547) | 9,847 | | 8,301 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 36,350 | 10,057 | | 46,407 |

| CABINET PORTFOLIO | Service | Feb'25 Revised Cash Limits | Technical Adjustments, below BMS limits or already agreed - shown for information | Total Virements for Approval | Jul'25 Final Cash Limits |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | (8,765) | | | (8,765) |
| | Park & Ride | (473) | 607 | | 135 |
| Highways | Network & Traffic Management | 742 | 24 | | 766 |
| | Highway Maintenance | 6,911 | | | 6,911 |
| | Clean Air Zone | | | | |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (1,586) | 632 | | (954) |
| | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | 20,454 | 148 | | 20,602 |
| | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | 2,075 | 175 | | 2,250 |
| Neighbourhood | Customer Services (including Libraries) | 2,819 | 46 | | 2,866 |
| Services | Public Protection | 1,263 | (12) | | 1,251 |
| | Community Safety | 216 | | | 216 |
| | Registrars Service | (96) | | | (96) |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 26,731 | 357 | | 27,088 |
| Built Environment | Building Control | (90) | | | (90) |
| & Sustainable | Development Management | 1,403 | 52 | | 1,455 |
| Development | Housing | 1,541 | 14 | | 1,555 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 2,854 | 66 | | 2,920 |
| | NET BUDGET | 136,561 | 13,000 | | 149,560 |

Sources of Funding

| Council Tax | 120,257 | | 120,257 |
|--|---------|--------|------------|
| Retained Business Rates | 19,403 | | 19,403 |
| Collection Fund Deficit (-) or Surplus (+) | (306) | | (306) |
| Transfers (to) / from Reserves | (2,793) | 13,000 | 10,206.343 |
| | | | , |
| TOTAL FUNDING | 136,561 | 13,000 | 149,560 |

| Canital Schame | Can Brog Number | Final Budget | Outturn 24/25 | Variance (Budget vs | Po phasa Paguast | Comments |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------|------------------|---|
| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | at Outturn | Outturn 24/25 | Outturn) | Re-phase Request | Comments |
| | | | | | | |
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Full Approval | | | | | | |
| Resources | | | | | | |
| Agresso System Development & Upgrade | Cap1415125 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| | Cap2425002 | 1,269 | 60 | 1,209 | 1,209 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Commercial Asset Re-Investment Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | CAP2526004 | 942 | 508 | 434 | 434 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Capital Contingency | Cap1415131 | 1,924 | 0 | 1,924 | 1,924 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Cleveland Pools Grant | Cap1718065 | 76 | 66 | 10 | 10 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Commercial Estate Planned Maintenance Programme | Cap2425003 | 350 | 408 | -58 | -58 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| Commercial Estate Refurbishment Programme | Cap1920022 | 2,360 | 2,187 | 173 | 173 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Customer Payments Security and Channel shift | Cap1920021 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Estate Rationalisation | CAP2425014 | 60 | 58 | 2 | 2 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Flexible Use of Capital Receipts (Transformation) | Cap1819080 | 1,150 | 1,383 | -233 | -233 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| IT Asset Refresh | Cap1819061 | 300 | 219 | 81 | 81 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park Bridge | Cap2223003 | 10 | 0 | 10 | 10 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Keynsham Regeneration & New Build | Cap1415094 | 68 | -37 | 105 | 105 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Office Reconfiguration Costs (project - Preparing for the future) | CAP2122005 | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Orange Grove | CAP1920036 | 100 | 73 | 27 | 27 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Preparing for the Future - New Technology | Cap2122020 | 401 | 299 | 101 | 101 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Property Company Investment - Council (Loan): Developments | Cap1617027 | 1,900 | 1,434 | 466 | 466 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Property Disposals (Disposals Programme (Minor)) | Cap1415098 | 245 | 85 | 160 | 160 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Saw Close RIF Repayment | CAP2122008 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Resources | | 11,178 | 6,762 | 4,416 | 4,416 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | | | | | |
| Bath City Centre Renewal Programme | Cap1920026 | 223 | 99 | 124 | 124 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Bath Central Riverside | CAP2223029 | 46 | 58 | -12 | -12 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Bath Quays Bridge, Linking Infrastructure & South | Cap1617037 | 0 | -5 | 5 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Bath Quays North | Cap1415114 | 1,318 | 1,215 | 103 | 103 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Bath Quays South, Bridge & Linking Infrastructure | Cap1415138 | 186 | 178 | 8 | 8 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| BWR Phase 2 | Cap1920012 | 3,506 | 1,736 | 1,771 | 671 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Carrswood Day Centre Roof | CAP2223004 | 564 | 585 | -21 | -21 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance Corporate Property Acquisition | Cap1415097 CAP2223019 | 2,755 59 | 2,008 | 746 0 | 746 0 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Digital B&NES | Cap1415069 | 280 | 390 | -110 | -110 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Equality Act Works | Cap1415104 | 48 | 58 | -10 | -10 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| Healthcare Projects to Increase Clinical Capacity | Cap2425007 | 250 | 167 | 84 | 84 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Heritage Collections Centre | CAP1920035 | 75 | -3 | 78 | 78 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Heritage Infrastructure Development | CAP1415052 | 197 | 29 | 168 | 168 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Heritage Services Energy Capture Scheme | Cap1819030 | -39 | -39 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| High Street Recovery | Cap2425010 | 134 | 104 | 31 | 31 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Innovation Quay - Strategic Flooding Solution | Cap1415064 | 16 | 6 | 9 | 9 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Keynsham High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1718011 | 35 | 51 | -16 | -16 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Larkhall Sports Club Playing Field Surface | Cap2425008 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Local Centres Renewal Programme | CAP2122010 | 42 | 38 | 4 | 4 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1819050 | 1,641 | 1,608 | 33 | 33 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Milsom Quarter Masterplan Delivery | CAP2223030 | 255 | 188 | 67 | 67 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| North Keynsham SDL - External Fees | Cap1819091 | 514 | 316 | 199 | 199 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Radstock Healthy Living Centre | Cap1718061 | 21 | 77 | -56 | -56 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Radstock Regeneration | CAP2223034 | 413 | 279 | 134 | 134 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure | Cap1718067 | 868 | 751 | 117 | 117 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Victoria Art Galley Roof Refurbishment | Cap2425017 | 855 | 820 | 35 | 35 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| York Street Vaults Phase 2 | Cap1819059 | 24 | 23 | 1 | 1 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 14,388 | 10,896 | 3,492 | 2,388 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Leader | | | | | | |
| Bath Area Forum - CIL Funded Schemes - Approved | Cap1718068 | 224 | 170 | 54 | 54 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Leader | | 224 | 170 | 54 | 54 | |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Final Budget at Outturn | Outturn 24/25 | Variance (Budget vs Outturn) | Re-phase Request | Comments |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | | | | | |
| Active Travel Prescribing Project | CAP2223032 | 73 | 0 | 73 | 73 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Bath River Line | CAP1920030 | 411 | 150 | 261 | 261 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Bathscape | Cap1819011 | 60 | 62 | -2 | -2 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Cleeve Court and Combe Lea Heating Upgrades | Cap2223025 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| CRSTS Bath City Centre (BCC) | CAP2324017 | 214 | 108 | 106 | 106 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CRSTS Bath Sustainable Walking & Cycling Links (BSWCL) | cap2324019 | 450 | 203 | 247 | 247 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CRSTS Cycling and Walking - Scholars Way | CAP2324012 | 285 | 165 | 120 | 120 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| FBC (Scholars Way + Bath Quays Links) | CAP2122012 | 544 | 530 | 14 | 14 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CRSTS - Midsomer Norton & Westfield, Walking, Wheeling & Cycling Links | cap2324024 | 226 | 122 | 104 | 104 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CRSTS Somer Valley Links (SVL) | cap2324018 | 1,077 | 1,326 | -249 | -249 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Cycle Hangers | CAP2324022 | 223 | 140 | 83 | 83 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Renewable Energy Development Fund | CAP2122009 | 186 | 172 | 14 | 14 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Renewable energy in B&NES | CAP2122006 | 67 | 67 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Somer Valley Rediscovered | CAP2223028 | 106 | 29 | 76 | 76 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Cubabal Full Assessed Climate Favorage as 8 Containable Tours | | 2.000 | 2.070 | 047 | 047 | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | 3,926 | 3,079 | 847 | 847 | |
| Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | | | | | |
| Affordable Housing (Enabling) | Cap1415091 | 269 | 56 | 212 | 212 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Englishcombe Lane Supported Housing | CAP2223027 | 277 | 377 | -100 | -100 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Housing Delivery Vehicle/ Schemes (Capital Disposals ADL) | Cap1516042 | 450 | 0 | 450 | 450 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Local Authority Housing Fund (Ukrainian/Afghan homes) | CAP2223035 | 2,294 | 1,952 | 342 | 342 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Social Rent Programme (Phase 1 of BANES Homes) | CAP2122025 | 2,647 | 2,497 | 150 | 150 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Supported Housing Scheme | CAP2122021 | 357 | 11 | 346 | 346 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | 6,294 | 4,894 | 1,400 | 1,400 | |
| Adult Services | | | | | | |
| Cil Social (Inc Recreation & Leisure | CAP2223018 | 55 | 55 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Community Resource Centre Capital Investment | | 15 | 4 | | 11 | |
| Community Resource Centre Equipment Replacement | Cap1718076 CAP2324007 | 56 | 22 | 34 | 34 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Disabled Facilities Grant | Cap1415089 | 1,946 | 2,021 | -75 | -75 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| Leisure - Commercialisation of Parks | CAP2223031 | 116 | 107 | 8 | 8 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Leisure Facility Modernisation - Keynsham Sports Centre | CAP1516051 | 65 | 65 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Odd Down Sports Ground and Other Leisure Feasibility | CAP2122007 | 137 | 75 | 62 | 62 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Construction of the Constr | 3/11 Z I Z Z Z Z | 107 | 70 | 32 | 32 | , total year seriorite, to printing to 2020/20 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Adult Services | | 2,389 | 2,349 | 40 | 39 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Children's Services | | | | | | |
| Basic Needs - School Improvement / Expansion | Cap1415135 | 4,192 | 2,784 | 1,408 | 1,408 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Culverhay SEND project | cap2425016 | 52 | 31 | 21 | 21 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Early Years Premises Improvements | CAP2425015 | 267 | 320 | -53 | -53 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Cap1415073 | 985 | 293 | 692 | 692 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Schools Devolved Capital | Cap1920028 | 157 | 125 | 32 | 32 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| SEND (Special Education Needs & Disability) Capital Programme | Cap1718071 | 2,571 | 1,892 | 679 | 679 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Small Residential Unit | Cap2425013 | 952 | 148 | 804 | 804 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) - Residential Provision at Bath College | Cap2223002 | 100 | -35 | 135 | 0 | Scheme not proceeding, reversal of prior year spend and also need to remove future year budgets of £3,890k |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Children's Services | | 9,276 | 5,558 | 3,718 | 3,582 | |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Final Budget at Outturn | Outturn 24/25 | Variance (Budget vs Outturn) | Re-phase Request | Comments |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|------------------|--|
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Neighbourhood Services | | | | | | |
| Alice Park - Skate Park | Cap1415035 | 9 | 0 | 9 | 4 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Bath Christmas Market | Cap2122023 | 32 | 32 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| CCTV Camera Replacement | Cap2223006 | 316 | 291 | 25 | 25 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CIL – Library Hublets | CAP2223009 | 13 | 0 | 13 | 13 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Emergency Response Equipment | CAP2324001 | 6 | 0 | 6 | 6 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park | CAP2122013 | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Litter Bin Replacement Programme | Cap2425012 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 20 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | Cap1718036 | 2,067 | 1,842 | 224 | 224 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Parks S106 Projects | Cap1718037 | 332 | 190 | 142 | 141 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Pixash Site Redevelopment | CAP2122022 | 867 | 831 | 37 | 37 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Play Area Refurbishment / Equipment | Cap1415039 | 696 | 264 | 431 | 431 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Property Improvement – Bath Library | Cap2021002 | -2 | 0 | -2 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Tree Planting | CAP2021005 | 130 | 27 | 103 | 103 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Waste Depot Relocation | Cap1516011 | 35 | 56 | -21 | -21 | Multi year scheme; recovery from 2025/26 |
| Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | CAP2223017 | 580 | 379 | 202 | 202 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Waste Container Replacements | Cap1617032 | 36 | 36 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Waste Welfare Facilities | Cap2021003 | 151 | 42 | 109 | 109 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Neighbourhood Services | | 5,318 | 4,021 | 1,297 | 1,293 | |
| | | | | | | |
| Highways | | | | | | |
| ANPR Enforcement Camera Replacement | Cap1415027 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Car Park Security | Cap2223024 | 65 | 0 | 65 | 65 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| City Centre Security - Highways Scheme | Cap1920027 | 2,498 | 1,463 | 1,035 | 1,035 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Clean Air Zone | Cap1920031 | 192 | 178 | 14 | 14 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Cleveland Bridge Refurbishment | Cap1920040 | 107 | 107 | 0 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| CRSTS Liveable Neighbourhoods | Cap1920003 | 1,781 | 1,077 | 704 | 704 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| CRSTS Manvers Street Remediation | CAP2324005 | 530 | 383 | 147 | 147 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Highways s106 Projects | CAP2425018 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Highways Maintenance Block | Cap1415184 | 9,194 | 9,204 | -11 | -11 | Rolling programme, recovery from 2025/26 |
| Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | Cap1415009 | 2,798 | 2,754 | 43 | 43 | Rolling programme, delivery continues into 2025/26 |
| Office for Low Emission Vehicles (OLEV) Bid -GULW | Cap1617008 | 130 | 27 | 103 | 103 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Parking Body Worn Video Cameras for Civil Enforcement Officers | Cap1920041 | 35 | 28 | 7 | 0 | Scheme completed, no rephasing required |
| Parking Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminal Replacement | Cap1415026 | 45 | 0 | 45 | 45 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Parking Radio System Replacement | Cap1415024 | 30 | 0 | 30 | 30 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| Pay & Display Machines | Cap1617014 | 130 | 88 | 41 | 41 | Multi year scheme; re-phasing to 2025/26 |
| | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Highways | | 17,541 | 15,312 | 2,228 | 2,221 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 70,534 | 53,041 | 17,492 | 16,241 | |

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| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | TRANSFER TO | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | Notes |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------|--|
| CAP2425#102 | Car Park Security | SSB | 15,000 | | Highways | | 15,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 20/12/2024 to approve capital SSB funding of £15k to increase the Manvers Street Car Park Security Budget |
| CAP2425#103 | Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | SSB | 30,000 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 30,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Place 23/12/2024 to fully approve £30k for the procurement of vehicle for Parking Services. |
| CAP2425#104 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Gov't grant | 3,500 | | Children's Services | | 3,500 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Education and Safeguarding to fully approve £3.5k to carry out emergency retaining wall repairs to Paulton Junior School. Reduction to Minor Work / DDA budget. |
| CAP2425#105 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Gov't grant | -3,500 | | Children's Services | | -3,500 | as above |
| CAP2425#106 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Gov't grant | 30,000 | | Children's Services | | 30,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Education and Safeguarding to fully approve £30k to carry out mechanical, electrical, plumbing and structural advice at the Abbot Alphege School site in regard to relocation of the AP from the Culverhay site. |
| CAP2425#107 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Gov't grant | -30,000 | | Children's Services | | -30,000 | as above |
| CAP2425#108 | Waterspace Connected | s106 | -7,927 | | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | -7,927 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect redirection of £8k S106 .Reduction of capital budget related to S106 that is now supporting revenue F&D spend (WECA Match). |
| CAP2425#109 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | WECA grant | 11,553 | | Highways | | 11,553 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to re-align programme with CIL funding. |
| CAP2425#110 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | s106 | 14,000 | | Children's Services | | 14,000 | Officer Delegated Decision on 20/01/2025 by the Director of Place to fully approve £605k (inc. £46K surplus transfer from existing allocation) to create a Resource Base at Mulberry Park Primary School for children with Social, Emotional and Mental needs. |
| CAP2425#111 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Gov't grant | -46,234 | | Children's Services | | -46,234 | as above |
| CAP2425#112 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | WECA grant | -4,079 | | Children's Services | | -4,079 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to align the remaining budget from the Mulberry Park Primary Resource Base Feasibility Study to the fully approved scheme. |
| CAP2425#113 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | WECA grant | 4,079 | | Children's Services | | 4,079 | as above |
| CAP2425#114 | Tree Planting | CSB | 14,100 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 14,100 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 29/01/2025 to approve capital budget of £197k for the Tree Replacement Programme across BANES across the next 5 financial years. |
| CAP2425#115 | Tree Planting | s106, CIL | 94,790 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 94,790 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 29/01/2025 to approve capital budget of £119.37k for the Trees - Green Streets Project over 5 years. |
| CAP2425#116 | Play Area Refurbishment / Equipment | CSB | -29,000 | | Neighbourhood Services | | -29,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Place Management to allocated programme contingency to Calton Road Scheme. |
| CAP2425#117 | Play Area Refurbishment / Equipment | CSB | 29,000 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 29,000 | as above |
| | Heritage Infrastructure Development | SSB | 125,000 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 125,000 | Officer Delgated Decision by Executive Director Sustainable Communities 06/02/2025. The works will provide staff facilities, a changing room and storage facility for the Operations Team and costumed interpretors who work at the Roman Baths and across the Heritage Services Estate. |
| CAP2425#119 | Supported Housing Scheme | Gov't grant | 253,000 | | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | 253,000 | Officer Delegated Decision -Director of Capital & Housing Delivery 13/02/2025 to expand its temporary accommodation by using two additional properties located on New Bond Street and Hot Bath Street in Bath. |
| CAP2425#120 | Litter Bin Replacement Programme | CSB | 20,000 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 20,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 04/03/2025 to approve capital budget of £20k for Waste Litter Bins. |
| CAP2425#121 | Parks S106 Projects | s106 | 16,275 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 16,275 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding to Paulton Parish Council for Forst School Garden and Community Orchard. |
| CAP2425#122 | CRSTS Liveable Neighbourhoods | WECA grant | 939 | | Highways | | 939 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to align to grant offer. |
| CAP2425#123 | Waterspace Connected | s106 | 7,927 | | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | 7,927 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to rephase S106 funding. Budget tidy up negative 24/25 covered by s106 from 25/26. |
| CAP2425#124 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | s106 | 1,327 | | Highways | | 1,327 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding in Fosseway South area. |
| CAP2425#125 | Parking Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminal Replacement | SSB | 45,000 | | Highways | | 45,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management on 07/03/2025 to approve capital budget of £45k to replace Parking Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminals. |
| CAP2425#126 | Tree Planting | Gov't grant | 13,831 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 13,831 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply Grant funding. |

| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | TRANSFER TO | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | Notes |
|--------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------|---|
| CAP2425#127 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Gov't grant | -4,012 | | Children's Services | | -4,012 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to allocate underspent budget from the Peasedown St John - SEND Resource Base back into the provisional budget for future reallocation. |
| CAP2425#128 | IT Asset Refresh | Revenue | 57,375 | | Resources | | 57,375 | Delegated Decision by Director of Children and Education on 3/3/2025 for IT Database Improvement. |
| CAP2425#129 | Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | Revenue | 3,485 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 3,485 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect asset purchase from revenue. |
| CAP2425#130 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Gov't grant | 109 | | Children's Services | | 109 | Delegation Decision by Director of Education and Safeguarding to transfer Emergency Works budget for Paulton Jnrs Heating Works. |
| CAP2425#131 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Gov't grant | -109 | | Children's Services | | -109 | As above. |
| CAP2425#132 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Gov't grant | 61 | | Children's Services | | 61 | Delegation Decision by Director of Education and Safeguarding minor late cost of Twerton Infant School scheme. |
| CAP2425#133 | Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | Gov't grant | 27,500 | | Neighbourhood Services | | 27,500 | Techncial Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect government grant received for purchase of electric vehicles. |
| CAP2425#134 | Heritage Services Energy Capture Scheme | CSB | 4,832 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 4,832 | Officer Delegated Decision by Executive Director Sustainability and Communities 20/06/2025. |
| CAP2425#135 | Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | СЅВ | 735,000 | | Resources | | 735,000 | Officer Delegated Decision Executive Director of Resources 6/01/2025 to complete fire safety improvement works for residential premises within the commercial estate and ensure there is a fire strategy per building that is appropriate for historic buildings. |
| CAP2425#136 | Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | CSB | 207,000 | | Resources | | 207,000 | CSB Funding needed 24/25 but c/f in Q3. Also balance of funding difference from PID. |
| CAP2425#137 | Southside Youth Centre | CSB | 12,082 | | Children's Services | | 12,082 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply RCCO funding. |
| CAP2425#138 | Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure | WECA grant | 520,000 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 520,000 | Single Member Decision by Cabinet Member for Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development 7/5/2025 to accept £9.276m grant funding. |
| CAP2425#139 | BWR Phase 2 | Gov't grant | 1,380,000 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 1,380,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Housing and Capital Delivery 28/01/2025. |
| CAP2425#140 | Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | WECA grant | 620,000 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 620,000 | Technical Adjustement by Director of Finance to realign of grant award. |
| CAP2425#141 | Refurb of Roman Baths Shop | SSB | 4,064 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 4,064 | Officer Delegated Decision by Executive Director Sustainability and Communties 20/06/2025 |
| CAP2425#142 | Next Steps Accommodation Programme | SSB | 6,732 | | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | 6,732 | Technical Adjustement by Director of Finance to realign of CSB to programme. |
| CAP2425#143 | Small Residential Unit | Gov't grant | 25,000 | | Children's Services | | 25,000 | Technical Adjustement by Director of Finance to realign of grant award. |
| CAP2425#144 | Schools Devolved Capital Grant | Gov't grant | -27,495 | | Children's Services | | -27,495 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect project delivery from Schools Devolved Capital grant. |
| CAP2425#145 | Schools Devolved Capital Grant | Gov't grant, 3rd party contribs | 31,436 | | Children's Services | | 31,436 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect Paulton Jnr and St Keyna end of year outturn. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | 4,211,642 | | | | 4,211,642 | |
| Check (hide) | | | 4,211,642 | | | | 4,211,642 | |

REF NO REASON / EXPLANATION TRANSFER / FUNDING Income Expenditure TRANSFER TO Income Expenditure Notes

Capital Virements - Additions & Reductions Future Years

| | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------|--|
| FY CAP2425#015 | Parks S106 Projects | s106 | 40,825 | Neighbourhood Services | 40,8 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding to work at Abbots wood. |
| FY CAP2425#016 | Keynsham Memorial Park | s106 | 9,409 | Neighbourhood Services | 9,4 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding towards Play Area at KMP. |
| FY CAP2425#017 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Gov't grant, s106 | 591,000 | Children's Services | 591,0 | Officer Delegated Decision on 20/01/2025 by the Director of Place to fully approve £605k (inc. £46K surplus transfer from existing allocation) to create a Resource Base at Mulberry Park Primary School for children with Social, Emotional and Mental needs. |
| FY CAP2425#018 | Tree Planting | CSB | 182,900 | Neighbourhood Services | 182,0 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 29/01/2025 to approve capital budget of £197k for the Tree Replacement Programme across BANES across the next 5 financial years. |
| FY CAP2425#019 | Tree Planting | CIL, S106 | 24,580 | Neighbourhood Services | 24,5 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 29/01/2025 to approve capital budget of £119.37k for the Trees - Green Streets Project over 5 years. |
| FY CAP2425#020 | Keynsham Memorial Park | 3rd party contrib. | 100,000 | Neighbourhood Services | 100,0 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to align 3rd Party contribution from Keynsham Town Council to the Keynsham Memorial Park Play Area Project. |
| FY CAP2425#021 | Supported Housing Scheme | Gov't grant | 252,000 | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | 252,0 | Officer Delegated Decision -Director of Capital & Housing Delivery 13/02/2025. |
| FY CAP2425#022 | Bath River Line | s106 | 144,216 | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | 144,2 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding to phase 1 from Green Park House and 22/24 Cheltenham St. |
| FY CAP2425#023 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | s106 | 4,745 | Highways | 4,7 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply S106 funding for Area Parking Review. |
| FY CAP2425#024 | Waterspace Connected | s106 | -7,927 | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | -7,5 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to rephase S106 funding. Budget tidy up negative 24/25 covered by s106 from 25/26. |
| FY CAP2425#025 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | s106 | 870 | Highways | 8 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply residual S106 funding to 24/25 outturn. |
| FY CAP2425#026 | Tree Planting | Revenue | 26,500 | Neighbourhood Services | 26,5 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to apply Insurance receipt. |
| FY CAP2425#027 | Norton Radstock Ecological Improvements | CSB | -50,702 | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | -50,7 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to re-align project delivery for Foxhills SNCI. |
| FY CAP2425#028 | Somer Valley Rediscovered | CSB | 50,702 | Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | 50,7 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to re-align project delivery for Foxhills SNCI. |
| FY CAP2425#029 | Social Rent Programme (Phase 1 of BANES Homes) | CSB.SSB | 325,000 | Built Environment & Sustainable Development | 325,0 | Officer Delegated Decision Director of Capital & Housing Delivery 18/12/2024. |
| FY CAP2425#030 | Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | CSB, 3rd party contrib. | 388,000 | Resources | 388,0 | Officer Delegated Decision Executive Director of Resources 6/01/2025. |
| FY CAP2425#031 | Commercial Estate Refurbishment Programme | CSB | -207,000 | Resources | -207,0 | 00 CSB Funding needed 24/25 but c/f in Q3 |
| FY CAP2425#032 | Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure | Gov't grant | 8,779,694 | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | 8,779,6 | Single Member Decision by Cabinet Member for Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development 7/5/2025 to accept £9.276m grant funding. |
| FY CAP2425#033 | BWR Phase 2 | Gov't grant | 16,822,421 | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | 16,822,4 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Housing and Capital Delivery 28/01/2025. |
| FY CAP2425#034 | Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | WECA grant | -598,000 | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | -598,0 | Technical Adjustement by Director of Finance to realign of grant award. |
| FY CAP2425#035 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) - Residential Provision at Bath College | SSB | -3,889,615 | Children's Services | -3,889,6 | SEND Residential Provision removal of 25/26 budget as scheme not proceeding. |
| T-/-! | | | 22.22.2 | | | 10 |
| Total | | | 22,989,619 22,989,619 | | 22,989,6 22,989,6 | |
| | | | ,565,615 | | 22,000,0 | |

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| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Revised Budget After February Cabinet | Approvals to Outturn | Final Budget at Outturn |
|---|-----------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | €'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | | | |
| Full Approval | | | | |
| Resources | | | | |
| Agresso System Development & Upgrade | Cap1415125 | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| Commercial Asset Re-Investment | Cap2425002 | 1,269 | 0 | 1,269 |
| Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | CAP2526004 | 0 | 942 | 942 |
| Capital Contingency | Cap1415131 | 1,924 | 0 | 1,924 |
| Cleveland Pools Grant | Cap1718065 | 76 | 0 | 76 |
| Commercial Estate Planned Maintenance Programme | Cap2425003 | 350 | 0 | 350 |
| Commercial Estate Refurbishment Programme | Cap1920022 | 2,360 | 0 | 2,360 |
| Customer Payments Security and Channel shift | Cap1920021 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Estate Rationalisation | CAP2425014 | 60 | 0 | 60 |
| Flexible Use of Capital Receipts (Transformation) | Cap1819080 | 1,150 | 0 | 1,150 |
| IT Asset Refresh | Cap1819061 | 243 | 57 | 300 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park Bridge | Cap2223003 | 10 | 0 | 10 |
| Keynsham Regeneration & New Build | Cap1415094 | 68 | 0 | 68 |
| Office Reconfiguration Costs (project - Preparing for the future) | CAP2122005 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Orange Grove | CAP1920036 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| Preparing for the Future - New Technology | Cap2122020 | 401 | 0 | 401 |
| Property Company Investment - Council (Loan): Developments | Cap1617027 | 1,900 | 0 | 1,900 |
| Property Disposals (Disposals Programme (Minor)) | Cap1415098 | 245 | 0 | 245 |
| Saw Close RIF Repayment | CAP2122008 | 12 | 0 | 12 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Resources | | 10,179 | 999 | 11,178 |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Revised Budget After February Cabinet | Approvals to Outturn | Final Budget at Outturn |
|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | €,000 | £'000 | €,000 |
| | | | | |
| Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | | | |
| Bath City Centre Renewal Programme | Cap1920026 | 223 | 0 | 223 |
| Bath Central Riverside | CAP2223029 | 46 | 0 | 46 |
| Bath Quays North | Cap1415114 | 1,318 | 0 | 1,318 |
| Bath Quays South, Bridge & Linking Infrastructure | Cap1415138 | 186 | 0 | 186 |
| BWR Phase 2 | Cap1920012 | 2,126 | 1,380 | 3,506 |
| Carrswood Day Centre Roof | CAP2223004 | 564 | 0 | 564 |
| Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance | Cap1415097 | 2,755 | 0 | 2,755 |
| Corporate Property Acquisition | CAP2223019 | 59 | 0 | 59 |
| Digital B&NES | Cap1415069 | 280 | 0 | 280 |
| Equality Act Works | Cap1415104 | 48 | 0 | 48 |
| Healthcare Projects to Increase Clinical Capacity | Cap2425007 | 250 | 0 | 250 |
| Heritage Collections Centre | CAP1920035 | 75 | 0 | 75 |
| Heritage Infrastructure Development | CAP1415052 | 72 | 125 | 197 |
| Heritage Services Energy Capture Scheme | Cap1819030 | -44 | 5 | -39 |
| High Street Recovery | Cap2425010 | 134 | 0 | 134 |
| Innovation Quay - Strategic Flooding Solution | Cap1415064 | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| Keynsham High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1718011 | 35 | 0 | 35 |
| Larkhall Sports Club Playing Field Surface | Cap2425008 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| Local Centres Renewal Programme | CAP2122010 | 42 | 0 | 42 |
| Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1819050 | 1,021 | 620 | 1,641 |
| Milsom Quarter Masterplan Delivery | CAP2223030 | 255 | 0 | 255 |
| North Keynsham SDL - External Fees | Cap1819091 | 514 | 0 | 514 |
| Radstock Healthy Living Centre | Cap1718061 | 21 | 0 | 21 |
| Radstock Regeneration | CAP2223034 | 413 | 0 | 413 |
| Refurb of Roman Baths Shop | Cap1819037 | -4 | 4 | 0 |
| Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure | Cap1718067 | 348 | 520 | 868 |
| Victoria Art Galley Roof Refurbishment | Cap2425017 | 855 | 0 | 855 |
| York Street Vaults Phase 2 | Cap1819059 | 24 | 0 | 24 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | | 11,734 | 2,654 | 14,388 |
| Leader | | | | |
| Bath Area Forum - CIL Funded Schemes - Approved | Cap1718068 | 224 | 0 | 224 |
| Dati Area i orani - Ore i unueu ochenies - Approveu | Cap1/10000 | 224 | U | 224 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Leader | | 224 | 0 | 224 |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Revised Budget After February Cabinet | Approvals to Outturn | Final Budget at Outturn |
|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | 5,000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | | | |
| Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | | | |
| Active Travel Prescribing Project | CAP2223032 | 73 | 0 | 73 |
| Bath River Line | CAP1920030 | 411 | 0 | 411 |
| Bathscape | Cap1819011 | 60 | 0 | 60 |
| Cleeve Court and Combe Lea Heating Upgrades | Cap2223025 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| CRSTS Bath City Centre (BCC) | CAP2324017 | 214 | 0 | 214 |
| CRSTS Bath Sustainable Walking & Cycling Links (BSWCL) | cap2324019 | 450 | 0 | 450 |
| CRSTS Cycling and Walking - Scholars Way | CAP2324012 | 285 | 0 | 285 |
| FBC (Scholars Way + Bath Quays Links) | CAP2122012 | 544 | 0 | 544 |
| CRSTS - Midsomer Norton & Westfield, Walking, Wheeling & Cycling Links | cap2324024 | 226 | 0 | 226 |
| CRSTS Somer Valley Links (SVL) | cap2324018 | 1,077 | 0 | 1,077 |
| Cycle Hangers | CAP2324022 | 223 | 0 | 223 |
| Renewable Energy Development Fund | CAP2122009 | 186 | 0 | 186 |
| Renewable energy in B&NES | CAP2122006 | 67 | 0 | 67 |
| Somer Valley Rediscovered | CAP2223028 | 106 | 0 | 106 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Climate Emergency & Sustainable Travel | | 3,926 | 0 | 3,926 |
| | | | | |
| Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | | | |
| Affordable Housing (Enabling) | Cap1415091 | 269 | 0 | 269 |
| Englishcombe Lane Supported Housing | CAP2223027 | 277 | 0 | 277 |
| Housing Delivery Vehicle/ Schemes (Capital Disposals ADL) | Cap1516042 | 450 | 0 | 450 |
| Local Authority Housing Fund (Ukrainian/Afghan homes) | CAP2223035 | 2,294 | 0 | 2,294 |
| Next Steps Accommodation Programme | CAP2021006 | -7 | 7 | 0 |
| Social Rent Programme (Phase 1 of BANES Homes) | CAP2122025 | 2,647 | 0 | 2,647 |
| Supported Housing Scheme | CAP2122021 | 104 | 253 | 357 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Built Environment & Sustainable Development | | 6,035 | 260 | 6,294 |
| | | | | |
| Adult Services | | | | |
| CIL - Social (Inc Recreation & Leisure | CAP2223018 | 55 | 0 | 55 |
| Community Resource Centre Capital Investment | Cap1718076 | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| Community Resource Centre Equipment Replacement | CAP2324007 | 56 | 0 | 56 |
| Disabled Facilities Grant | Cap1415089 | 1,946 | 0 | 1,946 |
| Leisure - Commercialisation of Parks | CAP2223031 | 116 | 0 | 116 |
| Leisure Facility Modernisation - Keynsham Sports Centre | CAP1516051 | 65 | 0 | 65 |
| Odd Down Sports Ground and Other Leisure Feasibility | CAP2122007 | 137 | 0 | 137 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Adult Services | | 2,389 | 0 | 2,389 |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Revised Budget After February Cabinet | Approvals to Outturn | Final Budget at Outturn |
|---|-----------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | | | |
| Children's Services | | | | |
| Basic Needs - School Improvement / Expansion | Cap1415135 | 4,192 | 0 | 4,192 |
| Culverhay SEND project | cap2425016 | 52 | 0 | 52 |
| Early Years Premises Improvements | CAP2425015 | 267 | 0 | 267 |
| Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Cap1415073 | 985 | 0 | 985 |
| Schools Devolved Capital | Cap1920028 | 153 | 4 | 157 |
| SEND (Special Education Needs & Disability) Capital Programme | Cap1718071 | 2,607 | -36 | 2,571 |
| Small Residential Unit | Cap2425013 | 927 | 25 | 952 |
| Southside Youth Centre | CAP2223026 | -12 | 12 | 0 |
| Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) - Residential Provision at Bath College | Cap2223002 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Children's Services | | 9,271 | 5 | 9,276 |
| | | | | |
| Neighbourhood Services | | | | |
| Alice Park - Skate Park | Cap1415035 | 9 | 0 | 9 |
| Bath Christmas Market | Cap2122023 | 32 | 0 | 32 |
| CCTV Camera Replacement | Cap2223006 | 316 | 0 | 316 |
| CIL – Library Hublets | CAP2223009 | 13 | 0 | 13 |
| Emergency Response Equipment | CAP2324001 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park | CAP2122013 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| Litter Bin Replacement Programme | Cap2425012 | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | Cap1718036 | 2,006 | 61 | 2,067 |
| Parks S106 Projects | Cap1718037 | 316 | 16 | 332 |
| Pixash Site Redevelopment | CAP2122022 | 867 | 0 | 867 |
| Play Area Refurbishment / Equipment | Cap1415039 | 696 | 0 | 696 |
| Property Improvement – Bath Library | Cap2021002 | -2 | 0 | -2 |
| Tree Planting | CAP2021005 | 7 | 123 | 130 |
| Waste Depot Relocation | Cap1516011 | 35 | 0 | 35 |
| Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | CAP2223017 | 580 | 0 | 580 |
| Waste Container Replacements | Cap1617032 | 36 | 0 | 36 |
| Waste Welfare Facilities | Cap2021003 | 151 | 0 | 151 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Neighbourhood Services | | 5,098 | 220 | 5,318 |

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Revised Budget After February Cabinet | Approvals to Outturn | Final Budget at Outturn |
|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | £'000 | €'000 | £'000 |
| | | | | |
| Highways | | | | |
| ANPR Enforcement Camera Replacement | Cap1415027 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Car Park Security | Cap2223024 | 50 | 15 | 65 |
| City Centre Security - Highways Scheme | Cap1920027 | 2,498 | 0 | 2,498 |
| Clean Air Zone | Cap1920031 | 192 | 0 | 192 |
| Cleveland Bridge Refurbishment | Cap1920040 | 107 | 0 | 107 |
| CRSTS Liveable Neighbourhoods | Cap1920003 | 1,780 | 1 | 1,781 |
| CRSTS Manvers Street Remediation | CAP2324005 | 530 | 0 | 530 |
| Highways s106 Projects | CAP2425018 | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Highways Maintenance Block | Cap1415184 | 9,194 | 0 | 9,194 |
| Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | Cap1415009 | 2,785 | 13 | 2,798 |
| Office for Low Emission Vehicles (OLEV) Bid -GULW | Cap1617008 | 130 | 0 | 130 |
| Parking Body Worn Video Cameras for Civil Enforcement Officers | Cap1920041 | 35 | 0 | 35 |
| Parking Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminal Replacement | Cap1415026 | 0 | 45 | 45 |
| Parking Radio System Replacement | Cap1415024 | 30 | 0 | 30 |
| Pay & Display Machines | Cap1617014 | 130 | 0 | 130 |
| | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Highways | | 17,467 | 74 | 17,541 |
| | | | | |
| TOTAL CAPITAL SCHEME BUDGET | | 66,322 | 4,212 | 70,534 |

| Sources of Funding | | | |
|--|--------|-------|--------|
| Grants | 30,953 | 2,882 | 33,835 |
| Council Support including Borrowing & Capital Receipts | 27,982 | 730 | 28,713 |
| S106 | 1,309 | 87 | 1,396 |
| CIL | 2,406 | 90 | 2,496 |
| 3rd Party | 1,257 | 464 | 1,721 |
| Revenue | 2,414 | -41 | 2,374 |
| Total Sources of Funding | 66.322 | 4.212 | 70.534 |

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| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Portfolio | Cash Limit | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2025/26 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Portfolio: Climate Emere | gency and Sustainable Travel | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Corporate Strategy priority projects | Swap recurring revenue funding for draw down from a policy reserve to fund individual time-limited projects related to delivering the Corporate Strategy where external funding is likely to be secured. Overall funding for Green Transformation being maintained over the next three years (2024-27). | Climate Emergency and Sustainable Travel | 1137 | Green Transformation | Income | (150) | 0 | 0 | (12) | (12) | 138 | 38 | 100 | 0 | 0 | Additional external funding was not secured for the full amount as only £12k was achieved in the year. It has been difficult to identify any income opportunities from projects. This means the service relied on reserve funding at the end of the year. |
| Climate Emergency and | Sustainable Travel Total | | | | | (150) | 0 | 0 | (12) | (12) | 138 | 38 | 100 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Council Priorit | ties and Delivery | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Being Our Best programme | The Being Our Best programme is a planned review and rationalisation of our management and operating structures to best serve the authority. Senior management structures will be reviewed first, followed by Heads of Service and service leads. This may result also in savings. | Council Priorities and Delivery | 1047 | Human Resources & Organisational Development | Exp | (2,500) | 0 | (500) | 0 | (500) | 2,000 | 0 | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | Delays in implementing the smarter structures element of the programme due to the pay and grading review, have resulted in slippage in delivery of savings. This is being mitigated in-year from corporate contingency as a one-off measure. |
| Council Priorities and De | elivery Total | | | | | (2,500) | 0 | (500) | 0 | (500) | 2,000 | 0 | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Resources | Destriction Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Consolidation of IT Systems | Rationalisation of our IT systems to enable consolidation and added functionality to the core systems we have adopted. This will remove legacy service specific systems that can be costly to maintain, are at risk of becoming obsolete, and do not enhance reporting or the customer experience. | Resources | 1032 | Information Technology | Exp | (154) | 0 | (154) | 0 | (154) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Capital Programme borrowing review | Review all capital programme items that are funded by council borrowing to align the delivery programme with our expenditure cashflow requirements. Based on current capital monitoring and assessment of cash balances this will reduce our revenue budget requirement to fund borrowing costs. | Resources | 1055 | Capital Financing / Interest | Ехр | (2,000) | 0 | (2,000) | 0 | (2,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Thermae Spa income | Adjustments to our income budget to align with the current income performance of the Thermae Spa. | Resources | 1057 | Corporate Budgets including Capital, Audit and Bank Charges | Income | (100) | 0 | (100) | 0 | (100) | 0 | o | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Review transport expenditure | Review the level of the Transport Levy and top-up to protect specific supported bus services by reflecting the underspend by WECA. | Resources | 1057 | Corporate Budgets including Capital, Audit and Bank Charges | Exp | (160) | 0 | (160) | 0 | (160) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Corporate overhead rebasing | Economies of scale to be identified from the £2m budget funding corporate overheads within the existing HRCG contract. These functions will be provided by us from April 2024 as part of the in-house delivery model. | Resources | 1057 | Corporate Budgets including Capital, Audit and Bank Charges | Exp | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Contract management | Review and upgrade the Council's approach to contract management through a phased multi-year programme of improvements. | Resources | 1118 | Procurement & Commissioning | Exp | (150) | 0 | (150) | 0 | (150) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Resources Total | | | | | | (2,764) | 0 | (2.764) | 0 | (2,764) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Portfolio | Cash Limit | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2025/26 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|---|--|--|---------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio: Economic And | Cultural Sustainable Development | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Heritage Services | Gross income uplift for 24/25 based on business plan | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1018 | Heritage Services | Income | (4,270) | 0 | (4,270) | 0 | (4,270) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Corporate landlord: centralisation of facilities management | owned buildings, and growing income from | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1038 | Corporate Estate Including R&M | Exp | (100) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Delays in implementing the Corporate Landlord Model (CLM) has meant associated efficiency savings have not been delivered. Resource is in place to progress the implementation of the CLM for 2025/26. |
| Bath Quays South lettings | and above previous financial projections. | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1052 | Regeneration | Income | (600) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 600 | 600 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Delays in filling all rentable floor space, coupled with some rent free periods has meant the budgeted income level will not be achieved in 2024/25. However, the £600k is expected to materialise for 2025/26. |
| City and Town Centre Management Service redesign | Implement transformational change to deliver services in a different way across City & Town Centre Management, including Events & Film Office. | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1121 | Events & Active Lifestyles | Exp | (60) | 0 | (60) | 0 | (60) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Business and Skills: recharge officer time to projects | Provide Business and Skills services to employers through external grant funded activity only and reduce additional Council support. | Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 1128 | Business & Skills | Exp | (38) | 0 | (38) | 0 | (38) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| | sustainable Development Total | | | | | (5,068) | 0 | (4,368) | 0 | (4,368) | 700 | 700 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Adults | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Services | | ı | 1 | T | | ı | 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| Royal Victoria Park leisure facilities | Procurement of new operator for RVP café, tennis, adventure golf, and event spaces (incl. ice rink) presents opportunity to increase income. | Adult Services | 1019 | Leisure | Income | (10) | 0 | (10) | 0 | (10) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Social care package review | Review of care packages so that they match user needs in an affordable way. | Adult Services | 1073 | Adults & Older People-Mental Health Commissioning | Exp | (61) | 0 | (61) | 0 | (61) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Social care package review | Review of care packages so that they match user needs in an affordable way. | Adult Services | 1088 | Older People & Physically Disabled Purchasing | Exp | (185) | 0 | (185) | 0 | (185) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Commissioning | Commission local services to match users needs in an affordable way. | Adult Services | 1091 | Learning Disabilities Commissioning | Exp | (230) | 0 | (230) | 0 | (230) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Social care package review | Review of care packages so that they match user needs in an affordable way. | Adult Services | 1093 | Physical Disability, Hearing & Vision | Exp | (24) | 0 | (24) | 0 | (24) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Commissioning | Commission local services to match users needs in an affordable way. | Adult Services | 1093 | Physical Disability, Hearing & Vision | Exp | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Review of Better Care Fund | Improved Better Care Fund with enhanced allocation process whilst protecting social care expenditure. | Adult Services | 1110 | Better Care Fund | Exp | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Community Support Contracts | Review and recommission community support contracts. | Adult Services | 1110 | Better Care Fund | Exp | (400) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 0 | The saving will not be achieved in the original planned areas in 2024/25 and will be mitigated from temporary grant funding identified elsewhere in the service. |
| Commissioning review | Planned review of commissioning model across Adult and Children's Services. | Adult Services | 1086 | Adult Care Commissioning | Exp | (250) | 0 | (250) | 0 | (250) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Community Resource Centres | Redesign in-house services so that they match areas of high demand for care. | Adult Services | 1124 | Community Resource Centres & Extra Care Income | Exp | (300) | 0 | (300) | 0 | (300) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Adult Services Total | - | | | | | (1,710) | 0 | (1,310) | 0 | (1,310) | 400 | 0 | 400 | 0 | 0 | |

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Portfolio | | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2025/26 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|---|---|---------------------|------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Portfolio: Children's Serv | rtfolio: Children's Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Specialist commissioning | Rebasing of contracts as part of the commissioning review. | Children's Services | 1076 | Children, Young People & Families | Exp | (500) | 0 | (500) | 0 | (500) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Fully delivered |
| Reprofiled transformation savings | Remodelling of service delivery to increase in house provision. | Children's Services | 1076 | Children, Young People & Families | Ехр | (460) | 0 | (460) | 0 | (460) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Fully delivered |
| Reduce Children's Services discretionary spend | Reduce discretionary spending in areas including family support. | Children's Services | 1077 | Inclusion & Prevention | Exp | (150) | 0 | (129) | 0 | (129) | 21 | 0 | 21 | 0 | 0 | Saving were not achieved in the original planned areas, but were mitigated from underspends identified elsewhere in the service. Recurrent savings are identified for 25/26 for the full mitigated value. |
| Health and Wellbeing Services | Health improvement projects re-evaluation - £200k savings applied to Children's | Children's Services | 1116 | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | Exp | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | (200) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Fully delivered |
| Reduce Children's Services discretionary spend | Reduce discretionary spending in areas including family support. | Children's Services | 1116 | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | Exp | (150) | 0 | (25) | 0 | (25) | 125 | 0 | 125 | 0 | 0 | Saving were not achieved in the original planned areas, but were mitigated from underspends identified elsewhere in the service. Recurrent savings are identified for 25/26 for the full mitigated value. |
| Children's Services Total | | • | | • | | (1,460) | 0 | (1,314) | 0 | (1,314) | 146 | 0 | 146 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Highways | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parking Services: income | Income generated from the implementation of Emission Based P&D, RPZ schemes, Permit changes and Enforcement Review | Highways | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (225) | 0 | (225) | 0 | (225) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parking Services: income rebasing | Review of in-year 23/24 parking income due to increased demand over and above budgeted value | Highways | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (600) | 0 | (600) | 0 | (600) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parking charge increases and implementation of new emissions-based parking charges | Inflationary price rises, alongside the introduction of emission-based parking charges for all vehicles to all locations in Bath (on and off street), Keynsham, Saltford, Midsomer Norton, and Radstock. Motorbikes will also require valid permits in residential parking zones. | Highways | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (206) | 0 | (206) | 0 | (206) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parking Services: income rebasing | Increased income from Park and Ride service | Highways | 1104 | Transport & Parking Services - Public & Passenger Transport | Income | (60) | 0 | (60) | 0 | (60) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parking Services: income rebasing | Increased income from street works | Highways | 1133 | Network & Traffic Management | Income | (160) | 0 | (148) | 0 | (148) | 12 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | Not fully achieved but mitigated by increased income in other areas of traffic management |
| Highways Total | | <u> </u> | | | | (1,251) | 0 | (1,239) | 0 | (1,239) | 12 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 0 | |

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Portfolio | Cash Limit | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2025/26 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|---|--|---------------------------|---------------|--|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|---|
| Portfolio: Neighbourhood | d Sandage | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Income from new fees and charges for businesses | Introduction of new chargeable services for commercial customers in our fleet workshop, and charge developers for waste & recycling containers to be provided for each new build property. | Neighbourhood Services | 1101 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | Income | (89) | 0 | (17) | 0 | (17) | 72 | 0 | 72 | 0 | 0 | Commercial fleet income, not achieved at present, service are working hard to grow the business. Mitigated by increased fleet income from external customers |
| Operational & contract efficiencies | Efficiency savings through changes to operational practices of both council and contractor run services. | Neighbourhood Services | 1101 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | Exp | (362) | 0 | (362) | 0 | (362) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| , , , | Retaining 7 day access to waste recycling sites whilst managing opening times of each most efficiently. | Neighbourhood Services | 1101 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services | Exp | (60) | 0 | (10) | 0 | (10) | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | Unable to fully achieve saving, created pressures on staffing budgets. Looking at options to mitigate saving on an ongoing basis from 25/26 |
| Parks Service redesign | Implement transformational change to deliver services in a different way across Parks & Green Spaces. | Neighbourhood Services | 1102 | Neighbourhoods & Environment - Parks & Bereavement Services | Exp | (40) | 0 | (40) | 0 | (40) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Customer experience programme | Conduct a review of customer experience to support customer channel shift and seek to maximise the use of our channels to manage customer contact more efficiently. | Neighbourhood Services | 1122 | Customer Services (Including Libraries) | Exp | (115) | 0 | (25) | 0 | (25) | 90 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | The savings target should be partially delivered in year through starting to digitise letter correspondence in key service areas from January. The remainder of the saving will be delivered in 2025/26 with further rollout of digital correspondence. |
| Neigonourhood Services | Total | | | | | (666) | 0 | (454) | 0 | (454) | 212 | 90 | 72 | 0 | 50 | |
| (D) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Cross Portfolio Savings Contract savings | Volume cap or reduce our contract spend by 3%. | Multiple Portfolios | N/A | Multiple Cash Limits | Exp | (850) | 0 | (696) | 0 | (696) | 154 | 154 | 0 | 0 | 0 | It is not possible for all services to meet the 3% contract spend target, particularly when existing contracts have not expired. Therefore some of the savings will be delayed until 2025/26. |
| Cross Portfolio Total | | | | | | (850) | 0 | (696) | 0 | (696) | 154 | 154 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Council Total | | | | | | (16.419) | 0 | (12.645) | (12) | (12.657) | 3,762 | 982 | 2.730 | | 50 | |
| Council Total | | | | | | (10,419) | U | (12,045) | (12) | (12,00/) | 3,762 | 962 | 2,/30 | U | ວບ | |

| Agenda Item 14 Bath & North East Somerset Council | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MEETING: Cabinet | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MEETING | 40th Inch 2005 | EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE: | | | | | | | | | | |
| DATE: | 10 th July 2025 | E 3625 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TITLE: | Revenue and Capital Budget Monitoring, Cash Limits and Virements – April 2025 to June 2025 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WARD: | All | | | | | | | | | | | |

AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM

List of attachments to this report:

Appendix 1 – Key Scheme Capital Monitoring Commentary

Appendix 2 (i) & 2 (ii) - Capital Virements & Capital Programme by Portfolio

Appendix 3 (i) & 3 (ii) – Proposed Revenue Virements & Revised Revenue Cash Limits

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

a) Revenue budget

The Revenue budget has been assessed for key risks across the organisation.

Service areas with adverse outturn positions in 2024/25 and which continue to demonstrate high risk of overspend in 2025/26 include Children's Services, Corporate Estate, Commercial Estate, Waste Services and Heritage Services.

Early estimates for Parking Services and Corporate Budgets (treasury management and borrowing costs to support the capital programme) are anticipated to offset some of these risks.

Budgeted contingencies will be allocated later in the year if these risks materialise and cannot be mitigated.

Savings of £14.01m were included in the 2025/26 budget. At present £9.98m savings are forecast as delivered, with the remainder either being mitigated through alternative measures, or flagged as delayed or undeliverable. Savings delivery will be monitored closely through the year and management action plans identified when delivery is at risk.

Directors are actively developing mitigation plans for the service areas at high risk of overspend to manage this position in year and bring the Council back into a balanced position. A more detailed update will be provided in the Quarter 2 monitoring report.

b) Capital budget

The current position of the 2025/26 Capital Programme is a forecast of £108.2m against a budget of £108.9m. Of the variance of £0.7m, £0.4m is anticipated will be rephased into future years.

c) Council Tax and Business Rates

The forecast cost of the Local Council Tax Support Scheme is currently £0.2m below budget at £10.8m.

The current level of retail business rate relief granted is £4.7m which is £0.4m above the £4.3m originally estimated for 2025/26. Empty property relief is currently £4.8m which is in line with the allowance included when setting the business rate income forecast for 2025/26.

d) Council Reserves

The Council holds general unearmarked reserves of £12.6m, this is held corporately to manage in year financial pressures that cannot be mitigated within existing budget levels.

1 THE ISSUE

1.1 This report presents an overview of services across the Authority with the highest risk of financial pressure or upside for the 2025/26 financial year, using information available up to the end of June 2025.

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet is asked:

- 2.1 To note the 2025/26 revenue budget risk analysis detailed within paragraphs 3.2 to 3.10 of the report (as at the end of June 2025).
- 2.2 To note and approve where required the revenue virements listed in Appendix 3(i).
- 2.3 To note the capital year-end forecast detailed in paragraph 3.23 of this report;
- 2.4 To note the changes in the capital programme including capital schemes that have been agreed for full approval under delegation listed in Appendix 2(i).

3 THE REPORT

3.1 The Budget Management Scheme requires that the Cabinet consider the revenue and capital monitoring position four times per year.

REVENUE BUDGET

- 3.2 The financial landscape for Local Government continues to be challenging. The 2025/26 Budget was agreed by Council in February 2025. The Budget Report outlined the significant budget risks the organisation was facing, ranging from changes in cost as a result of the government National Insurance changes, to demand on statutory services rising above modelled levels. The report acknowledged these unknowns, coupled with the delivery of challenging savings targets, meant there was significant financial risk exposure to the council. Consequently substantial budgeted contingencies were built into the budget to help mitigate any shortfall in management action plans to bring the Council's budget to a balanced position.
- 3.3 Quarter 1 monitoring is challenging with such little information on in-year activity available at the time of writing as it is based on only 2 months actual data. Risk is much easier to quantify than associated mitigations, and as such the creation of an organisation forecast at this point in the year often paints a worst-case scenario. Therefore, this monitoring update provides a risk-based assessment of those services that are of highest risk of material over or under spend.
- 3.4 Services highlighted in section 3.5 have been detailed as higher risk from a financial perspective because of material 2024/25 variances, or where emerging 2025/26 risks need noting. Management actions and available mitigations are also detailed to provide a balanced picture.

Portfolio Commentary

3.5 Key risks and associated planned mitigating actions by Portfolio are as follows:

Leader of the Council

This portfolio only contains the Housing Delivery Vehicle (Aequus), of which there is no financial risk to note to at this point in the year.

Sustainable Bath and North East Somerset

Many grant funded projects sit within this cash limit and pose little to no financial risk to the organisation. Similarly Green Transformation and Environmental Monitoring services had small variances in 2024/25 and no change is expected for 2025/26. Parks and Open Spaces is the main operational service sat within this portfolio, of which there is minimal risk of variance at present.

Resources

This portfolio contains many of the council's support services, of which there were some small underspends reported in 2024/25. Many of these underspends were one-off, linked to staffing vacancies or contracts, and are unlikely to continue into 2025/26. However, the portfolio does hold four main areas of financial risk / upside, that are detailed as follows:

Waste Services (Now included in Resources due to change in Cabinet Portfolio's from May 2025):

Waste Services ended the 2024/25 financial year £0.97m over budget, due to pressures on staffing, fleet and depot costs.

As part of 2025/26 budget setting growth was applied to partially rebase staffing budgets, however costs are currently forecast to remain higher than the additional funding. As a key front-line service, sickness and holiday cover is crucial, limiting any vacancy management savings. Options for wider cost mitigations are limited as many of these opportunities were built into the budget setting process for 2025/26, while demand dictates many of the larger contracts, limiting contract management savings too. However, the service is expecting to continue to see increased income from trade waste and garden waste which will help reduce the pressures. All of this considered, the risk of material overspend still remains high, currently forecast to be in the £200k-£300k range.

Commercial Estate:

The Commercial Estate ended 2024/25 £0.2m over budget and this adverse position is currently likely to continue into 2025/26.

Rental income shortfall is the key area of pressure, although increased service supported borrowing costs and the cost of legal representation are also forecast to be contributing.

The rental income budget was increased by £0.2m for 2025/26 to reflect that works to void units that would be completed during the early part of the year, allowing an increase in assets that could be let. Working to make properties available to market and let will continue to be prioritised, however due to market conditions, any new lettings will almost certainly involve rent free periods reflecting market patterns, which will impact upon timings of new income

generated. Whilst other mitigations are considered we are forecasting a material budget pressure of £0.5m - £1m.

Corporate Budgets:

The cost for the Council's borrowing is currently forecast to be £350k under budget. This is due to the favourable interest rates obtained for the actual borrowing taken during the first quarter of 2025/26, which was required to refinance maturing loans as well as forecast savings against budget for the remaining loans which will be refinanced during the year.

The interest rates obtained on the replacement borrowing taken during quarter 1 was lower than the estimated average interest rate for replacement borrowing used when setting the 2025/26 budget. This was due to a mixture of a) changes in market conditions since the budget was calculated, and b) the strategic decision to borrow from the PWLB for 5 & 10 years, which has a lower interest rate than the 20 year longer term rate used when setting the budget.

With current cashflow forecasts indicating that further new / replacement borrowing will not be required until later in the year, similar to 2024/25, there could be further favourable variances in borrowing costs as the year progresses giving an overall forecast range of between £350k and £750k. This will depend on both the profiling of actual Capital Progamme expenditure and market rates in the future.

Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development

This portfolio contains three particular areas of financial risk, all of which are a continuation of pressures recorded in the 2024/25 outturn report.

Heritage Services:

The service ended the 2024/25 financial year £0.6m short of its net income target, primarily due to lower visitor numbers than anticipated compared to when setting the budget.

A total of 993k visitors came to the Roman Baths in 2024/25, with an increase to 1.1m visitors budgeted for 2025/26. Based on the past six months demand data, visitor numbers are expected to fall short of budget, a trend that reflects what's happening across the sector, particularly in sites with high international visitor numbers. At this early stage of the year forecast expectation is now for 1.05m visitors, which equates to a £1.3m reduction in income against budget, although key trading periods in the summer will be critical as to whether the reduced growth expectation materialises.

Lower retail sales linked to lower visitor numbers and cost pressures linked to the vacation of the Culverhay site are adding to the financial challenge this year. A variety of cost mitigations are being pursued, as well as extra focus on wider income generating products, but a material financial risk exposure of between £1.25m and £1.75m needs to be noted at this early stage in the year.

By the time Quarter 2 estimates are produced we will have seen the outcomes of the critical summertime trading period, which will provide a clearer picture of the financial risk for this key income generating service area for the council.

Corporate Estate:

The service ended 2024/25 with a £0.5m adverse variance, a pressure that is currently forecast to continue into 2025/26. This is further compounded by £0.3m increase in target efficiencies for 2025/26. Budgeted savings have not yet been achieved due to slippage in rationalising the estate through disposal or redeployment, and the delay in the adoption of the Corporate Landlord model.

Property costs are high due to assets being held void. Some mitigations are available through recharging staff time to projects and holding posts vacant whilst smarter structures are implemented. There is also a balance to be struck in managing this year's financial position and further impacting future years' costs. Overall, there is a material forecast risk exposure of £0.5m and £0.8m, subject to decisions around the corporate estate asset holdings being expedited.

Regeneration:

Regeneration ended the 2024/25 financial year £1.1m over budget, primarily due to floor space remaining vacant within the Bath Quays South (BQS) property.

An increase in tenancy uptake was anticipated in 2025/26 with a further £150k added to the income target. However, floor space is not fully let yet and at this early stage in the financial year, we forecast a rental income shortfall of approximately £350k, although this will be partially mitigated by reducing running costs. Other risks to the service include staff recharges to project and capital work, which can often be volatile and depend on project demand. The risk of a material overspend remains and is currently anticipated to be in the region of £250k-£400k.

Adult Services

Adult Social Care reported a balanced position for 2024/25, this was following a transfer of £0.4m from the Adult Social Care Reserve. Increased activity had been seen in 2024/25 with demand for package placements increasing on average by 16%. The cost of care also continued to increase during the year due to the economic and market factors experienced through 2024/25 and the increasing complexity in care needs.

For 2025/26, the service expects to achieve a balanced budget, again, using monies from their ring-fenced reserve for this.

The overbudget positions seen in the Older Peoples and Learning Disabilities services, have continued into 2025/26. Residential Care and Home care are the areas of pressure within the older people's service, the number of residential placements stood at 143 as at the end of May 2025, compared to 119 at May 2024 and 92 at May 2023. This rapid rise continues to create budget pressure. Homecare hours stood at 4361 as at May 2025, compared to 4100hrs in May 2024 and 3201hrs in May 2023. Whilst the increased use of homecare is in line with the services strategy, the continued increase in residential placements is impacting on overall costs.

The review of the pooled arrangements within the learning disabilities service was concluded in 2024/25, and new agreed joint funding arrangements are now in place. These arrangements now replace the previous long standing pooled

funding arrangements with BSW ICB. However, budget pressure in residential and Supported living services has continued into 2025/26.

Service plans are being agreed for both services to reduce the budget pressure, arrangements for hospital discharges have continued into the current year enabling close working with BSW ICB to ensure effective and efficient discharge of clients. We continue to work closely with BSW ICB on both these areas to ensure appropriate funding is agreed.

The other areas within the service are forecasting to be balanced or under budget, which will offset the overall service position and minimise the draw requirement on the reserve.

The Operational and Learning Disabilities provider services returned to the council in 2024/25, following the end of the contract with HCRG. Both these services are forecast to be balanced but work continues on the future structure and service delivery requirements.

Children's Services

Children's Services (excluding home to school transport) closed the 2024/25 financial year with a £4.78m overspend, largely driven by rising demand and Residential placement costs.

Despite increased budget provision for 2025/26, a late-year surge of eight new Residential placements resulted in a £2.7m pressure rolling forward. These pressures have increased further during the first quarter of 2025/26 following an additional four placements required to safeguard vulnerable young people, increasing the pressure further by £1.5m. A potential need for 4 more placements estimated at £1.5m poses a growing risk in addition.

Upward cost pressure from the market combined with higher cost packages required to support the most vulnerable and complex young people and increased demand are continuing to put a potential significant strain on the budget.

Ongoing pressures also stem from the support needs of disabled young people and unaccompanied asylum seeker young people, both identified as significant financial risks for the year. In Education, teachers' pension costs pressures continue from 2024/25, along with agency staffing. Agency staff reliance costs pressures also continue to affect Social Care and are needed to meet demand and cover vacancies.

Finally risks from delivery of existing savings plans and disputed invoices with the ICB mean that material financial risk is high.

To mitigate these pressures Children's Services are delivering a targeted response through an enhanced Transformation Programme. This includes a focused placements taskforce responsible for cost assurance and ensuring that young people's needs are met through the most effective and sustainable means possible.

Therefore, when taking all these issues into account and the level of uncertainty around demand costs a significant material forecast of £4m - £8m over budget is currently being projected.

Home to School Transport ended 2024/25 with a £1.4m adverse outturn position.

Net growth of an equivalent amount was built into the 2025/26 budget. It is planned that any increases in demand and/or price are offset by rerouting existing vehicles and increasing the use of internal transport provision, to bring the service to a break-even position for 2025/26. Whilst this is the plan, financial risk surrounding a demand led, statutory service is still high, and at this early-stage savings remain challenging. Efforts to understand demand for the September 2025 school intake have already commenced to help more detailed forecasting for the Quarter 2 budget monitor, although it should be noted that the full demand picture will not be known until later in the Autumn.

Schools (Dedicated Schools Grant)

The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) overspent for 2024/25 by £10.53m taking the cumulative to deficit at the end of 2024/25 to £32.795m.

Additional overspend for 2025/26 is anticipated at a similar, but slightly higher level. This overspend is due to the costs associated with supporting pupils with SEND needs. There is a Safety Valve plan in place currently being reviewed by the Department for Education, which seeks to address the built-up deficit of overspend of the DSG, and bring spend in line with the grant allocation by the end of the Safety Valve term.

Communications and Community

This is a new Cabinet Portfolio and contains a wide ranges of council services. Most of these service areas are expected to break-even in 2025/26 with no emerging cost pressures to note.

There will always be some financial risk surrounding income generating services, of which Public Protection (Licensing), Bereavement Services, Events and Registrars are the largest income generating areas. Licensing and Bereavement Services continue to hold the largest element of risk for achieving budgeted income levels in 25/26, both are being reviewed closely and further detail will be provided for the quarter 2 budget monitor.

Sustainable Transport Strategy

Most of the expenditure across the Transport Strategy and Clean Air Zone services are externally funded and therefore pose no material financial risk to the organisation.

Parking Services ended 2024/25 overachieving its income target by £0.8m. This, combined with staff and expenditure savings led to a £1m favourable outturn position against budget.

For 2025/26 income budgets were increased by £1.0m, a figure derived from both demand and price increases. At this early stage of 2025/26, both car parking and penalty charge notice income are trending above budget and are expected to continue throughout the year. Current estimates put this in the range of £100k-£250k. At present there are no new emerging risks for this financial year, however parking income is volatile, therefore there is always a risk that income may not continue to trend above budgeted levels.

Sustainable Transport Delivery

Many transport related grant funded projects sit in this portfolio, of which all expenditure is externally funded and therefore poses no financial risk to the

organisation. The Highways Maintenance service always comes with an element of risk as spend is dependent on whether events, particularly during the winter period. However, despite a challenging January and February, the service ended 2024/25 with a small underspend and there is nothing to note at this point in the year that increases the risk of overspend for 2025/26. Network and Traffic Management ended 24/25 in a favourable position, and this could continue into 25/26 dependent on demand.

Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development

The main areas of financial risk in this portfolio are with the demand led services of Planning, Housing and Building Control.

Housing have received an increase grant allocation for 2025/26 for Rough Sleeping, Domestic Abuse and Homeless Prevention which is good news for service provision and reduces the risk of increases in temporary accommodation costs creating an adverse budget variance.

The Development Management service (Planning) is sensitive to market conditions which then impacts upon the financial position, although at this early stage in the year there isn't any immediate risks to note.

Building Control ended 2024/25 with a £233k adverse outturn position and this was primarily due to the underachievement of income due to a lack of applications.

With market conditions not improving there is risk of a similar position materialising, although there are available mitigations, including earning extra income from work completed for the Building Safety Regulator as part of a nationwide programme of works.

Savings Performance

3.6 The 2025/26 revenue budget approved savings of £14.01m. Delivery of these savings will be monitored throughout the year, with £9.98m forecast as achieved at the end of June, representing 71% delivery. Of the £4.03m not currently achieved, £0.04m are being mitigated through savings, contingency or income elsewhere in the respective service, while £3.99m of savings are currently delayed or unachievable, resulting in material forecast pressures.

Being Our Best Programme:

Included within the approved savings target is £2m of additional cost reductions relating to the organisation's Being Our Best programme. The programme was budgeted to deliver a £4.5m reduction in organisation staffing costs by 2025/26. As at the end of 2024/25, £0.5m had been delivered. Currently it is forecast that a further £1.5m will be delivered in year, resulting in a significant risk that there will be a shortfall against the budgeted target of approximately £2.25m - £2.75m.

Mitigations and Contingencies

- 3.7 Sections 3.5 and 3.6 outline some of the key areas of risk exposure across the organisation, along with some of the management actions plans directors and service leads are undertaking to minimise the chances of risk materialising.
- 3.8 However, it is unlikely all risk will be contained, and consequently budgeted contingencies will be required to help mitigate the overall position. We anticipate that some of this contingency will be allocated through the Q2 forecast when we have more data to substantiate the current forecasts.
- 3.9 As previously detailed this level of risk was anticipated and the 2025/26 budget included £9.8m of budget contingencies, broken down into the following categories:
 - Corporate Contingency of £3m for savings delivery risk and slippage
 - Contract Inflation Provision of £2.6m for the impacts of Employer National Insurance on supplies and services and contract spend across services.
 - High Risk Service Demand & Cost Increase Provision of £4.2m
- 3.10 A summary of risk exposure by mid-point and by portfolio are summarised in the following table, with a coloured RAG rating to highlight adverse / favourable risk:

| Cabinet Portfolio | Risk Exposure (mid- point) £'000 |
|---|--|
| Resources – Commercial Estate | 750 |
| Resources – Waste Services | 250 |
| Resources – Corporate & Support Services | (600) |
| Economic And Cultural Sustainable Development | 2,800 |
| Children's Services | 5,900 |
| Sustainable Transport Strategy | (200) |
| Portfolio Risk Exposure | 8,900 |
| Being Our Best Programme | 2,500 |
| Budgeted Contingencies | (9,800) |
| Revised Organisation Risk Exposure | 1,600 |

REVENUE BALANCES AND RESERVES

3.11 The current Employer's national pay offer for 2025/26 is estimated at 3.2%, which is within the 4% included in the budget. Negotiations on the pay award continue and as such this remains an estimate at this stage and further updates will be provided in future monitoring reports. Service budgets will be adjusted once the final pay award is agreed.

Key Reserves

3.12 The following table shows the balances of key reserves at the beginning of the year, planned use, and expected balance at the year-end based on current forecast:

| Reserve Title | Balance as at 01/04/2025 £'m | Projected Use / Commitments £'m | Estimated Balance 31/03/2026 £'m |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Revenue Budget Contingency | 2.97 | (0.44) | 2.53 |
| Financial Planning and Smoothing | 6.67 | (2.22) | 4.45 |
| Transformation Investment | 4.53 | (0.76) | 3.77 |
| Restructuring & Severance | 4.83 | (3.00) | 1.83 |

Flexible Capital Receipts

3.13 Flexible Capital Receipts are being utilised for revenue spend that results in ongoing revenue savings. The February 2025 Budget Report – Efficiency Strategy confirmed a continued £11.5m allocation of capital receipts for this purpose. This has now been updated to reflect the re-profiled requirement and re-phasing into 2025/26 as follows:

| | Actual Usage 2017/18 to 2023/24 | Actual Usage 2024/25 | Available Balance | Est Total Usage |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| | £'m | £'m | £'m | £'m |
| Flexible Capital Receipts | 9.73 | 1.38 | 0.39 | 11.50 |

3.14 Unapplied capital receipts of £3.380m were carried forward from 2024/25, with £0.055m received in 2025/26 so far and £3.8m budgeted for.

General Fund Un-Earmarked Reserve

3.15 The General Fund Un-Earmarked Reserve is retained to meet the Council's key financial risks. The risk assessment has set a range of between £11.8m and £13.0m to meet those risks in the 2025/26 financial year. The reserve has a

current uncommitted balance of £12.6m in line with the level reported in the 2025/26 Budget Report.

Revenue Budget Virements

3.16 Any revenue budget virements which require Cabinet approval are listed in Appendix 3(i). Technical budget adjustments are also shown in Appendix 3(i) for information purposes, as required by the Budget Management Scheme.

COUNCIL TAX, COUNCIL TAX SUPPORT AND BUSINESS RATES

- 3.17 The 2025/26 tax base allowed for the same number of Local Council Tax Support (LCTS) recipients as at the end of November 2024 to continue into 2025/26. The budget estimate of costs of LCTS were set at £11.0m. The current cost estimate is cost is £0.2m under budget at £10.8m with 6,352 working age claimants and 3.357 Pensioner claimants.
- 3.18 The actual outturn position on LCTSS and the impact on the Council Tax collection fund will depend on a number of variables, including the change in number of claimants and the period claimants remain eligible for support whilst seeking employment and this will continue to be monitored closely during the year.

Business Rates

- 3.19 The government announced, as part of the Chancellor's Autumn Statement in November 2023, that the retail, hospitality, and leisure business rate relief scheme would be extended for a sixth year in 2025/26, but with a reduction in the level of relief from 75% to 40% whilst maintaining the cap on the relief at £110,000 per business.
- 3.20 The Council continues to be recompensed for the reduction in business rate income arising from this relief via a s31 compensation grant. The current level of retail relief granted is £4.7m which is £0.4m above the £4.3m originally estimated for 2025/26.
- 3.21 Empty property relief is currently £4.8m which is in line with the allowance included when setting the business rate income forecast for 2025/26. The forecast overall impact on the business rates collection fund position will be reviewed during the second quarter and the position in relation to reliefs will be closely monitored.
- 3.22 As set out in the Budget Report, any surplus or deficit on the Business Rate Collection Fund and associated income will be transferred to or from the Business Rates Reserve for consideration as part of the Business Rates calculations for future years and this position will be reflected in the 2025/26 budget.

CAPITAL BUDGET

3.23 The current position of the 2025/26 Capital Programme is a forecast of £108.2m against a budget of £108.9m, giving a variance of £0.7m, £0.4m of which is forecast to be re-phased to future years. The significant part of the variance is related to two programmes; the revised profile of forecast future loan drawdowns by the Council's housing company, with £0.25m moving to 2026/27 and future years and £0.3m forecast saving as the Bath City Centre Security Project reaches its conclusion at Beau Street. The following table shows a summary of the current position by Cabinet Portfolio. The full breakdown of the Capital Programme by Portfolio can be found in Appendix 2(ii) with key scheme commentary in Appendix 1. Appendix 2(i) sets out budget changes actioned since the February Budget setting report. Appendix 2(ii) also illustrates the rephasing from 2024/25 reported for approval in the Revenue & Capital Outturn 2024/25 report, which is also on this meeting's agenda.

| Portfolio Summary Monitor | Annual Current Budget 2025/26 £'000 | Forecast 2025/26 £'000 | In-Year Variance 2025/26 £'000 | Forecast Re-phasing to Future Years |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|--|
| | £ 000 | £ 000 | £ 000 | £'000 |
| Leader | - | - | - | - |
| Sustainable BANES | 3,411 | 3,292 | 119 | 119 |
| Resources | 27,720 | 27,421 | 299 | 299 |
| Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development | 21,003 | 21,003 | - | - |
| Adult Services | 128 | 128 | - | - |
| Children's Services | 9,720 | 9,720 | - | - |
| Communications and Civic Services | 190 | - 110 | 300 | - |
| Sustainable Transport Strategy | 190 | 190 | - | - |
| Sustainable Transport Delivery | 20,412 | 20,412 | - | - |
| Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development | 26,138 | 26,138 | _ | - |
| Grand Total | 108,912 | 108,194 | 718 | 418 |

Note2: Some of the figures in this table are affected by rounding

The graph below illustrates the value and forecast against budget for all in year capital budgets by Cabinet Portfolio:

Capital Commentary

- 3.24 The majority of projects are reporting to budget at this early stage of the year. The key in-year variance on the programme are as follows:
 - Resources £0.25m variance for Property Company Investment based on the current forecast Aequus Ioan requirements for 2025/26, predicting later drawdown of Ioans from the Council. There is also rephasing of £0.049m for Bring Banks equipment in the Waste Modernisation Project.
 - **Sustainable B&NES** £0.19m variance from the WaterSpace Connected programme, linking Bath and Bristol along the River Avon, which is currently paused while alternative funding options are explored.
 - Communications and Civic Services The final stage of the Bath City Centre security works have commenced at Beau Street. Unless there are unforeseen site costs, the overall project is expecting to come in £0.30m under budget.

RISKS

3.25 The key risks to the budget were outlined in the Council's 2025/26 Budget Report, in compliance with the Council's decision-making risk management guidance. These have been reviewed and are listed below, along with any additional emerging risks:

| Risk | Likelihood | Impact | Risk Management Update |
|---|------------|--------|--|
| Operational budget pressures due to rising demand | Likely | High | There is the risk of unplanned and unbudgeted growth in demand on Council services, particularly in Adult & Children's Social Care. A High Risk Service Demand & Cost Increase Provision of £4.2m has been included in the budget in 2025/26 to reflect this risk. |
| Contract inflationary pressure | Likely | High | With increase in wage, energy and fuel costs, and the Employers National Insurance increase, Council contracted services are at risk of above budget price increases. This is an economic risk that has been recognised in the budget with a contract inflation risk provision for potential areas that cannot be mitigated through activity management. Capital Schemes may need to be paused due to unfunded viability gaps due to increased supply chain costs. |

| Volatility and uncertainty around business rates | Likely | High | The impacts of the current economic challenges will increase the volatility and uncertainty around business rate income. In 2025/26 this risk has been partly offset by the extension of the business rate relief scheme for Retail, Leisure and Hospitality businesses, although the level of relief has reduced. We continue to monitor arrears, CVAs, and liquidations with a specific reserve held to manage in-year volatility. |
|---|----------|--------|---|
| Changes to Government Policy that affects future funding | Likely | High | New government policy and funding reforms that are planned for implementation from 2026/27 are likely to have an impact on resourcing of Council services and priorities. This will be assessed once more details are announced as the governments planned changes develop. |
| Viability risk on the Councils Commercial Estate assets held for income generation. | Possible | High | Current asset reviews have identified that due to the age and complexity of the Councils Commercial Estate, some assets operating costs and capital investment needs may exceed annual rental income values. This will be managed through a detailed asset review that informs a programme of prioritisation for investment in the estate. |
| Reinstated government restrictions in the event of a new pandemic. | Possible | High | This is certainly a material risk, whilst not one the Council has direct control over, every step would be put in place to follow government guidance following the recommendations of our Director of Public Health. |
| Impact on Reserves | Possible | High | Without additional government grant funding in recognition of unfunded pressures there is the risk that Council reserve levels are not enough to manage inyear and future years risk. |
| Capital projects not delivered resulting in revenue reversion costs or liabilities from underwriting agreements | Possible | High | The Council has a number of projects within this category. These risks will continue to be monitored and reported. An assessment is made as part of the budget process to ensure that revenue reserves are sufficient to meet these risks. The capital programme methodology looks to de-risk projects wherever possible. |
| Interest rates increase | Possible | Medium | A reserve is available for borrowing to manage market risk and long-term borrowing costs have been factored into the longer-term MTFS. The latest forecast from our treasury management advisors is that longer term borrowing rates will remain volatile as the market reviews economic data on both the UK and US. |
| Funding pressures through WECA, ICB and other partners | Possible | Medium | Ensure good communication links with partner organisations. |

4 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 The annual medium-term financial planning process allocates resources across services with alignment of these resources towards the Council's corporate priorities. This report monitors how the Council is performing against the financial targets set in February 2025 through the Budget setting process.

5 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

5.1 The financial implications are contained within the body of the report.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT

6.1 The substance of this report is part of the Council's risk management process. The key risks in the Council's budget are assessed annually by each Director, with these risks re-assessed regularly as part of the budget monitoring process.

7 CLIMATE CHANGE

7.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy and budget process aligns resources towards the corporate priorities and objectives set out in the Corporate Strategy, which includes tackling the climates emergency. This report monitors the Council's financial performance against those budgets. and therefore does not include any decisions that have a direct impact on Climate Change.

8 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

8.1 None

9 CONSULTATION

- 9.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Cabinet Member for Resources, Directors, Section 151 Finance Officer, Chief Executive and Monitoring Officer.
- 9.2 Consultation was carried out at meetings and via e-mail.

| | Gary Adams – Head of Financial Management Gary_Adams@bathnes.gov.uk |
|-------------------|---|
| Contact person | Paul Webb – Senior Finance Manager Paul Webb@bathnes.gov.uk |
| | Jeff Wring - Director of Financial Services, Assurance & Pensions (S151 Officer) Jeff Wring@bathnes.gov.uk |
| Background papers | Budget and Council Tax 2025/26 and Financial Outlook (E3590) |

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format

| CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Sum of 25/26 Forecast £000 | Sum of 25/26 Variance - Approved Budget vs Forecast £'000 | Re-phasing to Future Years £'000 |
| | | | | |
| Programme Highlights are; St Keyna Primary; an expansion by one form entry to enable a 420 place school, with new 6 classroom block built to Passivhaus standard: Additional costs have been incurred due to higher specification of sports pitches, additional fire safety and further highways works. £250k further grant has been approved to offset these increased costs. Oldfield School Technical Block: The project is complete and awaiting building control sign off before the accommodation can be occupied. £85k contingency still held within the project budget. Keynsham East towards provision of Two Rivers playing field: This will be delivered in 2025/26. (C/f pending £1,408k) | 1,838 | 1,838 | - | - |
| Schools Condition Grant provides for a programme of repair and maintenance works to maintained schools. The programme of works identified to be carried out to 2026 include: Newbridge Primary - 1) Re-wiring and replacement LED lighting now largely completed 2) On-going repair to a boundary wall 3) A new external learning space 4) replacement windows 5) roof repairs 6) external doors replacement; At Twerton Infants 1) LED lighting upgrade 2) Roof covering replacements including strengthening; At St Keyna Primary 1) LED lighting upgrades. (C/f pending £692k) | 1,310 | 1,310 | - | - |
| Projects to provide Resource Bases and SEND adaptations at schools and colleges across BANES are progressing well. Projects in delivery: 1) Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) 20 place Resource Base (RB) new build at Ralph Allen, due to complete in August 2025 for the new term. Currently running to programme and budget. 2) ASD 20 place RB remodelling at St Mark's - project completed to budget June 2025, ready for September 2025 occupation. 3) Abbot Alphege adpatations and remodelling for Alternative Provision (AP) relocation from the Culverhay site - The contractor is due to start on site in June 2025. New leases are being drawn up for two Multi Academy Trusts (MATs) to occupy the remodel the school building. Due to complete for October 2025 half term. 4) Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH), 10 place RB new build extension at Mulberry Park Primary. A design team were appointed in April 2025 to progress a detailed design, with stakeholder engagement to be carried out and a full planning application to be submitted in July 2025. Due to complete for Sept26 occupation. (C/f pending £679k) | 2,360 | 2,360 | - | - |
| Utilise £4m grant funding received from Safety Valve plus £2.1m HNPCA grant. We're continuing to assess viability of Children's Homes and small SEND small school (30 places) to be co-located but run separately. Due to Ofsted requirements there is likely to be a delay in planned delivery commencement which will result in a reprofile of the budget, the details of any reprofile will be solidified later in the year. (C/f pending £804k) | 3,864 | 3,864 | - | - |
| | Programme Highlights are; St Keyna Primary; an expansion by one form entry to enable a 420 place school, with new 6 classroom block built to Passivhaus standard: Additional costs have been incurred due to higher specification of sports pitches, additional fire safety and further highways works. £250k further grant has been approved to offset these increased costs. Oldfield School Technical Block: The project is complete and awaiting building control sign off before the accommodation can be occupied. £85k contingency still held within the project budget. Keynsham East towards provision of Two Rivers playing field: This will be delivered in 2025/26. (C/f pending £1,408k) Schools Condition Grant provides for a programme of repair and maintenance works to maintained schools. 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Projects in delivery: 1) Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) 20 place Resource Base (RB) new build at Ralph Allen, due to complete in August 2025 for the new term. Currently running to programme and budget. 2) ASD 20 place RF remodelling at St Mark's - project completed to budget June 2025, ready for September 2025 occupation. 3) Abbot Alphega adpatations and remodelling for Alternative Provision (AP) relocation from the Culverhay site - The contractor is due to start on site in June 2025. New leases are being drawn up for two Multi Academy Trusts (MATS) to occupy the remodel the school building. Due to complete for Cotobez 25 half term. 4) Social, Emotional and Mental Health (SEMH) | Sum of 25/26 Sum o |

| | CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Sum of 25/26 Forecast £000 | Sum of 25/26 Variance - Approved Budget vs Forecast £'000 | Re-phasing to Future Years £'000 |
| conomic and Cultural Sustainable evelopment | | | | | |
| Bath Quays North | Progress is ongoing with University of Bath to determine a governance structure and development terms. Analysis of delivery options against the planning objectives is in progress to develop fully worked up scheme. (pending c/f £103k) | 1,255 | 1,255 | - | - |
| Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance | Planned maintenance works prioritise compliance with statutory obligations. Ongoing repairs and maintenance include upgrades to fire alarms, emergency lighting, boilers, and roofs. Retaining wall repairs and pothole resurfacing are in the tendering stage, with appointments expected in the coming months. Completed works in the first quarter include drainage improvements at Kensington and Camden Meadows, Devonshire Tunnels, LED lighting upgrades, and enhancements to Salto systems and lifts at two care homes in Fairfield. The five-year bridge remedial program is also set to begin. (C/f pending £746k) | 4,865 | 4,865 | - | - |
| Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure ന ാ റ | The Mayoral Combined Authority approved the Outline Business Case+ in July 2024, which included grant funding for land acquisition, the detailed highway design, and associated costs. This grant funding has been accepted into the Capital Programme. The project is continuing to progress negotiations with landowners as well as a Compulsory Purchase Order to acquire the land. RIBA Stage 3 infrastructure and highways design is complete, with consultants Atkins Realis procured to advance technical design to RIBA Stage 4. (c/f pending £117k) | 8,780 | 8,780 | - | - |
| Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | The Midsomer Norton Town Square project is now substantially complete with final snagging and associated works underway. Works included creation of new bus interchange, alongside pavement widening. (C/f pending £33k) | 224 | 224 | - | - |
| Bath City Centre Renewal Programme | This programme contains a series of projects and installations in Bath city centre to improve the accessibility of the public realm. This includes works to install electricity points for markets and street traders at Milsom Street, small scale public realm works in the Milsom Quarter and new street furniture in Kingsmead Square. (C/f pending £124k) | 1,003 | 1,003 | - | - |
| Milsom Quarter Masterplan Delivery | This is a package of projects: (i) The Council has progressed a series of technical studies and site surveys of the Walcot Gateway site, de-risking proposals to improve implementation. (ii) The Fashion Museum concept designs have now been completed. (iii) The Milsom Quarter public realm scheme has now been developed to concept stage and includes a new public space in front of St Michael's Church (Northgate Square), with an initial technical approval review by highways has been completed. (iv) A scheme to provide new creative workspace at Broad Street Yards has also been progressed. (C/f pending £67k) | 595 | 595 | - | - |
| Radstock Regeneration | Improvements to create a community hub and event space in Trinty Church have been through detailed design stages and planning consent has been secured. The first two phases of work are currently being tendered with phase 1 to commence on site in June 2025. Priority works include fire safety and works to the roof, including the installation of rooftop solar panels, and other improvements. (C/f pending £134k) | 60 | 60 | - | - |
| | | | | | |

| | CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Sum of 25/26 Forecast £000 | Sum of 25/26 Variance - Approved Budget vs Forecast £'000 | Re-phasing to Future Years £'000 |
| Fashion Museum Renovation | Following the confirmation of funding from the National Lottery Heritage Fund, the detailed RIBA 3 design phase of the project has commenced. This work will take place over the next 6 months. | 1,923 | 1,923 | - | - |
| High Street Recovery | The project will redevelop Council owned vacant units in Keynsham Temple Street/Riverside to bring them back into productive use and employment. Extensive discussions with prospective tenants has led to re-design and rephasing. The project is progressing well and currently out for tender. (C/f pending £31k) | 1,095 | 1,095 | - | - |
| Resources | | | | | |
| | A programme of works to repair and improvement, where necessary, to prepare vacated commercial properties for letting to new tenants. The re-allocation of voids and planned maintenance works into their respective budget areas has been successfully completed. Several projects were scheduled for completion in the first quarter, although slower planning approvals have extended the delivery timescales. Resource challenges remain a key issue and efforts are currently focused on completing high-priority tasks. (C/f pending £173k) | 5,775 | 5,775 | | |
| Property Company Investment - Council (Loan): Developments | The Aequus loan requirements arises from business cases from homes for rent. The variance reflects updated forecast of loans aligned to the business plan. | 3,350 | 3,100 | 250 | 250 |
| O즪nge Grove | This programme is to address and prevent further structural decay of the Grade 2 Listed Building in Orange Grove, Bath. We have had to complete detailed surveys and currently procuring works to commence in 2025/26. In the first quarter information was submitted for Planning Condition Discharge, a tender pack prepared and early contractor engagement undertaken. (C/f pending £27k) | 892 | 892 | - | - |
| Pixash Site Redevelopment | Whilst the main project now completed, we continue to deliver final works including Snagging, a Lockout System and upgraded Fire Wall, a new belt and optical sorting, and light bar modifications. (C/f pending £37k) | 295 | 295 | - | - |
| Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | Planning permission has been granted to construct a Recycling Centre (RC) in Locksbrook Road on the site of the Cleansing Yard and The Old Coal Yard to replace the existing site at Midland Rd which will close in 2026 for redevelopment. In order to commence construction of Bath RC, Cleansing Services colocate with the Transport Depot also in Locksbrook Road. Procurement is underway, with a view to start on site in August. Rephasing into 2026.27 of earmarked budgets for Bring Banks is envisaged as ongoing operation costs are assessed. (C/f pending £202k) | 5,846 | 5,797 | 49 | 49 |
| Commercial Asset Re-Investment | Repairs to former Jolly's buildings roofing specification has been agreed and Building Control approval granted. The main contractor has been appointed and works commenced on the 12th May 2025. (C/f pending £1,209k) | 5,118 | 5,118 | - | - |
| Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | Fire risk assessments and fire door inspections have indicated the need to complete work to improve fire safety. This project puts the needs of residents fires, directly improves safety and protects our built heritage assets. (C/f pending £434k) | 2,018 | 2,018 | - | - |

| | CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Sum of 25/26 Forecast £000 | Sum of 25/26 Variance - Approved Budget vs Forecast £'000 | Re-phasing to Future Years £'000 |
| Sustainable BANES | | | | | |
| | Bath River Line aims to create a linear park following the River Avon. Phase 1a has been on site since April 25 with good progress being made and we continue works following delivery of street furniture and Environment Agency Flood Risk Activity Permit (FRAP), to complete rain gardens. Detailed plans for Phase 1b and wayfinding gateway 4 are being prepared, with approval scheduled for July 25. (C/f pending £261k) | 1,281 | 1,281 | - | - |
| Parks Improvements Programme | Various Projects: 1) Weston: at Feasibility &Development (F&D) stage to procure basket swing & play equipment. 2) Hedgemead: F&D linked to works to the wall. 3) Foxhill: At detailed design stage. 4) Manor Rd Woodlands: Further scoping works for Phase 2. 5) Abbotts Wood: paused after planning delay 6) Teviot Rd: Grant paid to Keynsham Town Council to carry out works. 7) Allotments: Investigating site options. 8) Paulton Parish Council: Grant paid for works to be carried out by the Parish Council. (C/f pending £141k) | 881 | 881 | - | - |
| Sustainable Transport Delivery | | | | | |
| CA2 - Clean Air Zone | CAZ Queen Square Public Realm projects are underway. Resurfacing works and footway improvements have now been completed with the focus of the remainder of works, green space improvements and wayfinding upgrades. (C/f pending £14k) | 813 | 813 | - | - |
| Highways Maintenance Block | All workstreams across Highway Maintenance Block Programme 2025/26 are progressing well with some schemes delivered and others in preparation. The largest resurfacing scheme A4 Saltford to Corston, circa 19,000sqm, was completed successfully in May. (C/f recovery of £11k) | 10,069 | 10,069 | - | - |
| CRSTS Liveable Neighbourhoods | A full business case fully identifying proposed interventions for 11 Liveable Neighbourhood (LN) areas was approved by WECA in September 2024, releasing the remaining CRSTS grant to deliver these schemes before 31 March 2027. Schemes trialled under an ETRO (Experimental Traffic Regulation Order) in 2022 in Church Street (Widcombe), Southlands (Weston) and Queen Charlton Lane, (Queen Charlton) have now been made permanent. A further four trials have been delivered in 2024, at Lower Lansdown and The Circus (specifically in Winifred's Lane, Catharine Place and Gay Street) and New Sydney Place and Sydney Road. The decisions on these trials and whether they should be made permanent, will be made in 2025. Progress is being made on the detailed design and delivery of interventions. Delivery will be staggered, with the majority of schemes being delivered throughout 2026, whilst accommodating other projects and interventions on the traffic network. (C/f pending £704k) | 2,602 | 2,602 | - | - |
| CRSTS Manvers Street Remediation | A CRSTS funded budget held for Manvers Street and Pierrepont Street Refurbishment. The preliminary design is now complete following a series of surveys. A decision will be taken during Q2 regarding how to proceed, including scope and phasing of delivery. (C/f pending £147k) | - | - | - | - |

| | CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Sum of 25/26 Forecast £000 | Sum of 25/26 Variance - Approved Budget vs Forecast £'000 | Re-phasing to Future Years £'000 |
| CRSTS Cycling and Walking - Scholars Way | This budget is for delivery of Scholars Way for active travel walking, wheeling and cycling improvements. This is made up of £2m CAZ funding for the Western section of the route and £370k LATS funding for the Eastern section (Oakley Copseland crossings, and £20k feasibility budget for a Ralph Allen school (RAS) crossing.) Delivery and construction have now commencing. A funding application for the full implementation of Eastern section is currently with Combined Mayoral Authority . (C/f pending £120k) | 2,085 | 2,085 | - | - |
| CRSTS Somer Valley Links (SVL) | This project aims to improve travel between Midsomer Norton, Radstock, Westfield and Bath via the A367 and Bristol via the A37; and the A362 link road between them, through better bus infrastructure and enabling more walking and cycling. It is currently in the business case stage scheduled for submission to the Combined Mayoral Authority in September 2025. (C/f recovery £249k) | 727 | 727 | - | - |
| Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | All schemes on the 2025/26 programme are currently expected to progress. At this early stage in the year, design work is largely underway and any no issues that may potentially affect deliverability are known. (C/f pending £43k) | 3,134 | 3,134 | - | - |
| U Buil⊈Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development | | | | | |
| BWR Phase 2 | Currently on budget and programme for site wide remediation and infrastructure, utilising Home England Grant Funding for both Council and St Williams Homes' land, to complete 2026/27. Housing delivery will then commence with current forecast completion of 2033/34. (C/f pending £671k) | 17,889 | 17,889 | - | - |
| Disabled Facilities Grant | Grant providing funding for home adaptations to enable residents to live independently, including further minor adaptations to assist Adult Services provision. Demand is increasing significantly and is expected to exceed the annual Central Government Grant Allocation, but forecast to still be within budget for 2025/26 as we use prior year carry forwards. (C/f recovery of £75k) | 2,359 | 2,359 | - | - |
| Englishcombe Lane Supported Housing | Scheme to provide 16 homes for neurodivergent clients with Learning Difficulties and Autism. Work continues on discharging pre-commencement conditions with a start on site anticipated late summer 2025 after the final investment decision. (C/f recovery of £100k) | 161 | 161 | - | - |
| Local Authority Housing Fund (Ukrainian/Afghan homes) | The Council is on track to meet the required number of properties for the Local Authority Housing Fund (LAHF) programme. Round 1 delivery has been completed, with 22 properties purchased and allocated. Delivery of LAHF Round 3 is on track, with 2 properties purchased and allocated and a further 2 properties in conveyancing. This MHCLG programme is due to complete by March 2027. (C/f pending £342k) | 839 | 839 | - | - |
| Social Rent Programme (Phase 1 of BANES Homes) | Work continues on eight new affordable homes for social rent on the former Argyle Works site (now called Great Hayes Court) which will complete this summer. Works continues on site and on schedule to deliver ten affordable, energy efficient, apartments in Dane's Lane, Keynsham, with completion expected by end of 2025/26. (C/f pending £150k) | 4,511 | 4,511 | - | - |

| | CAPITAL APPENDIX 1 - KEY SCHEME VARIANCE ANALYSIS | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---------------|-----|-------|
| | | Sum of 25/26 Total Current Budget £'000 | Forecast £000 | | £'000 |
| Communications and Civic Services | | | | | |
| | The final stage of all security works have commenced at Beau Street. Unless there are unforeseen site costs, the overall project is expecting to come in under budget. (C/f pending £1,035k) | - | (300) | 300 | |

| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | TRANSFER TO | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | Notes |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------|----------------------|---|
| CAP2526#001 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Govt grant | 727,000 | | Children's Services | | 727,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Education and Safeguarding on 31/03/25 for SEND provision at at Abbot Alphege Primary School. |
| CAP2526#002 | Highways Maintenance Block | WECA grant | -50,000 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | | Delegation Decision by Director of Place Management on 27th March 2025 for delivery of the BA2/5 Batheaston River Path, Batheaston - Design and Phase 1 Construction within the LATS programme. |
| CAP2526#003 | Highways Maintenance Block | WECA grant | -100,000 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | -100,000 | Delegation Decision by Director of Place Management on 27th March 2025 for delivery of Traffic Signal obsolete site replacement within the LATS programme. |
| CAP2526#004 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | WECA grant | 50,000 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | 50,000 | Delegation Decision by Director of Place Management on 27th March 2025 for delivery of the BA2/5 Batheaston River Path, Batheaston - Design and Phase 1 Construction within the LATS programme. |
| CAP2526#005 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | WECA grant | 100,000 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | 100,000 | Delegation Decision by Director of Place Management on 27th March 2025 for delivery of Traffic Signal obsolete site replacement within the LATS programme. |
| | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | 3rd Party Contribs | 21,158 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | 21,158 | Delegation Decision by Director of Place Management on 9th April 2025 to reflect insurance claim funding . |
| CAP2526#007 | Estate Rationalisation | CSB | 80,000 | | Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development | | 80,000 | To develop detailed designs for Planning permission for Parkside and IT enhancements/ enabling works for the Guildhall. |
| CAP2526#008 | Fashion Museum Renovation | CSB, 3rd Party Contribs | 1,923,000 | | Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development | | 1,923,000 | Delegation Decision by Executive Director Sustainable Communities on 15th May 2025 to approve next RIBA3 design project stage. |
| CAP2526#009 | Somer Valley Rediscovered | s106 | 210,794 | | Sustainable BANES | | 210,794 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect allocation of S106 deposits at Staddlestones. |
| CAP2526#010 | Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | CIL | -95,000 | | Sustainable Transport Delivery | | -95,000 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect CIL Allocation. |
| CAP2526#011 | Basic Needs - School Improvement / Expansion | Govt grant | 250,000 | | Children's Services | | | Delegation Decision by Director of Education and Safeguarding on 29th April 2025 to increase the budget for St Keyna Primary Expansion. |
| CAP2526#012 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Govt grant | 45,000 | | Children's Services | | 45,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Education and Safeguarding on 8th May 2025 for feasibility of SEMH Resource Base at the IKB School. |
| CAP2526#013 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Govt grant | -45,000 | | Children's Services | | -45,000 | As above |
| CAP2526#014 | Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) Education Provision" | Govt grant | -53,800 | | Children's Services | | -53,800 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect unspent budget from the completed Aspire Academy. |
| CAP2526#015 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Govt grant | 10,000 | | Children's Services | | 10,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by the Director of Education and Safeguarding on 13th May 2025 for wall repair at Paulton Junior School. |
| CAP2526#016 | Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Govt grant | -10,000 | | Children's Services | | -10,000 | As above |
| CAP2526#017 | Litter Bin Replacement Programme | CSB | 20,000 | | Resources | | 20,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management on 04/03/25 for Big Belly Bin Replacement over 4 years. |
| CAP2526#018 | Pixash Site Redevelopment | CSB | -1,400,000 | | Resources | | -1,400,000 | Single Member Decision by Cabinet Member for Neighbourhood Services & Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development 28/05/25 to approve capital budget for new Recycling Centre and refurbishment of Locksbrook Road Depot. |
| CAP2526#019 | Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | CSB | 5,797,000 | | Resources | | 5,797,000 | Single Member Decision by Cabinet Member for Neighbourhood Services & Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development 28/05/25 to approve capital budget for new Recycling Centre and refurbishment of Locksbrook Road Depot. |
| CAP2526#020 | Schools Devolved Capital | Govt grant | 5,462 | | Children's Services | | 5,462 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect new Devolved Capital allocation for Newbridge - School. |
| CAP2526#021 | Schools Devolved Capital | Govt grant | -6,245 | | Children's Services | | -6,245 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect new Devolved Capital allocation from Schools Capital Budget to Twerton School. |
| CAP2526#022 | Schools Devolved Capital | Govt grant | 6,245 | | Children's Services | | 6,245 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect new Devolved Capital allocation from Schools Capital Budget to Twerton School. |
| CAP2526#023 | Keynsham High Street Renewal Programme | Govt grant | 4,000 | | Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development | | 4,000 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to re-align with grant funding. |
| CAP2526#024 | Early Years Premises Improvements | s106 | 22,775 | | Children's Services | | 22,775 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect S106 Allocation. |
| CAP2526#025 | Bathscape | 3rd Party Contribs | -60,070 | | Sustainable BANES | | -60,070 | Technical Adjustment by align CIL funding to revenue development. |
| CAP2526#026 | Pixash Site Redevelopment | CSB | -190,088 | | Resources | | -190,088 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect updated grant allocation. |

| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | TRANSFER / FUNDING FROM | Income | Expenditure | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | Notes |
|--------------|--|----------------------------|------------|-------------|---|--------|-------------|--|
| | | | (£'s) | (£'s) | | (£'s) | (£'s) | |
| | Commercial Estate Refurbishment Programme | SSB | 2,744,705 | | Resources | | 2,744,705 | Officer Delegated Decision by Executive Director of -Resources 30/04/25 for further works. |
| CAP2526#028 | Disabled Facilities Grant | Govt grant | 216,412 | | Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development | | 216,412 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect updated grant allocation. |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | | 10,223,348 | | | | 10,223,348 | |
| Check (hide) | | | 10,223,348 | | | | 10,223,348 | |

Capital Virements - Additions & Reductions Future Years

| | Litter Bin Replacement Programme | CSB | 60,000 | Resources | 60,000 | Officer Delegated Decision by Director of Place Management 04/03/25 for Big Belly Bin Replacement over 4 years. |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|-----|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---|
| IFY CAPOSOS#OO | Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | сѕв | 1,932,000 | Resources | 1,932,000 | Single Member Decision by Cabinet Member for Neighbourhood Services & Cabinet Member for Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development 28/05/25 to approve capital budget for new Recycling Centre and refurbishment of Locksbrook Road Depot. |
| FY CAP2526#003 | Tree Planting | CIL | 11 | Sustainable BANES | 11 | Technical Adjustment by Director of Finance to reflect CIL Allocation. |
| | | | | | | |
| Total | | | 1,992,011 1,992,011 | | 1,992,011 1,992,011 | |

Capital Programme by Portfolio - 2025/26 Appendix 2 (ii)

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Total Approved Budget 2025/25 | Feb-Mar Virements | Apr-Jun Virements | Revised Budget at July 2025 Cabinet | Re-phasing Request at July 2025 Cabinet | Budget after July 2025 Cabinet |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Full Approval | | | | | | | |
| Resources | | | | | | | |
| Agresso System Development & Upgrade | Cap1415125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Capital Contingency | Cap1415131 | 1,900 | 0 | 0 | 1,900 | 1,924 | 3,824 |
| Cleveland Pools Grant | Cap1718065 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Commercial Asset Re-Investment | Cap2425002 | 5,118 | 0 | 0 | 5,118 | 1,209 | 6,327 |
| Commercial Estate Fire Safety Works | Cap2526004 | 1,630 | 388 | 0 | 2,018 | 434 | 2,452 |
| Commercial Estate Planned Maintenance Programme | Cap2425003 | 650 | 0 | 0 | 650 | -58 | 592 |
| Commercial Estate Refurbishment Programme | Cap1920022 | 3,237 | -207 | 2,745 | 5,775 | 173 | 5,948 |
| Customer Payments Security and Channel shift | Cap1920021 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Flexible Use of Capital Receipts (Transformation) | Cap1819080 | 618 | 0 | 0 | 618 | -233 | 385 |
| Healthcare Projects to Increase Clinical Capacity | Cap2425007 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84 | 84 |
| IT Asset Refresh | Cap1819061 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 81 | 81 |
| Litter Bin Replacement Programme | Cap2425012 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 40 |
| Neighbourhood Services Vehicles | Cap1718036 | 713 | 0 | 0 | 713 | 224 | 938 |
| Orange Grove | Cap1920036 | 892 | 0 | 0 | 892 | 27 | 919 |
| Pixash Site Redevelopment | Cap2122022 | 1,885 | 0 | -1,590 | 295 | 37 | 332 |
| Preparing for the Future - New Technology | Cap2122020 | 305 | 0 | 0 | 305 | 101 | 406 |
| Property Company Investment - Council (Loan): Developments | Cap1617027 | 3,350 | 0 | 0 | 3,350 | 466 | 3,816 |
| Property Disposals (Disposals Programme (Minor)) | Cap1415098 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 | |
| Waste Container Replacements | Cap1617032 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 160 40 |
| Waste Depot Relocation | Cap1516011 | | | | | | |
| Waste Infrastructure Modernisation | Cap2223017 | 179 | 0 | 0 | 179 | -21 | 158 |
| Waste Welfare Facilities | Cap2021003 | 49 | 0 | 5,797 | 5,846 | 202 | 6,048 |
| waste wettale ractitues | Cap2021003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
| Cubbatal Full Assessed Description | | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Resources | | 20,567 | 181 | 6,972 | 27,720 | 4,951 | 32,671 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Economic and Cultural Sustainable Development | | | | | | | |
| Bath Central Riverside | Cap2223029 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 69 | -12 | 57 |
| Bath City Centre Renewal Programme | Cap1920026 | 1,003 | 0 | 0 | 1,003 | 124 | 1,128 |
| Bath Quays North | Cap1415114 | 1,255 | 0 | 0 | 1,255 | 103 | 1,358 |
| Bath Quays South | Cap1415138 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 44 | 8 | 52 |
| Carrswood Day Centre Roof | Cap2223004 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -21 | -21 |
| Corporate Estate Planned Maintenance | Cap1415097 | 4,865 | 0 | 0 | 4,865 | 746 | 5,611 |
| Digital B&NES | Cap1415069 | 415 | 0 | 0 | 415 | -110 | 306 |
| Equality Act Works | Cap1415104 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 50 | -10 | 40 |
| Estate Rationalisation | Cap2425014 | 0 | 0 | 80 | 80 | 2 | 82 |
| Fashion Museum Renovation | Cap2425004 | 0 | 0 | 1,923 | 1,923 | 0 | 1,923 |
| Grand Parade & Undercroft | Cap1415103 | 117 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 0 | 117 |
| Heritage Collections Centre | Cap1920035 | 302 | 0 | 0 | 302 | 78 | 380 |
| Heritage Infrastructure Development | Cap1415052 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 168 | 168 |
| Heritage Services Retail System | Cap1415050 | 100 | 0 | 0 | 100 | 0 | 100 |
| High Street Recovery | Cap2425010 | 1,095 | 0 | 0 | 1,095 | 31 | 1,126 |
| Innovation Quay - Strategic Flooding Solution | Cap1415064 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 9 |
| Keynsham High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1718011 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | -16 | -12 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park Bridge | Cap2223003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 10 |
| Keynsham Regeneration & New Build | Cap1415094 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 105 | 105 |
| Local Centres Renewal Programme | Cap2122010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Midsomer Norton High Street Renewal Programme | Cap1819050 | | -598 | 0 | | | |
| Milsom Quarter Masterplan Delivery | Cap2223030 | 822 | | | 224 | 33 | 257 |
| Office Reconfiguration Costs | Cap2223030 | 595 | 0 | 0 | 595 | 67 | 662 |
| <u> </u> | Cap2122005 Cap1718061 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| Radstock Healthy Living Centre | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -56 | -56 |
| Radstock Regeneration | Cap2223034 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 134 | 194 |
| Somer Valley Enterprise Zone - Infrastructure | Cap1718067 | 0 | 8,780 | 0 | 8,780 | 117 | 8,897 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Victoria Art Galley Roof Refurbishment | Cap2425017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 35 | 35 |
| victoria Art Galley Roof Refurbishment York Street Vaults Phase 2 | Cap2425017 Cap1819059 | 0 23 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 35 1 | 35 24 |

Capital Programme by Portfolio - 2025/26 Appendix 2 (ii)

| Comital Calcum. | Con Brook Number | Total Approved Budget | Fab MarVinsona | A Iv-Vi | Revised Budget at July | Re-phasing Request at | Budget after July 2025 |
|---|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | 2025/25 | Feb-Mar Virements | Apr-Jun Virements | 2025 Cabinet | July 2025 Cabinet | Cabinet |
| | | | | | | | |
| Communications and Civic Services | | | | | | | |
| Bath Christmas Market | Cap2122023 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 0 | 50 |
| Bath City Centre Security | Cap1920027 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,035 | 1,035 |
| CCTV Camera Replacement | Cap2223006 | 140 | 0 | 0 | 140 | 25 | 165 |
| CIL – Library Hublets | Cap2223009 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 13 |
| Emergency Response Equipment | Cap2324001 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Communications and Civic Services | | 190 | 0 | 0 | 190 | 1,078 | 1,268 |
| Leader | | | | | | | |
| | Cap1718068 | | | | | | |
| Bath Neighbourhood CIL | Cap1/16066 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 54 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Leader | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 54 | 54 |
| Sustainable Transport Strategy | | | | | | | |
| Active Travel Prescribing Project | Cap2223032 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 73 | 73 |
| Car Park Security | Cap2223024 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 65 |
| Office for Low Emission Vehicles (OLEV) Bid -GULW | Cap1617008 | 190 | 0 | 0 | 190 | 103 | 293 |
| Parking Enforcement Hand Held Computer Terminal Replacement | Cap1415026 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45 | 45 |
| Parking Radio System Replacement | Cap1415024 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 30 |
| Pay & Display Machines | Cap1617014 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 41 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Sustainable Transport Strategy | | 190 | 0 | 0 | 190 | 357 | 547 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Development | | | | | | | |
| Affordable Housing (Enabling) | Cap1415091 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 212 | 212 |
| BWR Phase 2 | Cap1920012 | 1,066 | 16,822 | 0 | 17,889 | 671 | 18,560 |
| Disabled Facilities Grant | Cap1415089 | 2,142 | 0 | 216 | 2,359 | -75 | 2,284 |
| Englishcombe Lane Supported Housing | Cap2223027 | 161 | 0 | 0 | 161 | -100 | 61 |
| Housing Delivery Vehicle/ Schemes (Capital Disposals ADL) | Cap1516042 | 128 | 0 | 0 | 128 | 450 | 578 |
| North Keynsham SDL - External Fees | Cap1819091 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 199 | 199 |
| Local Authority Housing Fund (Ukrainian/Afghan homes) | Cap2223035 | 839 | 0 | 0 | 839 | 342 | 1,181 |
| Social Rent Programme (Phase 1 of BANES Homes) | Cap2122025 | 4,186 | 325 | 0 | 4,511 | 150 | 4,661 |
| Supported Housing Scheme | Cap2122021 | 0 | 252 | 0 | 252 | 346 | 598 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Built Environment, Housing and Sustainable Develo | pment | 8,523 | 17,399 | 216 | 26,138 | 2,194 | 28,333 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Adult Services | 04740070 | | | | | | |
| Community Resource Centre Capital Investment | Cap1718076 | 26 | 0 | 0 | 26 | 11 | 37 |
| Community Resource Centre Equipment Replacement | Cap2324007 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 34 | 43 |
| Leisure - Commercialisation of Parks | Cap2223031 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 8 |
| Odd Down Sports Ground and Other Leisure Feasibility | Cap2122007 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 92 | 62 | 154 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Adult Services | | 128 | 0 | 0 | 128 | 114 | 242 |
| Children's Services | | | | | | | |
| Basic Needs - School Improvement / Expansion | Cap1415135 | 1,588 | 0 | 250 | 1,838 | 1,408 | 3,246 |
| Culverhay SEND project - Feasibility to clear the site. | Cap2425016 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 21 | 171 |
| Early Years Premises Improvements | Cap2425015 | 170 | 0 | 23 | 193 | -53 | 140 |
| Schools Capital Maintenance Schemes | Cap1415073 | 1,310 | 0 | 0 | 1,310 | 692 | 2,002 |
| Schools Devolved Capital | Cap1920028 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 32 | 37 |
| SEND (Special Education Needs & Disability) Capital Programme | Cap1718071 | 1,659 | 27 | 673 | 2,360 | 679 | 3,038 |
| Small Residential Unit - New Residential & Day School - Charlton House | Cap2425013 | 3,864 | 0 | 0 | 3,864 | 804 | 4,668 |
| Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND) - Residential Provision at Bath College | Cap2223002 | 3,890 | -3,890 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | , | | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Children's Services | | 12,631 | -3,863 | 951 | 9,720 | 3,582 | 13,302 |

Capital Programme by Portfolio - 2025/26 Appendix 2 (ii)

| Capital Scheme | Cap Prog Number | Total Approved Budget 2025/25 | Feb-Mar Virements | Apr-Jun Virements | Revised Budget at July 2025 Cabinet | Re-phasing Request at July 2025 Cabinet | Budget after July 2025 Cabinet |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Sustainable BANES | | | | | | | |
| Alice Park - Skate Park | Cap1415035 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Bath River Line | Cap1920030 | 1,137 | 144 | 0 | 1,281 | 261 | 1,542 |
| Bathscape | Cap1819011 | 223 | 0 | -60 | 163 | -2 | 161 |
| Keynsham Memorial Park | Cap2122013 | 157 | 109 | 0 | 267 | 0 | 266 |
| Norton Radstock Ecological Improvements | Cap1415062 | 51 | -51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Parks Improvements | Cap1718037 | 840 | 41 | 0 | 881 | 141 | 1,022 |
| Play Area Refurbishment / Equipment | Cap1415039 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 431 | 431 |
| Renewable Energy Development Fund | Cap2122009 | 25 | 0 | 0 | 25 | 14 | 39 |
| Somer Valley Rediscovered | Cap2223028 | 329 | 51 | 211 | 590 | 76 | 666 |
| Tree Planting | Cap2021005 | 0 | 84 | 0 | 84 | 103 | 188 |
| Waterspace Connected | Cap1920016 | 127 | -8 | 0 | 119 | 0 | 119 |
| | | | - | - | | | |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Sustainable BANES | | 2,889 | 371 | 151 | 3,411 | 1,028 | 4,439 |
| | | | | | | , | |
| Sustainable Transport Delivery | | | | | | | |
| CAZ - Clean Air Zone | Cap1920031 | 813 | 0 | 0 | 813 | 14 | 827 |
| CRSTS - Midsomer Norton & Westfield, Walking, Wheeling & Cycling Links | Cap2324024 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 52 | 104 | 156 |
| CRSTS Bath City Centre (BCC) | Cap2324017 | 241 | 0 | 0 | 241 | 106 | 347 |
| CRSTS Bath Sustainable Walking & Cycling Links (BSWCL) | Cap2324019 | 450 | 0 | 0 | 450 | 247 | 697 |
| CRSTS Cycling and Walking - Scholars Way | Cap2324012 | 2,085 | 0 | 0 | 2,085 | 120 | 2,205 |
| CRSTS FBC (Scholars Way + Bath Quays Links) | Cap2122012 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14 | 14 |
| CRSTS Liveable Neighbourhoods | Cap1920003 | 2,602 | 0 | 0 | 2,602 | 704 | 3,306 |
| CRSTS Manvers Street Remediation | Cap2324005 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 147 | 147 |
| CRSTS Somer Valley Links (SVL) | Cap2324018 | 727 | 0 | 0 | 727 | -249 | 478 |
| Cycle Hangers | Cap2324022 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 83 | 83 |
| Highways Maintenance Block | Cap1415184 | 10,219 | 0 | -150 | 10,069 | -11 | 10,059 |
| Highways S106 Projects | Cap2425018 | 189 | 0 | 0 | 189 | 5 | 193 |
| Local Active Travel Safety Programme (LATS) | Cap1415009 | 3,052 | 6 | 76 | 3,134 | 43 | 3,177 |
| London Road Modification | Cap1718022 | 3,052 51 | 0 | 0 | 3,134 51 | 0 | |
| | | 21 | U | U | 51 | U | 51 |
| Subtotal Full Approval - Sustainable Transport Delivery | | 20,480 | 6 | -74 | 20,412 | 1,327 | 21,739 |
| TOTAL CAPITAL SCHEME BUDGET | | 76,412 | 22,276 | 10,223 | 108,912 | 16,241 | 125,152 |

| Sources of Funding | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Grants | 29,310 | 25,258 | 1,149 | 55,718 | 6,341 | 62,059 |
| Council Support including Borrowing & Capital Receipts | 39,533 | -3,658 | 8,207 | 44,082 | 6,949 | 51,031 |
| S106 | 1,649 | 222 | 234 | 2,104 | 122 | 2,226 |
| CIL | 1,273 | 14 | -95 | 1,192 | 641 | 1,833 |
| 3rd Party | 2,360 | 414 | 729 | 3,503 | 1,205 | 4,708 |
| Revenue | 2,287 | 27 | 0 | 2,313 | 982 | 3,295 |
| Total Sources of Funding | 76,412 | 22,276 | 10,223 | 108,912 | 16,241 | 125,152 |

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| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM | Income | Expenditure | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO | Income | Expenditure | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|-----------|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---|-------------------|--------------|--------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | | | CASHLIM | (£'s) | <u>(£'s)</u> | | CASHLIM | <u>(£'s)</u> | <u>(£'s)</u> | | |
| The follo | wing virements are rep | orted for approval | under the Budget Mana | gement Sch | eme rules. | | | | | | |
| | Manital & Housing | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Regeneration | 73,949 | | Built Environment, Housing & Sustainable Development | Housing | 73,949 | | Distribution of Capital & Housing Delivery income savings target across Portfolios. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| 25#02 | ICornorate Estate / | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Corporate Estate Including R&M | | 672,586 | Resources | Commercial Estate | | 672,586 | Realignment of departmental budgets for Commercial Estate management between Cash Limits & Portfolios, following management changes in structure. | ongoing. |
| OVERAL | L TOTALS | | | 73,949 | 672,586 746,535 | | | 73,949 | 672,586 746,535 | | |

| | REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | <u>CABINET</u> <u>PORTFOLIO</u> | TRANSFER FROM CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO CASHLIM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|------|---------------|--|--|---|-----------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | The follo | owing virements have ei | ther been previous | ly approved, are technic | cal in nature | or are below | limits within BMS t | nat require approval, a | nd therefore | are reported fo | or information only. | |
| | | | | | | | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 53,637 | Technical accounting adjustment to fully recognise unconditional | |
| | INFO 25#01 | Revenue Grants Unapplied Reserve | Resources | Balances (Earmarked Reserve) | | 187,545 | | Inclusion & Prevention | | 117,658 | revenue grants in year of receipt, which were transferred into the Unapplied Revenue Grant reserve | Budget virement is one off. |
| | | | | | | | Resources | Corporate Office | | 16,250 | at 2024/25 year-end. | |
| | INFO 25#02 | Pixash Site Landscape Bio-Diversity Net Gain (BNG) | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 7,000 | Sustainable Bath & North East Somerset | Parks & Open Spaces | | 7,000 | Allocation to parks to maintain BNG landscaping around Pixash site, in line with planning conditions. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| Page | INFO 25#03 | Soulbury Pay Award | Resources | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | | 29,975 | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 29,975 | Allocation from corporately held pay inflation budget to fund national pay award for Soulbury officers within Children's Services (full year effect). | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| 168 | INFO 25#04 | Capital & Housing Delivery Savings Target | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Regeneration | 96,051 | | Economic & Cultural Sustainable Development | Corporate Estate Including R&M | 96,051 | | Distribution of Capital & Housing Delivery income savings target, as approved by Executive Director - Sustainable Communities. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| | INFO 25#05 | DSG Early Years Support Funding | Children's Services | Schools' Budgets | | 292,000 | Children's Services | Education Transformation | | 292,000 | Allocation of additional Early Years Support Funding from Dedicated Schools' Grant. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| | INFO 25#06 | Early Help Savings Target | Children's Services | Children, Young People & Families | | 75,329 | Children's Services | Inclusion & Prevention | | 75,329 | Realignment of savings target for Early Help across Children's Services Cash Limits, as approved by Director. | Budget virement is ongoing. |

| REF NO | REASON / EXPLANATION | CABINET PORTFOLIO | TRANSFER FROM | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | CABINET MEMBER | TRANSFER TO | Income (£'s) | Expenditure (£'s) | DESCRIPTION | ONGOING EFFECTS |
|---------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| INFO 25#07 | Benefits Officer - Free School Meals | Children's Services | Education | <u>(L.J)</u> | | Resources | Revenues & Benefits | <u>(2. J)</u> | 38,555 | Transfer of management for budget for Free School Meals Benefits Officer from Schools Strategic Team to Local Welfare Support Scheme, to align to the income budget that the post generates from administering the Free School Meals service for schools. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| INFO 25#08 | Bath West Children's Centre | Children's Services | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | | 314,340 | Children's Services | Inclusion & Prevention | | | Transfer of budget for the provision of Bath West Children's Centre service, following the insourcing of the contract for the previously commissioned service. | Budget virement is ongoing. |
| OVERAL | LL TOTALS | | | 96,051 | 944,744 1,040,795 | | | 96,051 | 944,744 1,040,795 | | |

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| Portfolio Cash Li | imits 2025/26 - Proposed Revenue Budget | | | | | | Appendix 3(ii) |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------|---|---|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CABINET PORTFOLIO | Service | 2025/26 Approved Budget | May 2025 Cabinet Portfolio Changes: Cash Limit Rebasing | 2025/26 Approved Budget - Rebased to New Portfolios | Technical Adjustments, below BMS limits or already agreed - shown for information | Total Virements for Approval | Jul'25 Revised Cash Limits |
| | Housing Delivory Vehicle | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Leader | Housing Delivery Vehicle | (1,000) | (720) | (1,000) | | | (1,000) |
| | Emergency Planning PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (262) | (738) (738) | (4.000) | | | (1,000) |
| Climate Emergency | | 213 | (213) | (1,000) | | | (1,000) |
| & Sustainable | 3 () | 665 | (665) | | | | |
| Travel | Transport Strategy Green Transformation | 694 | (694) | | | | |
| (Deleted) | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 1,572 | (1,572) | | | | |
| | Human Resources & Organisational Development | (948) | 948 | | | | |
| Council Priorities & Delivery | Business Change | 803 | (803) | | | | |
| (Deleted) | Corporate Office | 2,063 | (2,063) | | | | |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 1,917 | (1,917) | | | | |
| Sustainable Bath & | | 1,017 | 2,467 | 2,467 | 7 | | 2,474 |
| North East | Environmental Monitoring (Air Pollution) | | 213 | 213 | - | | 213 |
| Somerset (New) | Green Transformation | | 694 | 694 | | | 694 |
| (New) | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | | 3,374 | 3,374 | 7 | | 3,381 |
| | Waste & Fleet Services | | 18,991 | 18,991 | • | | 18,991 |
| | Council Solicitor & Democratic Services | 3,292 | 10,001 | 3,292 | | | 3,292 |
| | Finance | 3,024 | | 3,024 | | | 3,024 |
| | Revenues & Benefits | 2,161 | | 2,161 | 39 | | 2,200 |
| | Risk & Assurance Services | 1,672 | | 1,672 | | | 1,672 |
| | Procurement & Commissioning | 348 | | 348 | | | 348 |
| | Human Resources & Organisational Development | | (948) | (948) | | | (948) |
| | Business Change | | 803 | 803 | | | 803 |
| | Corporate Office | | 1,759 | 1,759 | 16 | | 1,775 |
| _ | Information Technology | 8,268 | , | 8,268 | | | 8,268 |
| Resources | Commercial Estate | (12,841) | | (12,841) | | 673 | (12,168) |
| | Hsg / Council Tax Benefits Subsidy | 405 | | 405 | | | 405 |
| | Capital Financing / Interest | 5,476 | | 5,476 | | | 5,476 |
| | Unfunded Pensions | 1,388 | | 1,388 | | | 1,388 |
| | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | 8,935 | | 8,935 | (37) | | 8,898 |
| | New Homes Bonus Grant | (913) | | (913) | | | (913) |
| | Magistrates | 12 | | 12 | | | 12 |
| | Coroners | 575 | | 575 | | | 575 |
| | Environment Agency | 268 | | 268 | | | 268 |
| | West of England Combined Authority Levy | 5,309 | | 5,309 | | | 5,309 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 27,379 | 20,605 | 47,984 | 18 | 673 | 48,674 |
| | Corporate Estate Including R&M | 5,270 | | 5,270 | (96) | (673) | 4,501 |
| | Regeneration | (692) | | (692) | 96 | 74 | (522) |
| Economic & | Business & Skills | 383 | | 383 | | | 383 |
| Cultural Sustainable | Heritage Services | (14,193) | | (14,193) | | | (14,193) |
| Development | World Heritage | 124 | | 124 | | | 124 |
| | Visit Bath | 1 | | 1 | | | 1 |
| | Events & Active Lifestyles | 439 | (439) | | | | |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (8,668) | (439) | (9,107) | | (599) | (9,705) |
| | Adult Services | 62,671 | | 62,671 | | | 62,671 |
| Adult Services | Public Health | | | | | | |
| 714411 001 11000 | Adult Substance Misuse (Drug Action Team) | 75 | | 75 | | | 75 |
| | Leisure | 292 | | 292 | | | 292 |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 63,038 | | 63,038 | | | 63,038 |
| | Children, Young People & Families | 21,293 | | 21,293 | (75) | | 21,218 |
| | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | 1,915 | | 1,915 | (314) | | 1,601 |
| | Safeguarding - CYP | 99 | | 99 | | | 99 |
| Children's Services | | 2,461 | | 2,461 | 507 | | 2,969 |
| | Education Transformation | 4,874 | | 4,874 | 337 | | 5,211 |
| | Home to School Transport | 11,338 | | 11,338 | | | 11,338 |
| | Schools' Budget | (1,214) | | (1,214) | (292) | | (1,506) |
| | PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | 40,767 | | 40,767 | 163 | | 40,929 |
| | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | (9,687) | 9,687 | | | | |
| | Park & Ride | (546) | 546 | | | | |
| Highwave | The second of th | 812 | (812) | | | | |
| Highways (Deleted) | Network & Traffic Management | | | | | | 1 |
| | Highway Maintenance | 7,086 | (7,086) | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| Neighbourhoods & Environment - Waste & Fleet Services 18,991 (18,991) | 73: 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
|--|--|
| Neighbourhood | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Neighbourhood Services (Including Libraries) 2,885 (2,885) | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Customer Services (including Libraries) 2,885 (2,885) | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Public Protection | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Registrars Service | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL 25,389 | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Emergency Planning | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Events and Active Lifestyles 439 439 | 43: (546 (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Park and Ride Community Customer Services (including Libraries) Customer Services Customer Services Customer Service Customer S | (546 (678 2,883 1,286 |
| Communications & Community Customer Services (including Libraries) Customer Services Customer Services Customer Services Customer Services Customer Services Customer Services Customer Service Customer Services Customer Ser | (678 2,88: 1,28: |
| Community (New) | 2,88 |
| Community (New) | 1,28 |
| Fullic Protection 1,269 1,269 195 | |
| Registrars Service (124) (124) | 19: |
| Communications & Marketing 303 | 1 1 |
| PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL | (124 |
| Transport Strategy 665 665 | 30: |
| Transport Strategy (New) Transport & Parking Services - Parking PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL Sustainable Transport Delivery Network & Traffic Management Network & Traffic Management 812 | 4,50 |
| Clean Air Zone | 66 |
| Trainsport & Parking Services - Parking (9,323) (9,323) | |
| Sustainable Transport Delivery Retwork & Traffic Management 812 812 | (9,323 |
| Transport Delivery | (8,658 |
| | 81: |
| (New) Highway Maintenance 7,086 7,086 | 7,08 |
| PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL 7,897 7,897 | 7,89 |
| Built Environment, Building Control 31 31 | 3 |
| Housing & Sustainable Development Management 1,462 1,462 | 1,46 |
| Development Housing 1,418 1,418 (7) | 1,34 |
| PORTFOLIO SUB TOTAL 2,911 2,911 (7 | 2,83 |
| NET BUDGET 151,708 151,708 188 | 151,89 |
| Sources of Funding | |
| Council Tax 129,390 129,390 | 129,39 |
| Retained Business Rates 22,905 22,905 | 22,90 |
| Collection Fund Deficit (-) or Surplus (+) 6,925 6,925 | 6,92 |
| Transfers (to) / from Reserves (7,511) (7,511) 188 | |
| TOTAL FUNDING 151,708 151,708 188 | (7,323 |

Appendix 4 - Revenue Savings Monitor

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2026/27 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|--|---|------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio: Sustainable Ba | ortfolio: Sustainable Bath and North East Somerset | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1147 | Parks and Open Spaces | Income | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Sustainable Bath and No | rth East Somerset Total | | | | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| D | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Portfolio: Resources Being Our Best Programme | Targeted staffing savings from Being Our Best Programme through the planned review and rationalisation of the council's management and operating structures. | 1047 | Human Resources & Organisational Development | Exp | (2,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Delays to the programme has a knock-on impact to service smarter structure proposals. The programme will partially deliver against the £2.5m built into the budget for 2024/25, but will unlikely deliver the additional £2m in the 2025/26 budget unless smarter structures can be progressed at pace. |
| Household Support Fund Grant | Recover admin costs from Household Support Fund grant | 1041 | Revenues & Benefits | Exp | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| City Region Deal Business Rates Pool - Tier 3 income | Increased income from the City Region Deal Business Rates Pool | 1057 | Corporate Budgets incl. Capital, Audit & Bank Charges | Income | (1,000) | 0 | (1,000) | 0 | (1,000) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Commercial Estate - Increased Income | Deliver additional income by refurbishing empty commercial properties more quickly so they can be let. | 1081 | Commercial Estate | Income | (200) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 200 | 200 | 0 | 0 | | The commercial estate income forecast currently comprises revenue from assets within both the Commercial and Corporate Estates. As at Quarter 1 there is an expected shortfall of £405k on the rental income target and therefore it is not anticipated that the budgeted increase in income will be achieved this year. |
| Re ling Income | Income growth projected for 25-26 due to market prices and optical sorting at new facility. | 1101 | Waste & Fleet Services | Income | (450) | 0 | (450) | 0 | (450) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecasting as fully delivered, however this is subject to market fluctuations so remains a risk |
| Green Waste Fees and Charges Uplift | Increase garden waste fees from £57 to £70 per year to cover the increasing collection costs of running the service, so that subscribers contribute more to the cost of the service. | 1101 | Waste & Fleet Services | Income | (350) | 0 | (350) | 0 | (350) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecasting as fully delivered, however renewals are due in June/July, so will have a more accurate picture at Quarter 2 monitoring |
| Income From New Fees and Charges For Businesses | Introduction of new chargeable services for commercial customers in our fleet workshop and charge developers for waste & recycling containers to be provided for each new build property. | 1101 | Waste & Fleet Services | Income | (77) | 0 | (37) | 0 | (37) | 40 | 0 | 40 | 0 | 0 | Pressures on achieving commercial income, mitigated by increased external income |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1101 | Waste & Fleet Services | Income | (48) | 0 | (48) | 0 | (48) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Resources Total | | | • | | (4,175) | 0 | (1,935) | 0 | (1,935) | 2,240 | 2,200 | 40 | 0 | 0 | |

Appendix 4 - Revenue Savings Monitor

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Cash Limit | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2026/27 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|--|--|----------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio: Economic And C | Cultural Sustainable Development | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Heritage Business Plan | Update to projected surplus to reflect visitor projections, updated income forecasts and service efficiencies | 1018 | Heritage Services | Income | (2,148) | 0 | (848) | 0 | (848) | 1,300 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,300 | Based on the past six months demand data, visitor numbers are expected to fall short of budget, equating to approximately a £1.3m shortfall. Key trading periods will be critical as to the value by year-end. |
| Corporate Estate & Development – Corporate Landlord | Reducing Corporate Estate size and holdings and reduce energy costs through investment in renewables and retrofit. | 1038 | Corporate Estate Including R&M | Ехр | (275) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 275 | 275 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Although some properties / land have been identified for disposal, they have minimal impact on the reduction of our running costs. With more assets being identified, this saving could materialise over the next few years. |
| Bath Quays South Lettings | New lettings secured for Bath Quays South (BQS) offices over and above previous financial projections. | 1052 | Regeneration | Income | (150) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 150 | 150 | 0 | 0 | 0 | BQS is partially vacant so not earning rental income. All spaces are due to be filled in November 25, therefore we hope to achieve the full rental income for the 26/27 financial year. |
| Visit West | WECA funding has now replaced Unitary Authority contributions and no commitment is required at a Council level from 25/26 onwards. | 1126 | Visit Bath | Exp | (75) | 0 | (75) | 0 | (75) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Income Generation From New Regeneration Assets | Potential income stream to Corporate Estates team from joint projects with Regeneration to unlock under used assets and support with grant funded activities. | 1052 | Regeneration | Income | (50) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Both new and historic savings targets are challenging to meet until the estate is rationalised and running costs of existing assets are reduced. |
| Business and Skills: Recharge Officer Time To Projects | Provide Business and Skills services to employers through external grant funded activity only and reduce additional Council support. | 1128 | Business & Skills | Income | (6) | 0 | (6) | 0 | (6) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Economic And Cultural Su | ustainable Development Total | | | | (2,704) | 0 | (929) | 0 | (929) | 1,775 | 475 | 0 | 0 | 1,300 | |
| Positio: Adults Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adult Social Care Complissioning | This proposal will be achieved through maximizing the use of the Better Care Fund and Improved Better Care Fund to protect social care expenditure. | 1110 | Better Care Fund | Income | (650) | 0 | (650) | 0 | (650) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Adult Social Care Commissioning | This proposal will be achieved through efficient management of contracts for services and optimisation of commissioning resources. | 1086 | Adult Care Commissioning | Exp | (75) | 0 | (75) | 0 | (75) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Review of Care Packages | The approach to social care reviews under the Care Act will ensure people's needs are being met, their outcomes are being achieved and that support when needed is provided in the most cost effective way. Savings have been identified through matching levels of care to people's needs. | 1073 & 1088 | Adults & older People, Adults & Older People Mental Health | Ехр | (900) | 0 | (900) | 0 | (900) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Technology Enabled Care | This proposal will be achieved by using technology enabled care to reduce social care resource requirements. Technology enabled care products such as personal alarms and pendants, bed and chair sensors, pills dispensers and door sensors support people to undertake daily living tasks and enable independence. | 1091 | Learning Disabilities | Exp | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | (50) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Provider Services Income Opportunities | As a provider of Learning Disabilities Day Services, Community Resource Centres - Residential Care Homes and an Extra Care Service the council has always offered a service to self-funders. This proposal seeks to increase the level of income generated from self-funders, placements commissioned by other local authorities and Integrated Care Board (ICB) by charging the actual cost of delivering care. | 1146 | Provider Services | Income | (250) | 0 | (250) | 0 | (250) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Intervention in Adult | Deliver savings through efficiencies from services, recommissioning services within existing budget and maximising alternative funding sources for housing related support. | 1086 | Adult Care Commissioning | Exp | (402) | 0 | (402) | 0 | (402) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| RVP Leisure Facilities | New contract in place for the operation of the leisure facilities in RVP including tennis courts, adventure golf, events spaces and café. | 1019 | Leisure | Income | (15) | 0 | (15) | 0 | (15) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Adult Services Total | | | | | (2,342) | 0 | (2,342) | 0 | (2,342) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| Savings Proposal Title | Description | Cash Limit | Cash Limit Description | Exp / Income | Permanent Saving Value £000 | One-Off Saving Value £000 | Permanent Savings Delivery Forecast | One-Off Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Delivery Forecast | Total Savings Forecast Variance | Saving delayed until 2026/27 | Saving mitigated by one-off underspend or income | Saving mitigated on an on-going basis | On-going budget pressure | Variance Commentary |
|--|--|---------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|
| Portfolio: Children's Services | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reunifications | The savings will be delivered by an increase in family reunifications and step downs from residential placements. | 1076 | Children, Young People & Families | Ехр | (1,400) | 0 | (1,400) | 0 | (1,400) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Specialist Commissioning Saving | These savings will reduce reliance on high-cost placements, particularly out-of-area or unregulated provisions, promoting stability and better outcomes for children. However, achieving these savings requires a careful balance to ensure cost reductions do not compromise the quality, safety, or suitability of placements, which are essential for meeting the complex needs of Children Looked After. | 1076 | Children, Young People & Families | Ехр | (923) | 0 | (923) | 0 | (923) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Home to School Transport Savings | Reduced costs as a result of investment in internal provision. | 1142 | Home to School Transport | Exp | (600) | 0 | (600) | 0 | (600) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Early Help | Early help in B&NES aims to provide children, young people and families with the right support at the right time by the right service as soon as needs are identified to prevent them getting worse. | 1116 | Integrated Commissioning - CYP | Exp | (150) | 0 | (150) | 0 | (150) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Children's Services Tota | ĺ | | | | (3,073) | 0 | (3,073) | 0 | (3,073) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Sustainable Tra | ansport Delivery | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| Parking Services - Income Rebasing | Increased income rebasing across Highways and Parking Services | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (560) | 0 | (560) | 0 | (560) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parking Charges Review | Income generated from the implementation of a parking review and emissions-based pay and display | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (334) | 0 | (334) | 0 | (334) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Parklog Permit Charges Renew | Income generated from a review of the baseline charge for on street parking permits, including emissions-based resident parking permits | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Income | (172) | 0 | (172) | 0 | (172) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Pa n g Reinvestment Fu <u>nd</u> | Budget saving by not spending the Reinvestment Fund in Parking Services (one-off 2025/26 only). | 1103 | Transport & Parking Services - Parking | Exp | 0 | (210) | 0 | (210) | (210) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1134 | Highway Maintenance | Income | (2) | 0 | (2) | 0 | (2) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1133 | Network & Traffic Management | Income | (11) | 0 | (11) | 0 | (11) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Sustainable Transport D | elivery Total | | | | (1,079) | (210) | (1,079) | (210) | (1,289) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Communication | ons and Community | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Registrars | Increased income forecast for the service | 1115 | Registrars Service | Income | (45) | 0 | (45) | 0 | (45) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Park and Ride | Updated income forecast for the Park and Ride | 1144 | Park & Ride | Income | 0 | (200) | 0 | (200) | (200) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1148 | Bereavement Services | Income | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | (7) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Neighbourhood Services | Total | | | | (52) | (200) | (52) | (200) | (252) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Portfolio: Built Environm | ent, Housing and Sustainable Development | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Housing | Housing - reprofile work on Housing delivery - (25/26 one off saving) | 1029 | Housing | Exp | 0 | (75) | 0 | (75) | (75) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Housing | Budget for capital delivery of housing programme to match pipeline (25/26 one-off saving) | 1029 | Housing | Exp | 0 | (75) | 0 | (75) | (75) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Forecast as fully delivered |
| Fees and Charges | Inflationary increases in discretionary fees | 1138 | Building Control | Income | (20) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Whilst fees and charges were increased, an increase in net income has not materialised yet due low numbers of applications in response to market conditions. |
| Built Environment, Hous | ing and Sustainable Development Total | | | | (20) | (150) | 0 | (150) | (150) | 20 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Council Total | | | | | (13,452) | (560) | (9,417) | (560) | (9,977) | 4,035 | 2,695 | 40 | 0 | 1,300 | |
| | | | | | (20,702) | (500) | (0,717) | (550) | (0,077) | -,,,,,, | 2,300 | -70 | , | 2,500 | |

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| Bath & North East Somerset Council | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MEETING | Cabinet | | | | | | | | |
| MEETING | EXECUTIVE FORWARD PLAN REFERENCE: | | | | | | | | |
| DATE: | TTE: 10 th July 2025 | | | | | | | | |
| TITLE: Treasury Management Outturn Report 2024/25 | | | | | | | | | |
| WARD: | WARD: All | | | | | | | | |
| | AN OPEN PUBLIC ITEM | | | | | | | | |
| List of attachments to this report: | | | | | | | | | |
| Appendix 1 – Performance Against Prudential Indicators Appendix 2 – The Council's Investment Position on 31 st March 2025 Appendix 3 – Average monthly rate of return for 2024/25 Appendix 4 – The Council's External Borrowing Position on 31 st March 2025 Appendix 5 – Arlingclose's Economic & Market Review Q4 of 2024/25 Appendix 6 – Interest & Capital Financing Budget Monitoring 2024/25 Appendix 7 – Summary Guide to Credit Ratings | | | | | | | | | |

1 THE ISSUE

- 1.1 Treasury risk management at the Authority is conducted within the framework of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy's Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice 2021 Edition (the CIPFA Code), which requires the Council to approve a Treasury Management Strategy before the start of each financial year, review performance during the year, and approve an annual report within six months after the end of each financial year.
- 1.2 This report gives details of performance against the Council's Treasury Management Strategy for 2024/25.

2 RECOMMENDATION

The Cabinet agrees that;

- 2.1 The Treasury Management Report to 31st March 2025, prepared in accordance with the CIPFA Treasury Code of Practice, is noted.
- 2.2 The Treasury Management Indicators to 31st March 2025 are noted.

Appendix 8 – Extract from Treasury Management Risk Register

3 THE REPORT

Summary

- 3.1 The Council approved the 2024/25 Treasury Management Strategy at its meeting in February 2024. The Council ended the year with total borrowing of £275.7m and total investments of £32.6m
- 3.2 The Council's Treasury Management Indicators for 2024/25 were agreed by Council in February 2024 and performance against the key indicators is shown in **Appendix 1**. All indicators are within target levels.
- 3.3 The actual average rate of return on operational investments for the period 1st April 2024 31st March 2025 is 4.96%, which is 0.12% above the 7 Day SONIA benchmark rate of 4.84%. For the same period, strategic investments earned 4.25% which was in line the budgeted return of 4.25%.
- 3.4 The Council's revenue budget for interest & capital financing costs for 2024/25 was £1.071m under budget. This is mainly due to higher return on investments as a result of interest rates being higher for longer than anticipated at budget setting, and also a saving on Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) due to capital spend reprofiling. The breakdown of the 2024/25 revenue budget for interest and capital financing, and the year-end position, is included in **Appendix 6**.

Economic Overview

- 3.5 The Council's Treasury Management Advisor's economic and market review for the 2024/25 is included in **Appendix 5**. The main headlines are as follows:
 - Interest Rates, the Bank of England reduced the Bank Rate from 5.25% to 4.50% in 2024/25 with cuts at its August, November and March Meetings.
 - UK CPI inflation decelerated to 2.6% in March 2025 from 2.8% in February, and broadly in line with expectations. The inflation rate is expected to increase through early to mid-2025/26 before dropping towards the end of the financial year.
 - The UK economy rebounded sharply in Q4 2024/25, with GDP expanding 0.7% compared to the prior quarter. Despite the strong quarterly growth, the economic environment remains challenging; the year-on-year GDP growth rate was only 1.3%.
 - Gilt yields continued to be volatile with the 10-year UK benchmark gilt rising from 3.94% to peak at 4.90% in January 2025 and a low of 3.76% in September before ending the year at 4.69%.
 - The 7-day average SONIA (Sterling Overnight rate) for the first nine months of 2024/25 is 4.84%. This is the benchmark rate used by the council for non-strategic investments.
 - Following the March 2025 budget the Office for Budget Responsibility downgraded its predictions for UK growth to 1% for 2025 (from 2%). At the same time predictions for Inflation in 2025 was pushed up to 3.2% from 2.6%.
 - The Council's Treasury Management Advisor, Arlingclose, maintained its stance that Bank rate will fall to 3.75% in 2025

Borrowing

3.6 The Council's external borrowing as of 31st March 2025 totalled £275.71m and is detailed in **Appendix 4**. The summary of the movement in borrowing during the quarter and for the full financial year is shown in the following table:

| Borrowing Portfolio Movements | Quarter 4 2024/25 £m | Financial Year 2024/25 £m |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Balance as of 1 st April 2024 | | 246.010 |
| Balance as of 31st December 2024 | 266.954 | |
| New Loans Taken | 10.000 | 50.000 |
| Maturity Loan Repayments | 0 | (15.000) |
| PWLB Annuity Loan principal repayments | (1.240) | (5.296) |
| Balance as of 31st March 2025 | 275.714 | 275.714 |

- 3.7 During the year, the Council took out £50m in new short-term loans at an average rate of 5.22%. This includes £10m to cashflow the annual pension contribution prepayment in April, £30m in to maintain the liquidity indicator level, and £10m of borrowing to replace maturing loans.
- 3.8 £15m of the new borrowing was taken in November and December 2024, when market rates were at a low point in the curve before we would have been required to take borrowing for liquidity purposes. As a result, the budget for interest payable was exceeded by £144k. However, additional investment interest of £191k was earned from this strategy, so overall the budget impact was an additional income of £47k.
- 3.9 The Council's Loans Capital Financing Requirement (CFR) as at 31st March 2025 was £373.0m. This represents the Council's underlying need to borrow to finance capital expenditure and demonstrates that the borrowing taken to date relates to funding historical capital spend.
- 3.10 The difference between the CFR and the current borrowing of £275.7m represents re-investment of the internal balances including reserves, reducing the in-year borrowing costs in excess of the potential investment returns.
- 3.11 The Liability Benchmark in **Appendix 1** illustrates the current borrowing and current and projected CFR and liability benchmark. The benchmark is lower than the CFR as it recognises the Council's ability to internally borrow to fund capital and therefore shows the optimum level of borrowing for the council that minimises risks and costs of borrowing. At the 31st March 2025 borrowing is almost in line with the benchmark and as we look forward borrowing, is projected to fall below the benchmark. This funding gap can be used as a guide to the optimal amount and length of borrowing required in the future to minimise interest rate and credit risk.
- 3.12 Following Local Government Reorganisation in 1996, Avon County Council's residual debt is administered by Bristol City Council. All successor Unitary Authorities make an annual contribution to principal and interest repayment, for which there is a provision in the Council's revenue budget. The amount of residual

debt outstanding as of 31st March 2025 apportioned to Bath & North East Somerset Council is £9.277m. Since this borrowing is managed by an external body and treated in the Council's Statement of Accounts as a deferred liability, it is not included in the borrowing figures referred to in paragraph 3.6.

Investments

- 3.13 As demonstrated by the liability benchmark in **Appendix 1**, the Council expects to be a long-term borrower, and new treasury investments are therefore primarily made to manage day to day cash flows using short-term low risk instruments. The existing portfolio of strategic pooled funds will be maintained to diversify risk into different asset classes and maintain stable investment income over the medium to long term.
- 3.14 On 31st March 2025, the Council had £32.6m in investments, with £22.6m in short term liquid investments and £10.0m in externally managed strategic funds. The balance of deposits is set out in the charts in this **Appendix 2**, along with the equivalent for the previous quarter and year for comparison.
- 3.15 **Appendix 3** details the investment performance, showing the average rate of interest earned over this period, which are made up as follows:

| Investment Type | Average Investment Return |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Money Market Funds (MMF) | 4.96% |
| Call Accounts | 4.46% |
| Fixed Deposits | 5.17% |
| Operational Investments Total | 4.96% |
| CCLA Local Authorities Property Fund | 4.25% |
| FP Foresight UK Infrastructure Income Fund | 4.25% |
| VT Gravis Clean Energy Income Fund | 4.23% |
| Strategic Investments Total | 4.25% |

- 3.16 In 2024/25 the Council earned 4.96% from Operational investments, which is 0.12% above the 7-day SONIA benchmark Rate of 4.84%, and 4.25% from Strategic Fund investments in line with the budgeted rate of 4.25%.
- 3.17 The Council holds £10.0m invested in externally managed strategic pooled funds, where the objectives are regular revenue income and long-term price stability. These investments were made with the knowledge that there is a risk that capital value could move both up and down on a frequent basis and are intended to be held over a long period of time.

The strategic pooled fund investments include £5m in Environmental Social and Governance (ESG) focused funds, and £5m in a property fund, as listed below.

- £5m CCLA Local Authorities Property Fund.
- £3m FP Foresight UK Infrastructure Income Fund.
- £2m VT Gravis Clean Energy Income Fund.

In the current economic environment of high interest rates, weak growth and global uncertainty, the value of bonds and property have fallen significantly, and early signs of a recovery in capital values in the first six months of 2024/25 have reversed in the

last three months following the new US administration's trade policy, with the value of the strategic investments haven fallen to £7.553m, £143k below the 31 March 2024 total of £7.696m. This movement is shown in the table below:

| | CCLA Local Authorities Property Fund | FP Foresight UK Infrastructure Income Fund | VT Gravis Clean Energy Income Fund | Total |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|------------|
| Historic Cost | 5,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 10,000,000 |
| 2024/25 | | | | |
| Fair Value at 31/03/2025 | 4,253,634 | 2,072,300 | 1,227,138 | 7,553,072 |
| In Year % Value Lost / | | | | |
| (Gained) | (1.82)% | 4.64% | 8.84% | 1.87% |
| Cumulative % Value Lost | | | | |
| / (Gained) | 14.93% | 30.92% | 38.64% | 24.47% |
| 2023/24 | | | | |
| Fair Value at 31/03/2024 | 4,177,465 | 2,173,120 | 1,346,161 | 7,696,746 |
| In Year % Value Lost / | | | | |
| (Gained) | 3.81% | 15.99% | 27.32% | 12.36% |
| Cumulative % Value Lost | 16 45% | 27 56% | 22 60% | 22 020/ |
| / (Gained) | 16.45% | 27.56% | 32.69% | 23.03% |

On 3rd April 2025, the Government announced that it was extending the statutory override for legacy investments held at 31st March 2025 until 2028/29. As a result, this change in valuation does not currently have an impact on the revenue account or usable reserves with gains/losses instead going to an unusable reserve. The Council has in place a Capital Financing Reserve which can be used to mitigate any future impacts should the statutory override be removed.

- 3.18 Regarding the Council's Property Fund investment, the commercial property market improved marginally in 2024/25. Somewhat lower interest rates and higher transaction volumes as higher yields boosted demand recovered helped stabilise the market. The industrial and retail warehousing sectors remained strong, but retail and secondary office sectors remained weak.
- 3.19 Regarding the Council's Infrastructure and Clean Energy Funds, policy uncertainty, particularly arising out of the US but also UK governments, and high interest rates particularly affected investor sentiment, prompting falling share prices in the second half of the financial year. Outflows from listed real assets towards higher-yielding fixed income investments and cash continued.

Despite the challenging environment, the funds' underlying portfolio companies have continued to deliver on dividend targets and the funds' dividend distributions per share have been relatively steady in the face of market turbulence. Many companies in the funds' portfolios, which focus on clean energy, decarbonisation and the building of digital and social infrastructure, continue to benefit from long-term contracted revenue streams, some with a high degree of inflation linkage.

Budget Implications

3.20 The Council's revenue budget outturn for interest & capital financing costs for 2024/25 was £1.071m under budget. This is mainly due to higher return on

investments as a result of interest rates being higher for longer than anticipated at budget setting, and also a saving on Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) due to capital spend reprofiling. The breakdown of the 2024/25 revenue budget for interest and capital financing, and the year-end position, is included in **Appendix 6**.

4 STATUTORY CONSIDERATIONS

4.1 This report is for information only.

5 RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS (FINANCE, PROPERTY, PEOPLE)

5.1 The financial implications are contained within the body of the report.

6 RISK MANAGEMENT

- 6.1 The Council's lending & borrowing list is regularly reviewed during the financial year and credit ratings are monitored throughout the year. All lending/borrowing transactions are within approved limits and with approved institutions. Investment and borrowing advice is provided by our Treasury Management consultants, Arlingclose.
- 6.2 The CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services: Code of Practice requires the Council nominate a committee to be responsible for ensuring effective scrutiny of the Treasury Management Strategy and policies. The Corporate Audit Committee carries out this scrutiny.
- 6.3 In addition, the Council maintain a risk register for Treasury Management activities, which is regularly reviewed and updated where applicable during the year. An extract from the risk register, detailing how the top risks are managed, is included as **Appendix 8**.

7 EQUALITIES

7.1 As this report contains performance information for noting only, an Equality Impact Assessment is not considered necessary.

8 CLIMATE CHANGE

- 8.1 The Council will continue to avoid any direct treasury management investments in fossil fuel related companies and will engage with its advisors to explore and assess the potential for any future investment opportunities in funds with a Renewable Energy & Sustainability focus as these products continue to be developed by the market in response to the Climate & Nature Emergency agenda.
- 8.2 An ESG section has been included the Treasury Management Strategy document for 2024/25, with the treasury team monitoring investment options permitted under the new guidelines.
- 8.3 The Council holds £5m in longer term investments, split across two ESG focussed Strategic Funds, as detailed under 3.17.

9 OTHER OPTIONS CONSIDERED

9.1 None

10 CONSULTATION

10.1 Consultation has been carried out with the Cabinet Member for Resources, Section 151 Officer and Monitoring Officer.

| Contact person | Claire Read - 01225 477109; Jamie Whittard - 01225 477213 Claire Read@BATHNES.GOV.UK: Jamie Whittard@BATHNES.GOV.UK | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Background papers | 2024/25 Treasury Management & Investment Strategy | | |
| | | | |

Please contact the report author if you need to access this report in an alternative format

APPENDIX 1

Performance against Treasury Management Indicators agreed in Treasury Management Strategy Statement

1. Treasury Borrowing limits

These limits include current commitments and proposals in the budget report for capital expenditure, plus additional headroom over & above the operational limit for unusual cash movements.

The Authorised limits for external debt include current commitments and proposals in the budget report for capital expenditure, plus additional headroom over and above the operational limit for unusual cash movements.

The Operational boundary for external debt is based on the same estimates as the authorised limit but without the additional headroom for unusual cash movements. This level also factors in the proposed approach to use internal cash-flow and future capital receipts as the preferred financing method for the capital programme.

| | 2024/25 Prudential Indicator | Actual as of 31 st March 2025 |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Operational boundary – borrowing. | £413m | £275.7m |
| Operational boundary – other long-term liabilities | £9m | £6.7m |
| Operational boundary – TOTAL | £422m | £282.4m |
| Authorised limit – borrowing. | £442m | £275.7m |
| Authorised limit – other long-term liabilities. | £9m | £6.7m |
| Authorised limit – TOTAL | £451m | £282.4m |

2. Security: Average Credit Rating*

The Council has adopted a voluntary measure of its exposure to credit risk by monitoring the value-weighted average credit rating of its investment portfolio. A summary guide to credit ratings is set out at **Appendix 7**.

| | 2024/25 Prudential Indicator | Actual as of 31 st March 2025 |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| | Rating | Rating |
| Minimum Portfolio Average Credit Rating | A- | AA+ |

^{*} The calculation excludes the strategic investment in the CCLA Local Authority Property Fund and ESG focussed Investment Funds, which are unrated.

3. Liquidity

The Authority has adopted a voluntary measure of its exposure to liquidity risk by monitoring the amount of cash available to meet unexpected payments within a rolling three-month period, without additional borrowing.

| Liquidity risk indicator | 2024/25 Prudential Indicator | Minimum During year | Date of minimum |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Minimum total Cash Available within 3 months | £15m | £15.3m | 28-May-24 |

4. Interest rate exposures

This indicator is set to control the Council's exposure to interest rate risk. The upper limit represents the maximum one-year revenue impact of a 1% rise or fall in interest rates.

| | 2024/25 Prudential Indicator | Actual as of 31 st March 2025 |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Upper limit on one-year revenue impact of a 1% rise in interest rates | +/- £1m | -£0.258m |
| Upper limit on one-year revenue impact of a 1% fall in interest rates | +/- £1m | £0.258m |

The impact of this limit is that the Council should never be holding a maturity adjusted net debt / investment position on variable rates of more than £100m.

The impact of a change in interest rates is calculated on the assumption that maturing loans and investments will be replaced at new market rates, which includes amounts which are maturing each year in PWLB annuity loans.

5. Maturity Structure of Current Borrowing

This indicator is set to control the Council's exposure to refinancing risk.

| | Upper Limit | Lower Limit | Actual as of 31 st March 2025 |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | % | % | % |
| Under 12 months | 50 | Nil | 25.55 |
| 12 months and within 24 months | 50 | Nil | 2.03 |
| 24 months and within 5 years | 75 | Nil | 10.05 |
| 5 years and within 10 years | 75 | Nil | 19.32 |
| 10 years and within 25 years | 100 | Nil | 23.40 |
| Over 25 years | 100 | Nil | 19.65 |

Time periods start on the first day of each financial year, with annuity loan repayments included in the year made not at the final payment date. The maturity date of borrowing is the earliest date that the lender can demand repayment. For LOBO's, this is shown at the date of maturity as the council would only consider repaying these loans if the lenders exercised their option to alter the interest rate.

6. Upper limit for total principal sums invested for over 364 days

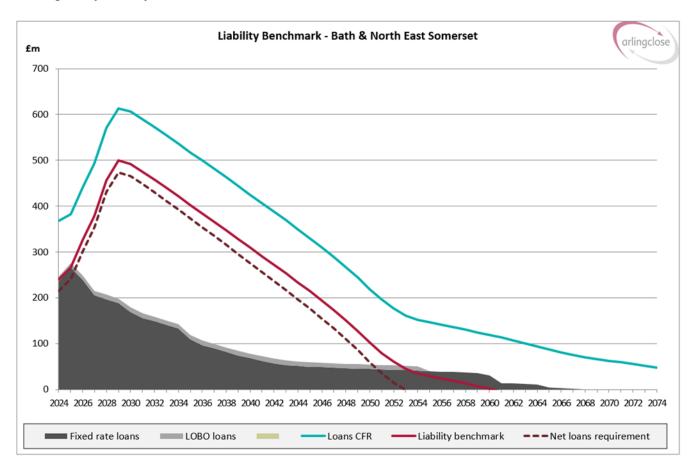
The purpose of this indicator is to control the Authority's exposure to the risk of incurring losses by seeking early repayment of its investments. This is done by setting a limit on the value of investments that at inception are for over 364 days or have no fixed maturity date and intended to be held for the medium to long term. The limits on the long-term principal sum invested to final maturities beyond the period end will be:

| Price risk indicator | 2024/25 Prudential Indicator | Actual as of 31 st March 2025 |
|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Limit on principal invested beyond 31st March 2024 | £50m | £10m* |
| Limit on principal invested beyond 31st March 2025 | £20m | £10m* |
| Limit on principal invested beyond 31st March 2026 | £10m | £10m* |

^{*}The Council includes the CCLA LA Property Fund & two long term ESG focussed Investment Funds against this indicator as they are both held as Long-Term Strategic Investments.

7. Liability Benchmark

The liability benchmark is an important tool to help establish whether the Council is likely, to be a long-term borrower or long-term investor in the future, and so shape its strategic focus and decision making. The liability benchmark itself represents an estimate of the cumulative amount of external borrowing the Council must hold to fund its current capital and revenue plans while keeping treasury investments at the minimum level required to manage day-to-day cash flow.



As at 31st March 2025, there is very little difference between the actual borrowing (the grey slopes) and the Liability Benchmark (the solid red line) and both are well below the Capital

Financing Requirement which is the absolute maximum we can borrow for capital purposes. Looking forward the actual borrowing will fall below the liability benchmark and this funding gap can be used as a guide to the optimal amount and length of borrowing required to minimise interest rate and credit risk.

APPENDIX 2

The Council's Investment position on 31st March 2025

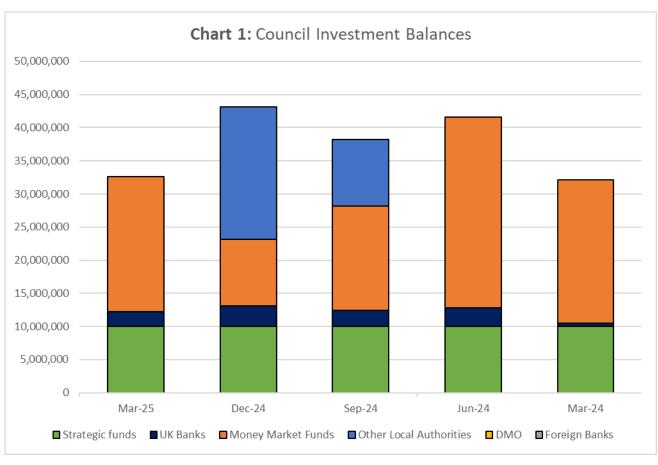
The term of investments is as follows:

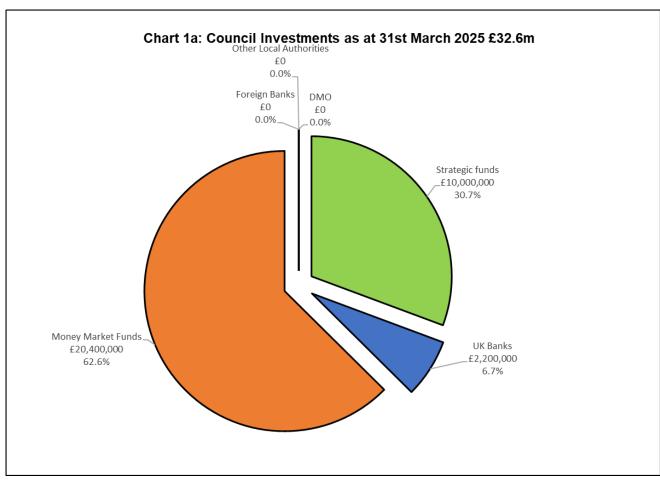
| Term Remaining | | Comparator | |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| | Balance at 31 st March 2025 | Balance at 31 st December 2024 | Balance at 31 st March 2024 |
| | £m | £m | £m |
| Notice (instant access funds) | 22.6 | 13.10 | 22.10 |
| Up to 1 month | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 1 month to 3 months | 0.00 | 20.00 | 0.00 |
| 3 months to 6 months | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 6 months to 12 months | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Strategic Funds | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Total | 32.60 | 43.10 | 32.10 |

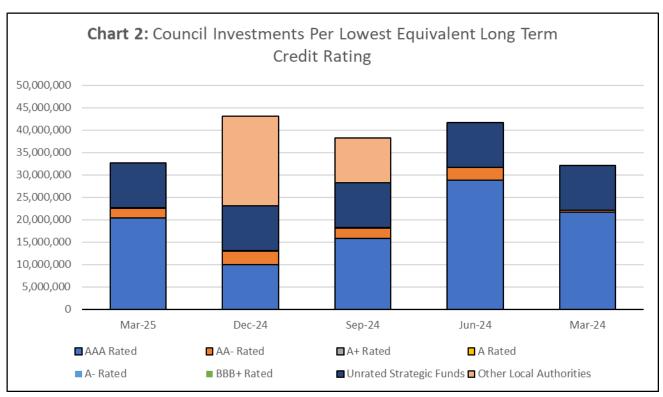
The investment figure is made up as follows:

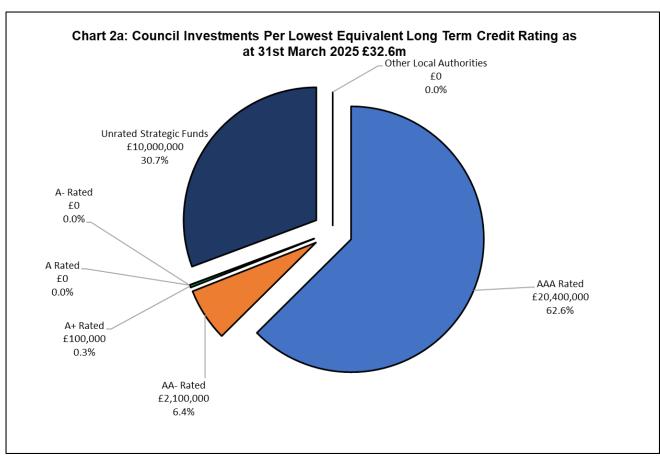
| | | Comparator | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|--|
| | Balance at 31 st March 2025 | Balance at 31 st December 2024 | Balance at 31 st March 2024 | |
| | £m | £m | £m | |
| B&NES Council | 29.77 | 39.13 | 29.95 | |
| Schools | 2.83 | 3.97 | 2.15 | |
| Total | 32.60 | 43.10 | 32.10 | |

The Council had a total average net positive balance of £47.38m during the period April 2024 to March 2025.









APPENDIX 3

Operational investment return

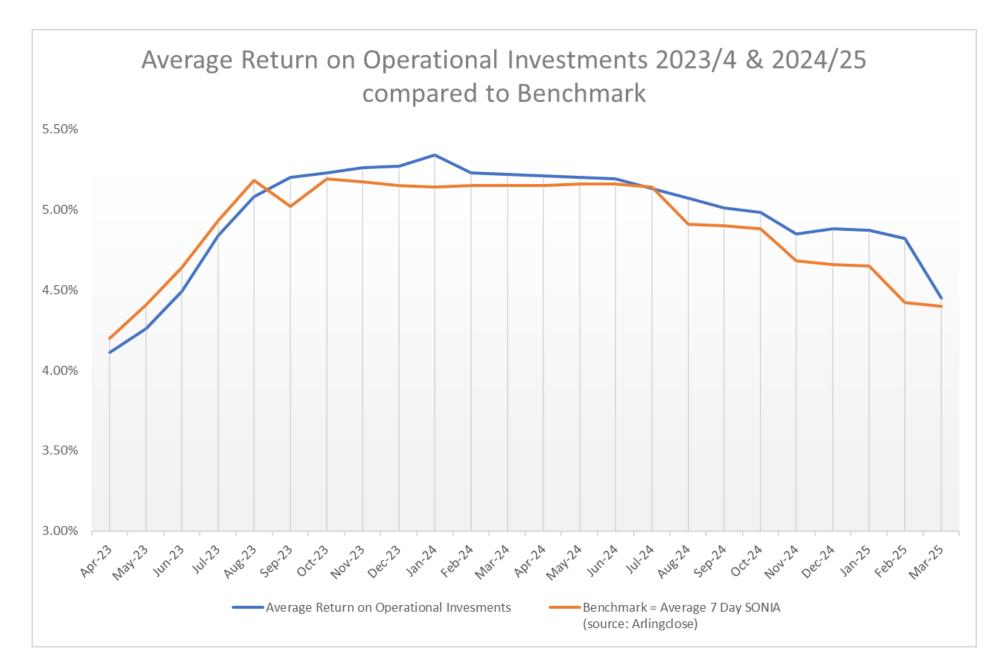
| | Average rate of interest earned | Benchmark = Average 7 Day SONIA rate | Performance against Benchmark |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| April 2024 | 5.21% | 5.15% | 0.06% |
| May 2024 | 5.20% | 5.16% | 0.04% |
| June 2024 | 5.19% | 5.16% | 0.03% |
| July 2024 | 5.13% | 5.14% | -0.01% |
| August 2024 | 5.07% | 4.91% | 0.16% |
| September 2024 | 5.01% | 4.90% | 0.11% |
| October 2024 | 4.98% | 4.88% | 0.10% |
| November 2024 | 4.85% | 4.68% | 0.17% |
| December 2024 | 4.88% | 4.66% | 0.22% |
| January 2025 | 4.87% | 4.65% | 0.22% |
| February 2025 | 4.82% | 4.42% | 0.40% |
| March 2025 | 4.45% | 4.40% | 0.05% |
| Average | 4.96% | 4.84% | 0.12% |

For comparison, the average rate of return on investments in 2023/24 was as follows:

| | Average rate of interest earned | Benchmark = Average 7 Day SONIA rate | Performance against Benchmark |
|----------------|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| April 2023 | 4.11% | 4.20% | -0.09% |
| May 2023 | 4.26% | 4.41% | -0.15% |
| June 2023 | 4.49% | 4.64% | -0.15% |
| July 2023 | 4.84% | 4.93% | -0.09% |
| August 2023 | 5.08% | 5.18% | -0.10% |
| September 2023 | 5.20% | 5.02% | 0.18% |
| October 2023 | 5.23% | 5.19% | 0.04% |
| November 2023 | 5.26% | 5.17% | 0.09% |
| December 2023 | 5.27% | 5.15% | 0.12% |
| January 2024 | 5.34% | 5.14% | 0.20% |
| February 2024 | 5.23% | 5.15% | 0.08% |
| March 2024 | 5.22% | 5.15% | 0.07% |
| Average | 4.96% | 4.94% | 0.02% |

Strategic investment return

The actual average return for strategic investments is 4.25% against a budgeted return of 4.25%. In 2023/24 the average return was 4.43%



APPENDIX 4

Council's External Borrowing on 31st March 2025

| Lender | Amount outstanding @ 31st December 2024 £ | Change in Quarter £ | Amount outstanding @ 31st March 2025 | Start date | End date | Interest rate |
|------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------------|
| Long term | | | | | | |
| PWLB489142 | 10,000,000 | - | 10,000,000 | 15/10/2004 | 15/10/2034 | 4.75% |
| PWLB497233 | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 12/05/2010 | 15/08/2035 | 4.55% |
| PWLB497234 | 5,000,000 | | 5,000,000 | 12/05/2010 | 15/02/2060 | 4.53% |
| PWLB498834 | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 05/08/2011 | 15/02/2031 | 4.86% |
| PWLB498835 | 10,000,000 | - | 10,000,000 | 05/08/2011 | 15/08/2029 | 4.80% |
| PWLB498836 | 15,000,000 | - | 15,000,000 | 05/08/2011 | 15/02/2061 | 4.96% |
| PWLB503684 | 5,300,000 | - | 5,300,000 | 29/01/2015 | 08/04/2034 | 2.62% |
| PWLB503685 | 5,000,000 | | 5,000,000 | 29/01/2015 | 08/10/2064 | 2.92% |
| PWLB505122 | 14,467,029 | | 14,467,029 | 20/06/2016 | 20/06/2041 | 2.36% |
| PWLB508126 | 7,939,165 | - | 7,939,165 | 06/12/2018 | 20/06/2043 | 2.38% |
| PWLB508202 | 9,305,271 | - | 9,305,271 | 12/12/2018 | 20/06/2068 | 2.59% |
| PWLB508224 | 3,955,770 | | 3,955,770 | 13/12/2018 | 20/06/2043 | 2.25% |
| PWLB505744 | 7,214,782 | (203,063) | 7,011,719 | 24/02/2017 | 15/08/2039 | 2.28% |
| PWLB505966 | 7,564,781 | (177,409) | 7,387,372 | 04/04/2017 | 15/02/2042 | 2.26% |
| PWLB506052 | 6,428,055 | (150,886) | 6,277,170 | 08/05/2017 | 15/02/2042 | 2.25% |
| PWLB506255 | 6,438,746 | - | 6,438,746 | 10/08/2017 | 10/04/2067 | 2.64% |
| PWLB506729 | 7,760,411 | - | 7,760,411 | 13/12/2017 | 10/10/2042 | 2.35% |
| PWLB506995 | 7,798,282 | - | 7,798,282 | 06/03/2018 | 10/10/2042 | 2.52% |
| PWLB506996 | 8,311,135 | - | 8,311,135 | 06/03/2018 | 10/10/2047 | 2.62% |
| PWLB507749 | 8,117,138 | (169,518) | 7,947,620 | 10/09/2018 | 20/07/2043 | 2.42% |
| PWLB508485 | 18,796,618 | (117,841) | 18,678,776 | 11/02/2019 | 20/07/2068 | 2.52% |
| PWLB509840 | 8,268,870 | (179,848) | 8,089,023 | 04/09/2019 | 20/07/2044 | 1.40% |
| PWLB677322 | 4,767,232 | - | 4,767,232 | 22/11/2023 | 22/11/2038 | 4.88% |
| PWLB687799 | 4,756,280 | - | 4,756,280 | 29/12/2023 | 29/12/2038 | 4.28% |
| PWLB700594 | 9,763,755 | (241,608) | 9,522,146 | 09/02/2024 | 09/02/2039 | 4.54% |

| | Amount outstanding @ 31st December 2024 | Change in Quarter | Amount outstanding @ 31st March 2025 | | | Interest |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|------------|------------|----------|
| Lender | £ | £ | £ | Start date | End date | rate |
| KBC Bank N.V * | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 08/10/2004 | 08/10/2054 | 4.50% |
| KBC Bank N.V * | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 08/10/2004 | 08/10/2054 | 4.50% |
| Medium term | | | | | | |
| PWLB711937 | 10,000,000 | _ | 10,000,000 | 15/03/2024 | 30/04/2025 | 5.42% |
| PWLB713077 | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 20/03/2024 | 30/04/2025 | 5.37% |
| PWLB715777 | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 28/03/2024 | 30/04/2025 | 5.34% |
| West of England Combined Authority | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 26/04/2024 | 25/04/2025 | 5.25% |
| South Oxfordshire DC | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 26/04/2024 | 25/04/2025 | 5.25% |
| West of England Combined Authority | 5,000,000 | _ | 5,000,000 | 30/04/2024 | 29/04/2025 | 5.35% |
| Portsmouth C.C. | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 | 08/05/2024 | 07/05/2025 | 5.35% |
| Tunbridge Wells B.C. | 5,000,000 | _ | 5,000,000 | 14/11/2024 | 14/11/2025 | 4.85% |
| PWLB781146 | 10,000,000 | _ | 10,000,000 | 09/12/2024 | 09/12/2025 | 5.09% |
| North Yorkshire Council | _ | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 26/03/2025 | 25/03/2026 | 4.75% |
| Halton Borough Council | - | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 21/03/2025 | 20/06/2025 | 6.00% |
| Total Borrowing | 266,953,319 | 8,759,827 | 275,713,146 | | | |

^{*}All LOBO's (Lender Option / Borrower Option) have reached the end of their fixed interest period and have reverted to the variable rate of 4.50%. The lender has the option to change the interest rate at 6 monthly intervals. Should the lender use the option to change the rate, then at this point the borrower has the option to repay the loan without penalty.

The "Change in Quarter" movement on some of the PWLB loans reflects that these loans have an annuity repayment profile, so repayments of principal are made on a 6 monthly basis throughout the life of the loans.

APPENDIX 5: Arlingclose Economic & Market Review

Economic background: Both the UK and US elected new governments during the period, whose policy decisions impacted the economic outlook. The Chancellor of the Exchequer delivered her Spring Statement in March 2025, following her Budget in October 2024. Based on the plans announced, the Office for Budget Responsibility downgraded its predictions for UK growth in 2025 to 1% from 2%. However, it upgraded its predictions for the four subsequent years. Inflation predictions for 2025 were pushed up, to 3.2% from 2.6%, before seen as falling back to target in 2027. The market reaction to the Spring Statement was more muted compared to the Budget, with very recent market turbulence being driven more by US trade policy decisions and President Trump.

After revising its interest rate forecast in November following the Budget, the council's treasury management advisor, Arlingclose, maintained its stance that Bank Rate will fall to 3.75% in 2025.

UK annual Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation continued to stay above the 2% Bank of England (BoE) target in the later part of the period. The Office for National Statistics (ONS) reported headline consumer prices at 2.6% in March 2025, down from 2.8% in the previous month and below expectations. Core CPI also remained elevated, falling slightly in March to 3.4% from 3.5% in February, in line with expectations. Inflation rates are expected to rise sharply at the start of the new financial year.

The UK economy Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew by 0.7% between January and March 2025, recovering from growth of just 0.1% in the prior quarter. The annual growth rate was just 1.3% in Q4 2024/25, indicating that the UK economic backdrop remains challenging.

The labour market continued to cool, but the ONS data still require treating with caution. Recent data showed the unemployment rate rose to 4.5% (3mth/year) in the three months to February 2025 while the economic inactivity rate fell again to 21.4%. The ONS reported pay growth over the same three-month period at 5.6% for regular earnings (excluding bonuses) and 5.5% for total earnings.

The BoE's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) held Bank Rate at 4.5% at its March 2025 meeting, having reduced it in February. This follows earlier 0.25% cuts in November and August 2024 from the 5.25% peak. At the March MPC meeting, members voted 8-1 to maintain Bank Rate at 4.5%, with the one dissenter preferring another 25 basis points cut. The meeting minutes implied a slightly more hawkish tilt compared to February when two MPC members wanted a 50bps cut. In the minutes, the Bank also upgraded its Q1 2025 GDP forecast to around 0.25% from the previous estimate of 0.1%.

The February Monetary Policy Report (MPR) showed the BoE expected GDP growth in 2025 to be significantly weaker compared to the November MPR. GDP is forecast to rise by 0.1% in Q1 2025, less than the previous estimate of 0.4%. Four-quarter GDP growth is expected to pick up from the middle of 2025, to over 1.5% by the end of the forecast period. The outlook for CPI inflation showed it remaining above the MPC's 2% target

throughout 2025. It is expected to hit around 3.5% by June before peaking at 3.7% in Q3 and then easing towards the end of the year, but staying above the 2% target. The unemployment rate was expected to rise steadily to around 4.75% by the end of the forecast horizon, above the assumed medium-term equilibrium unemployment rate of 4.5%.

Arlingclose, the authority's treasury adviser, maintained its central view that Bank Rate would continue to fall throughout 2025. From the cuts in August and November 2024 and February 2025, which took Bank Rate to 4.50%, May is considered the likely month for the next reduction, with other cuts following in line with MPR months to take Bank Rate down to around 3.75% by the end of 2025.

The US Federal Reserve paused its cutting cycle in the first three months of 2025, having reduced the Fed Funds Rate by 0.25% to a range of 4.25%-4.50% in December, the third cut in succession. Fed policymakers noted uncertainty around the economic outlook but were anticipating around 0.50% of further cuts in the policy rate in 2025. Economic growth continued to rise at a reasonable pace, expanding at an annualised rate of 2.4% in Q4 2024 while inflation remained elevated over the period. However, growth is now expected to weaken by more than previously expected in 2025, to 1.7% from 2.1%. The uncertainty that President Trump has brought both before and since his inauguration in January is expected to continue.

The European Central Bank (ECB) continued its rate cutting cycle over the period, reducing its three key policy rates by another 0.25% in March, acknowledging that monetary policy is becoming meaningfully less restrictive. Euro zone inflation has decreased steadily in 2025, falling to 2.2% in March, the lowest level since November 2024. Over the current calendar year, inflation is expected to average 2.3%. GDP growth stagnated in the last quarter of the 2024 calendar year, after expanding by 0.4% in the previous quarter. For 2025, economic growth forecasts were revised downwards to 0.9%.

Financial markets: Financial market sentiment was reasonably positive over most of the period, but economic, financial and geopolitical issues meant the trend of market volatility remained. In the latter part of the period, volatility increased and bond yields started to fall following a January peak, as the economic uncertainty around likely US trade policy impacted financial markets. Yields in the UK and US started to diverge in the last month of the period, with the former rising around concerns over the fiscal implications on the UK government from weaker growth, business sentiment and higher rates, while the latter started falling on potential recession fears due to the unpredictable nature of policy announcements by the US President and their potential impact.

The 10-year UK benchmark gilt yield started the period at 3.94% and ended at 4.69%, having reached a low of 3.76% in September and a high of 4.90% in January in between. While the 20-year gilt started at 4.40% and ended at 5.22%, hitting a low of 4.27% in September and a high of 5.40% in January. The Sterling Overnight Rate (SONIA) averaged 4.90% over the period.

The period in question ended shortly before US President Donald Trump announced his package of 'reciprocal tariffs', the immediate aftermath of which saw stock prices and government bond yields falling and introduced further uncertainty over the economic outlook.

Credit review: In October, Arlingclose revised its advised recommended maximum unsecured duration limit on most banks on its counterparty list to six months. Duration advice for the remaining five institutions, including the newly added Lloyds Bank Corporate Markets, was kept to a maximum of 100 days. This advice remained in place at the end of the period.

Fitch revised the outlook on Commonwealth Bank of Australia (CBA) to positive from stable while affirming its long-term rating at AA-, citing its consistent strong earnings and profitability.

Other than CBA, the last three months of the period were relatively quiet on the bank credit rating front, with a small number of updates issued for a number of lenders not on the Arlingclose recommended counterparty list.

On local authorities, S&P assigned a BBB+ to Warrington Council, having previously withdrawn its rating earlier in 2024, and also withdrew its rating for Lancashire County Council due to the council deciding to stop maintaining a credit rating. However, it still holds a rating with Fitch and Moody's. Moody's withdrew its rating of Cornwall Council after it chose to no longer maintain a rating.

Credit default swap prices generally trended lower over the period but did start to rise modestly in March, but not to any levels considered concerning. Once again, price volatility over the period remained generally more muted compared to previous periods.

Financial market volatility is expected to remain a feature, at least in the near term and, credit default swap levels will be monitored for signs of ongoing credit stress. As ever, the institutions and durations on the Authority's counterparty list recommended by Arlingclose remain under constant review.

APPENDIX 6
Interest & Capital Financing Costs – Budget Monitoring 2024/25

| | YEAR | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|---------|--|
| April 2024 to March 2025 | Budgeted Spend or (Income) £'000 | Actual Spend or (Income) £'000 | Actual over or (under) spend £'000 | ADV/FAV | |
| Interest & Capital Financing | | | | | |
| - Debt Costs | 9,303 | 9,482 | 179 | ADV | |
| - Internal Repayment of Loan Charges | (16,725) | (16,729) | (4) | FAV | |
| - Ex Avon Debt Costs | 860 | 890 | 30 | ADV | |
| - Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) | 11,947 | 11,145 | (802) | FAV | |
| - Interest on Balances | (1,485) | (1,958) | (473) | FAV | |
| Total | 3,900 | 2,829 | (1,071) | FAV | |
| | | | | | |

APPENDIX 7

Summary Guide to Credit Ratings

| Rating | Details |
|--------|---|
| AAA | Highest credit quality – lowest expectation of default, which is unlikely to be adversely affected by foreseeable events. |
| AA | Very high credit quality - expectation of very low default risk, which is not likely to be significantly vulnerable to foreseeable events. |
| A | High credit quality - expectations of low default risk which may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic conditions than is the case for higher ratings. |
| BBB | Good credit quality - expectations of default risk are currently low but adverse business or economic conditions are more likely to impair this capacity. |
| ВВ | Speculative - indicates an elevated vulnerability to default risk, particularly in the event of adverse changes in business or economic conditions over time. |
| В | Highly speculative - indicates that material default risk is present, but a limited margin of safety remains. Capacity for continued payment is vulnerable to deterioration in the business and economic environment. |
| CCC | Substantial credit risk - default is a real possibility. |
| CC | Very high levels of credit risk - default of some kind appears probable. |
| С | Exceptionally high levels of credit risk - default is imminent or inevitable. |
| RD | Restricted default - indicates an issuer that has experienced payment default on a bond, loan, or other material financial obligation but which has not entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation, or other formal winding-up procedure, and which has not otherwise ceased operating. |
| D | Default - indicates an issuer that has entered into bankruptcy filings, administration, receivership, liquidation, or other formal winding-up procedure, or which has otherwise ceased business. |

Extract from Treasury Management Risk Register – Top Risks

| | | | Current Risk Score | | | | | Tren | d | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---|--------------------|---|---|---|-----|------|---|-----|----------------|-------------|----|----|---|
| | Risk Nr | Description | 1 | 2 | | 4 | 5 1 | 2 | | 4 5 | This Period | Periods Ago | | | |
| 1 | R06 | Inflation Risk The risk that prevailing levels of inflation cause an unexpected or unbudgeted burden on the organisation's finances, against which the organisation has failed to protect itself adequately. | L | | 3 | Н | | | M | 4 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | Lisisa with Chief Finance Officer to ensure Inflation both current and projected forms nad |
| 2 | R09 | Legal & Regulatory Risk - Changes Risk that regulatory changes are not planned for and adversely impact the Council's budget and or ability to borrow | | | | 4 | | | 3 | | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | Read, respond and calculate the impact of Local Government accounting, investment and capital financing / borrowing consultations have on treasury management. Plan for the implementation of new regulations, conditions and accounting treatment |
| 3 | R04 | Interest Rate Risk The risk that fluctuations in the levels of interest rates create an unexpected or unbudgeted burden on the organisation's finances, against which the organisation has failed to protect itself adequately | | | 3 | | | | 3 | | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | Monitor interest rates on a monthly basis and compare with budget to determine impact on Council finances and report through monthly Treasury Dashboard. Report implication of interest rate changes to Cabinet as part of quarterly Treasury Management Performance Report. Explore alternative potential investment products following new freedoms - including corporate bonds, gilts, Certificate of Deposits etc. Discussion with our treasury advisors on any new borrowing in terms of duration and timing given the current volatility in the gilt market and PWLB interest rates. |
| 4 | R07 | Refinancing Risk The risk that maturing borrowings, capital, project or partnership financings cannot be refinanced on terms that reflect the provisions made by the organisation for those refinancings, both capital and current (revenue), and/or that the terms are inconsistent with prevailing market conditions at the time. | | | 3 | | | | 3 | | 9 | 9 | 6 | 6 | When deciding on the duration of new borrowing consider existing debt maturity profile before submitting an approval to Chief Finance Officer on the new borrowing. Consult with treasury Advisor Arlingclose with regards to risks in the lending market and consider their guidance when making refinancing decisions Complete Annual PWLB certainty rate return and any other returns that provide a discounted lending rate. Maintain a relationship with at lease 2 brokers in order to ensure that the council avoids the risk of accepting terms which are not in line with prevailing market conditions. |
| 5 | | Credit & Counterparty Risk - Default Risk The risk of failure by a third party to meet its contractual obligations to the organisation under an investment, borrowing, capital, project or partnership financing, particularly as a result of the third party's diminished creditworthiness, and the resulting detrimental effect on the organisation's capital or current (revenue) resources. | | 2 | | | | | | 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | Complete annual review of Counterparty List with external advisors to feed into Treasury Management Strategy. Regular review of counterparty financial standing through use of credit ratings, credit default swap rates and national press coverage and liaison with Chief Finance Officer and external advisors to consider any issues / change in circumstances of counterparties. |
| 6 | R08 | Legal & Regulatory Risk - Acting Outside Powers The risk that the organisation itself, or a third party with which it is dealing in its treasury management activities, fails to act in accordance with its legal powers or regulatory requirements, and that the organisation suffers losses accordingly. | | 2 | | | | | | 4 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | Obtain independent review of the council's strategy and polices to ensure compliance with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations, Local Government Act and any other regulation or guidance as specified by the Secretary of State Stay on top of Government and CIPFA consultations on Treasury and Capital Financing regulations. |

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